

Application Form (Draft EIA Report)

For

Proposed Rough stone and Gravel Quarry –
0.61.0 Ha

at

S. F Nos. 543/3A in Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam
Taluk, Pudukkottai District, Tamil Nadu State

Sector No. 1(a) (Sector No. 1 as per NABET)

Category of the Project: B1 Cluster Mining

Baseline Period: January, February & March 2023

***Environmental Consultant
& Laboratory details:***
Ecotech Labs Pvt Ltd,



No 48, 2nd Main road,
South extension Ram nagar,
Pallikaranai, Chennai -
600100.

Proponent details:

Tmt.S.Azhagu,
W/o. Sanmugam,
No.2/43-A,
Thulaiyanur,
Melur Post,
Thirumayam Taluk,
Pudukkottai District
622 507

Date:

From

Tmt.S.Azhagu,
W/o. Sanmugam,
No.2/43-A, Thulaiyanur,
Melur Post, Thirumayam Taluk,
Pudukkottai District – 622 507.

To

The District Environmental Engineer

Tamilnadu Pollution Control Board,
SIPCOT Industrial Complex,
Thiruvengaivasal,
Pudukkottai - 622 002

Sir,

Sub: Request to conduct Public Hearing – Environmental Clearance for the “Tmt.S.Azhagu Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry” over a total extent of 0.61.0 Ha at S. F. Nos. 543/3A in Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District, Tamil Nadu – Reg

Ref: Letter No. SEIAA-TN/F. No. 9721/ ToR-1433/2023 Dated: 24.04.2023

Please find enclosed herewith the application of Draft EIA Report along with necessary enclosures towards seeking environmental clearance for the Tmt.S.Azhagu Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry” over a total extent of 0.61.0 Ha at S. F. Nos. 543/3A in Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District, Tamil Nadu. In this regard, we had obtained the Terms of Reference from State Environmental Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) Tamil Nadu; vide reference mentioned above for conducting EIA studies. We wish to inform that the draft EIA report complying with all the conditions mentioned in the TOR has been prepared and the copies of the same are enclosed with this letter. With reference to the above, we kindly request the TNPCB to make the necessary arrangements for **conducting the public hearing for the Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry**. With the above, we request the TNPCB to accept and process our application for conducting the Public Hearing at the earliest.

Thanking you

Yours Sincerely

Authorized Signatory

Enclosures: Draft EIA report

Tmt.S.Azhagu,
W/o. Sanmugam,
No.2/43-A, Thulaiyanur,
Melur Post, Thirumayam Taluk,
Pudukkottai District – 622 507.

UNDERTAKING

I, Tmt.S.Azhagu, undertaking that the Draft Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Report for Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry over an extent of 0.61.0 Ha at S.F.No. 543/3A Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District, Tamilnadu State under project category B1 and Schedule S.No.1(a)

TOR issued by the State Expert Appraisal Committee, TN vide Letter No. SEIAA-TN/F. No. 9721/ ToR-1433/2023 Dated: 24.04.2023.

I, hereby assure that all the information and data provided in the EIA report is accurate, true and correct and owns responsibility for the same.

Place: Pudukkottai

Date:

Yours faithfully

Tmt.S.Azhagu

Plot No.48A, 2nd Main Road,
Ram Nagar, South Extension,
Pallikarantal, Chennai - 600 100.
GST NO. 33AADCE6103A22H
PAN NO. AADCE6103A



Eco Tech Labs Pvt Ltd

Cell No. 98400 87542
Email : info@ecotechlabs.in
Website : www.ecotechlabs.in
CIN : U74900TN2014PTC094895

UNDERTAKING

I, Dr. A. Dhamodharan, Managing Director confirms that this Draft EIA Report of Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry over an extent of 0.61.0 Ha at S.F.No. 543/3A in Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District, Tamil Nadu has been prepared at M/s. Ecotech Labs Pvt. Ltd., Chennai.

I also confirm that I shall be fully accountable for any miss-leading information mentioned in this Report.

Signature:

Name: Dr. A. Dhamodharan

Designation: Managing Director

Name of the EIA Consultant Organization: M/s. Ecotech Labs Pvt Ltd., Chennai.

NABET Certificate No: NABET/EIA/2124/SA 0147

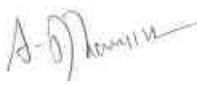
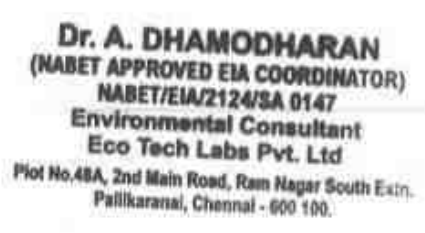
Date:

Place: Chennai

Declaration of Experts contributing to the EIA

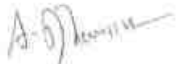
Declaration by experts contributing to the EIA report for Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry (minor mineral) mining project of “Tmt.S.Azhagu Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry” over a total extent of 0.61.0 Ha at S. F. Nos. 543/3A in Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District, Tamil Nadu.

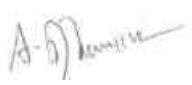
I hereby certify that I was a part of the EIA team in the following capacity that developed the above EIA.

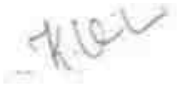
Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha
Type & Category	1 (a) Mining of Minerals
Project Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu
Environment Consultant with their Accreditation Status	M/s. Eco Tech Labs Pvt. Ltd., QCI Accredited
NABET Certificate No.	NABET/ EIA/2124/ SA 0147
EIA Coordinator Name Signature	Dr. A. Dhamodharan (Mining of Minerals)  
Period of Involvement	January to March 2023
Contact Information	M/s. Eco Tech Labs Pvt. Ltd. No. 48, 2nd Main Road, Ram Nagar South Extension Pallikaranai, Chennai - 600 100 Mobile: +91 9789906200 E-mail: dhamo@ecotechlabs.in

Functional Area Experts

The basic fact division that environment and laboratory are accredited by NABL and Ministry of Environment and Forests, India and by other international bodies, stand testimony to its emphasis.

S. No.	Functional areas	Name of the experts	Involvement (period and task)	Signature and date
1	AP	Mrs. K. Vijayalakshmi	1. Selection of Baseline Monitoring stations based on the wind direction 2. Interpretation of Baseline data by comparing it with standards prescribed by CPCB against the type of area 3. Identification of sources of air pollution and suggesting mitigation measures to minimize impact <i>Period: March 2022 – Till now</i>	
2	WP	Dr. A. Dhamodharan	1. Selection of baseline Monitoring Locations for Ground water analysis and also identifying nearest surface water to be studied. 2. Interpretation of baseline data collected 3. Identification of impacts based on the baseline study conducted and also to the ground water and nearby surface water due to the proposed project 4. Preparation of suitable and appropriate mitigation plan. <i>Period: March 2022 – Till now</i>	
3	SHW	Dr. A. Dhamodharan	1. Identification of nature of solid waste generated 2. Categorization of the generated waste and estimating the quantity of waste to be generated based on the per capita basis. Identification of impacts of SHW on Environment 3. Suggesting suitable mitigation measures by recommending appropriate disposal method for each category of waste generated 4. Top soil and refuse management <i>Period: March 2022 – Till now</i>	

4	SE	Mr. S. Pandian	1. Primary data collection through the census questionnaire 2. Obtaining Secondary data from authenticated sources and incorporating the same in EIA report. 3. Impact assessment & proposing suitable mitigation plan 4. CSR budget allocation by discussing with the local body and allotting the same for need based activity. Period: March 2022 – Till now *INVOLVES PUBLIC HEARING	
5	EB	Dr. A. Dhamodharan	1. Primary data collection through field survey and sheet observation for ecology and biodiversity 2. Secondary Collection through various authenticated sources 3. Prediction of anticipated impacts and suggesting appropriate mitigation measures. Period: March 2022 – Till now	
6	HG	Dr. T. P. Natesan	1. Study of existing surface drainage arrangements in the core and buffer zone, impact due to mining on these drainage courses and suggestion of mitigative measures 2. Determination of groundwater use pattern, development of rainwater harvesting program. Storm water management through garland drainage system. Period: March 2022 – Till now	
7	GEO	Dr. T. P. Natesan	1. Field survey for assessing regional and local geology, aquifer distribution, Determination of groundwater use pattern, development of rainwater harvesting program. Period: March 2022 – Till now	
8	SC	Dr. A. Dhamodharan	1. Interpretation of baseline report 2. Identification of possible impacts on soil, prediction of soil conservation and suggesting suitable mitigation measures. Period: March 2022 – Till now	

9	AQ	Mrs. K. Vijayalakshmi	1. Collection of Meteorological data for the baseline study period 2. Plotting wind rose plot and thereby selecting the monitoring locations based on the wind pattern 3. Estimation of sources of air emissions and air quality modeling is done 4. Interpretation of the results obtained 5. Identification of the impacts and suggesting suitable mitigation measures. Period: March 2022 – Till now	
10	NV	Mrs. K. Vijayalakshmi	1. Selection of monitoring locations 2. Interpretation of baseline data 3. Prediction of impacts due to noise pollution and suggestion of appropriate mitigation measures Period: May 2022 – Till now	
11	LU	Dr. T. P. Natesan	1. Collection of Remote sensing satellite data to study the land use pattern. 2. Primary field survey and limited field verification for land categorization in the study area 3. Preparation of Land use map using Satellite data for 10km radius around the project site. Period: March 2022 – Till now	
12	RH	Mrs. K. Vijayalakshmi	1. Identification of the risk 2. Interpreting consequence contours 3. Suggesting risk mitigation measures Period: March 2022 – Till now	

Declaration by the Head of the accredited consultant organization/ authorized person

I, Dr. A. Dhamodharan, hereby confirm that the above-mentioned experts prepared the EIA report of mining project at S.F.No. 543/3A in Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District, Tamil Nadu

I also confirm that the consultant organization shall be fully accountable for any misleading information mentioned in this statement.

Signature:



Name: Dr.A.Dhamodharan

Designation: Managing Director

Name of the EIA consultant organization: M/s. Eco Tech Labs Private Limited

NABET Certificate No: NABET/ EIA/2124/ SA 0147

Project	<i>New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	<i>Draft EIA Report</i>
Project Proponent	<i>Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	
Project Location	<i>Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District</i>	

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<i>Project Proponent</i>	<i>Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	
<i>Project Location</i>	<i>Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District</i>	

Abbreviation

LU –Land use

AP – Air Pollution monitoring, prevention and control

AQ- Meteorology, Air quality modeling and prediction

WP – Water pollution monitoring, prevention and control

EB- Ecology and Biodiversity

NV- Noise & Vibration

SE- Socio-economics

HG- Hydrology, ground water and water conservation

GEO –Geology

RH – Risk assessment and hazards management

SHW –Solid and Hazardous waste management

SC- Soil conservation

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1. Project Background:

The New Rough Stone Quarry over an extent of 0.61.0 Ha, Patta land (Consent registered) S.F.No: 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District. The category of the project is B1 (cluster), The lease applied area is exhibits Plain terrain topography covered by gravel and rough stone formation and does not sustain any type of vegetation.

The quarry operation is proposed to carry out with conventional open cast mechanized mining with 5.0 meter vertical bench with a bench width of 5.0meter. The Quarry operation involves shallow jack hammer drilling, slurry blasting, loading and transportation.

The quarry operation is proposed up to depth for 13.0m (Max) (Topsoil 3.0m & Rough stone 10.0m). The Total Geological reserve is about 18,522m³ of Gravel and 4,01,310m³ of Rough Stone. The Mineable Reserves are 11,118m³ of Gravel and 25,250m³ of Rough stone. Production schedule is proposed an average production of 11,118m³ of Gravel and 25,250m³ of rough stone for (Sixty months) Five years only.

The mining plan was approved by Geology and Mining department of Pudukkottai district letter vide no. Rc.No.580/2022 (G&M) Mines dated 15.11.2022 from the date of execution lease dead. The project area does not fall in Hill Area Conservation Authority region. There is no interstate boundaries, CRZ zone, Western Ghats, notified Bird sanctuaries, wildlife sanctuaries as per Wildlife protection Act 1972, within the radius of 15Km.

2. Nature & Size of the Project

The New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry over an extent of 0.61.0 Hectares land is located Thulaiyanur Village of Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.

Mineral intends to quarry : Rough stone and Gravel.

District : Pudukkottai

Taluk : Thirumayam

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Village : Thulaiyanur
S. F. Nos. : 543/3A
Extent : 0.61.0 Hectares

Table 1: Brief Description of the Project

S. No	Particulars	Details
1	Latitude	10°12'32.75"N to 10°12'35.37"N
2	Longitude	78°42'32.49"E to 78°42'36.83"E
3	Site Elevation above MSL	118.0m above MSL.
4	Topography	Plain terrain
5	Land use of the site	Patta land (Consent registered)
6	Extent of lease area	0.61.0 Ha
7	Nearest highway	NH 36 – Manamadurai to Thanjavur Road – 0.77 Km - SE SH 201 – Namanasamudram to Ponnammravathi Road – 11.94 Km - SW
8	Nearest railway station	Thirumayam Railway Station – 6.40 km - NE
9	Nearest airport	Tiruchirapalli International Airport – 60.75 km - N
10	Nearest town / city	Town - Thirumayam – 5.10 km - NE City - Pudukkottai – 20.04 km - NE District - Pudukkottai – 20.04 km - NE
11	Rivers / Canal	Nil within 15km radius
12	Lake/Pond	❖ Kothai Kanmai – 180m – NE ❖ Melaparali Kanmai – 200m – SE ❖ Valayan Kanmai – 470m – NW ❖ Ammapatti Pudukanmai – 350m - S ❖ Olaikudipatti Lake – 5.27 Km – NE ❖ Oonaiyur Big Tank – 6.17 Km - E ❖ Vinayakar Temple Pond – 2.65 Km – NW ❖ Vengai Lake – 5.68 Km – NE ❖ Aalathikkanmai – 7.83 Km – S ❖ Vadakudipatty Kanmai – 7.53 Km – SE ❖ Thenkudi Irrigation Tank – 7.78 Km – SE

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		❖ Thiruvallakanmai – 8.84 Km – NW ❖ Palaiya Athangudi Kanmai – 4.35 Km - S
13	Hills / valleys	Nil in 15 km radius
14	Archaeologically places	❖ Stone and Brick Fort - Thirumayam – 6.21 Km – NE ❖ Rock-cut Siva Temple (Satyagiriswara shrine) – Thirumayam – 6.19 Km - NE ❖ Rock-cut Vishnu Temple (Satyamurti shrine) – Thirumayam – 6.30 Km - NE ❖ Jain Tirthangara Idol – Kannangaraikudi – 10.19 Km – E ❖ Rock-cut Temples with inscriptions, Kunnakudi – 10.57 Km – S
15	National parks / Wildlife Sanctuaries	❖ Vettanhgudi Birds Sanctuary – 24.25 Km - SW
16	Reserved / Protected Forests	❖ Thulaiyanur RF – 1.412 Km - SWW
17	Seismicity	Proposed Lease area come under Seismic zone-II (Moderate risk area)

3. Need for the Project

- ❖ The mining activities as proposed are the backbone of all construction and infrastructure projects as the raw material for construction is available only from such mining. The Rough stone extracted will be transported to be Stone crusher of district Pudukkottai.
- ❖ The raw Rough stone as well as the crushed material of stone is in high demand in real estate, construction projects as well as in building construction projects.
- ❖ Rough stone is quarried for producing crusher aggregates to the nearby building contractors, road contractors and nearby villagers.
- ❖ After quarrying the entire reserves mined out, the area will be used as water reservoir to have an artificial recharge to the nearby wells.
- ❖ No damage to the land is caused, no reclamation or back filling is required.

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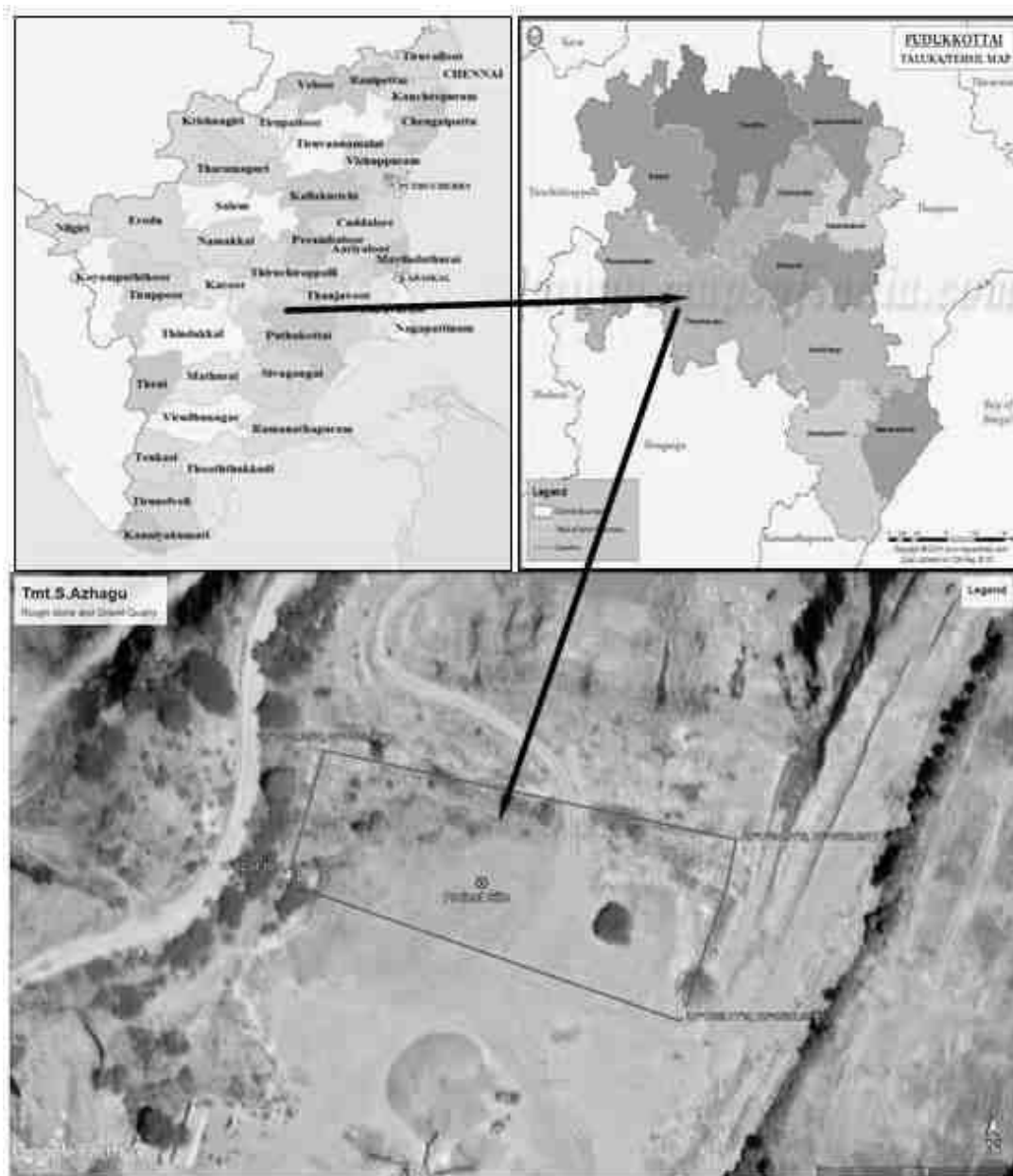


Figure 1: Location Map of the Project Site

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
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Figure 2: Google Image of the Project Site

4. Charnockite

Generally, the Charnockite is grey to greenish colored, coarse to medium grained, greasy nature with or without garnet. Because of the limited outcrops, the quarry sections are studied to infer the various interrelationships between the litho units. Charnockite is interbanded nature with crystalline carbonate rocks are observed in most of the quarry in the areas of Kunnandavarkoil, Thirumayam, Thirumayam, Weathering of the Charnockite on the surface gives a deceptive look of gneiss and in the quarry sections at depth the fresh charnockite is exposed, which are well exemplified in almost all the Charnockite quarry sections.

5. Geological Resources

The Geological Resources is estimated as 4,01,310m³ of Rough stone & 18,522m³ Gravel up to a depth of 68.0m (3.0m Gravel & 65m Rough stone).

Table 2. Geological resources

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GEOLOGICAL RESOURCES						
Section	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Volume m³	Geological Resources of Gravel in m³	Geological Resources of Rough stone in m³
XY-AB	126	49	3	18522	18522	
	126	49	65	401310		401310
TOTAL					18522	401310

Table 2.1 Mineable Resources

MINEABLE RESERVES							
Section	Bench	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	Volume in m³	Gravel Formation in m³	Mineable Reserves of Rough stone in m³
XY-AB	118-115	109	34	3	11118	11118	
	115-110	105	30	5	15750		15750
	110-105	95	20	5	9500		9500
	105-100	85	10	5	4250		4250
GRAND TOTAL						11118	29500

Table 3. Year wise Production Plan

YEARWISE DEVELOPMENT & PRODUCTION RESERVES								
Year	Section	Bench	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	Volume in m³	Gravel Formation in m³	Recoverable Reserves of Rough stone in m³
I	XY-AB	118-115	109	17	3	5559	5559	
		115-110	105	12	5	6300		6300
TOTAL							5559	6300
II	XY-AB	118-115	109	17	3	5559	5559	
		115-110	105	12	5	6300		6300
TOTAL							5559	6300
III	XY-AB	115-110	105	6	5	3150		3150
		110-105	95	6	5	2850		2850

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TOTAL								6000
IV	XY-AB	110-105	95	14	5	6650		6650
TOTAL								6650
GRAND TOTAL							11118	25,250

6. Mining

Opencast mining

The quarry operation is proposed to carry out with conventional open cast mechanized mining with 5.0meter vertical bench with a bench width of 5.0 meter. The Quarry operation involves shallow jack hammer drilling, slurry blasting, loading and transportation.

Process Description

- The reserves and resource are arrived based upon the Geological investigation.
- Removal of Topsoil by Excavators and directly Loaded into Tippers.
- Removal of Rough Stone by Excavators by Drilling and Blasting.
- Shallow Drilling With Jackhammer of 32mm Dia.
- Minimum Blasting With Class 3 Explosives.
- Loading of Rough Stone By Excavators Into Tippers.

7. Water Requirement

Total water requirement for the mining project is 2.5 KLD. Domestic water will be sourced from nearby Thuaiyanur Village and other water will be source from nearby road tankers supply.

Table 4. Water Balance

Purpose	Quantity	Sources
Drinking Water	1.0 KLD	Packaged Drinking water vendors available in Thuaiyanur village which is about 1.37 km NNW from the project site.
Green belt	0.5 KLD	Other domestic activities through road tankers supply
Dust suppression	0.5 KLD	From road tankers supply
Total	2.0 KLD	

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8. Manpower

Total manpower required for the project is approximately 18 persons. Workers will be from nearby villages.

Table 5. Man Power

1.	Skilled	Operators	3 Nos
2.	Semi – skilled	Drivers	3 Nos
3.	Unskilled	Musdoor/Labours Cleaners & Office Boy	8 Nos
4.	Management & Supervisory staff (Second Class Mines Manager, Mines Foreman, Mines Mate and Blaster)		4 Nos
Total			18 Nos

No child less than 18 years will be entertained during quarrying operations.

9. Solid Waste Management

Table 6 Solid Waste Management

S. No	Type	Quantity	Disposal Method
1	Organic	3.24 kg/day	Municipal bin including food waste
2	Inorganic	4.86 kg/day	TNPCB authorized recyclers

As per CPCB guidelines: MSW per capita/day =0.45 kg/day

Table 7 500m Radius Cluster Mine

1) Existing other quarries:

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S. No.	Name of the lessee / Permit Holder	Village & Taluk	S. F. No.	Extent	Lease Period
1.	Thiru.S.Ramaiah, S/o.Sangarapillai, Thulaiyanur village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	409 (Q.No.2)	0.72.0	14.11.2018 to 13.11.2023
2.	Thiru.S.Ramaiah, S/o.Sangarapillai, Thulaiyanur village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	409 (Q.No.3)	0.70.0	14.11.2018 to 13.11.2023
3.	M/s.Eswar Enterprises, No.1, Nakkeerar street, Karaikudi, Sivagangai Dt	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	409 (Q.No.4)	0.67.0	21.02.2020 to 20.02.2025

2) Proposed Area:

S. No.	Name of the applicant	Village & Taluk	S. F. No.	Extent
1.	Tmt.S.Azhagu, W/o.Sanmugam, No:2/43-A, Thulaiyanur, Thulaiyanur Post, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai Dt.	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	543/3A	0.61.0
2.	Thiru.A.Chinniah, S/o.Alagappan, No.217, Thulaiyanur, Thiurmayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	407/2	0.75.5

3) Lease Expired:

S. No.	Name of the lessee/ Permit Holder	Village & Taluk	S. F. No.	Extent	Lease Period
1.	R.M.Subbiah	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	543 (pt)	1.21.5	23.01.2014 to 22.0012.2019
2.	Tmt.C.Chitra, W/o. AL.Chinniah,	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	407/2 (Part)	0.70.0	20.09.2011 to 19.09.2016
3.	Valaiyanvayal Grama Kalludaikum Thozhilalargal Nala Sangam, Valaiyanvayal.	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	432/2 (Q.No.1) (Govt Land)	0.40.0	30.10.2017 to 29.10.2022

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4.	Thiru.K.Ramaiah	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	409 (Part)	1.20.0	30.08.2017 to 29.08.2022
5.	Thiru.K.Subbiah	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	432/2 (P) (Q.No.1) (N) (Govt. Land)	0.50.0	20.01.2017 to 19.01.2022

The Total extent of the Existing / Lease expired / Proposed quarries are 5.45.5 Ha.

10. Land Requirement

The total extent area of the project is 0.61.0 Ha, Own Patta land in Thulaiyanur Village of Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.

Table 8 Land Use Breakup

S. No.	Land Use	Present Area (Hect)	Area in use during the quarrying period (Hect)
1.	Quarrying Pit	Nil	0.36.0
2.	Infrastructure	Nil	0.02.0
3.	Roads	Nil	0.02.0
4.	Green Belt	Nil	0.20.9
5.	Unutilized Area	0.61.0	0.00.1
	Total	0.61.0 Ha	0.61.0 Ha

11. Human Settlement

There are no habitations within a 500m radius. There are villages located in this area within 5km radius of the quarry.

Table 9 Habitation

SL. NO.	DIRECTION	VILLAGE	DISTANCE	POPULATION
1	E	Parali	0.92 Km	260
2	SSW	Vengalur	2.17 Km	150
3	W	Valayanvayal	0.88 Km	280
4	NNW	Thulaiyanur	1.37 Km	350

12. Power Requirement

The Rough Stone Quarry project does not require huge water and electricity for the project.

16 Litre diesel per hour for excavator for mining and loading for Rough stone needed.

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13. Scope of the Baseline Study

This chapter contains information on existing environmental scenario on the following parameters.

1. Micro – Meteorology
2. Water Environment
3. Air Environment
4. Noise Environment
5. Soil / Land Environment
6. Biological Environment
7. Socio-economic Environment

13.1 Micro – Meteorology

Meteorology plays a vital role in affecting the dispersion of pollutants, once discharged into the atmosphere. Since meteorological factors show wide fluctuations with time, meaningful interpretation can be drawn only from long-term reliable data.

- i) Average Minimum Temperature : 33.7 °C
- ii) Average Maximum Temperature. : 24 °C
- iii) Average Annual Rainfall of the area : 922.8 mm

13.2 Air Environment

Ambient air monitoring was carried out on monthly basis in the surrounding areas of the Mine Lease area to assess the ambient air quality at the source. To know the ambient air quality at a larger distance i.e., in the study area of 5 km. radius, air quality survey has been conducted at 5 locations. Major air pollutants like Particulate Matter (PM₁₀), Sulphur Dioxide (SO₂), Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂) were monitored and the results are summarized below.

The baseline levels of PM₁₀ (67 – 41 µg/m³), PM_{2.5} (34 - 16 µg/m³), SO₂ (21 – 6 µg/m³), NO₂ (41 -11 µg/m³), all the parameters are well within the standards prescribed by National Ambient Air Quality during the study period from January to March 2023.

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13.3 Noise Environment

Ambient noise levels were measured at 5 locations around the proposed project site. The maximum Day noise and Night noise were found to be 65 dB(A) and 53 dB(A) respectively in S.M.S.Hr.Sec.School, Kilasevalpatti. The minimum Day Noise and Night noise were 57 dB(A) and 38 dB(A) respectively which was observed in Project Site.

13.4 Water Environment

- The average pH ranges from 6.81 - 7.99.
- TDS value varied from 392 mg/l to 784 mg/l
- Hardness varied from 188 to 357 mg/l
- Chloride varied from 25.4 to 182 mg/l

13.5 Land Environment

The analysis results shows that the majority of soil in the project and surrounding area is slightly alkaline in nature and pH value ranges from 6.77 to 7.43 with organic matter 0.12 % to 2.51 %. The concentration of Nitrogen, Phosphorus & Potassium has been found to be in good amount in the soil samples.

13.6 Biological Environment

The proposed Mining lease area is mostly dry barren ground with small shrubs and bushes. No specific endangered flora & fauna exist within the mining lease area.

14. Rehabilitation/ Resettlement

- The overall land of the mine is private patta land. There are no displacement of the population within the project area and adjacent nearby area. Social development of nearby villages will be considered in this project.
- The mine area does not cover any habitation. Hence the mining activity does not involve any displacement of human settlement.

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15. Greenbelt Development

1. The development of greenbelt in the peripheral buffer zone of the mine area.
2. Green belt has been recommended as one of the major component of Environmental Management Plan, which will improve ecology, environment and quality of the surrounding area.
3. Local trees like Neem, Pungam, Naval etc will be planted along the lease boundary and avenues as well as over Non-active dumps at a rate of 61 trees per annum with interval 5m.
4. The rate of survival expected to be 80% in this area

Table.10 Plantation/ Afforestation Program

Year	Name of species	Place of planted	No of species	Spacing	Survival
2024	Neem, Pungam, Poovarasu	North	61	5m	80%
2025	Naval, Mantharai, Arasa Maram	South	61	5m	80%
2026	Magizham, Vilvam, Vaagai, Marudha maram	East	61	5m	80%
2027	Usil, Aaththi, Panai	South	61	5m	80%
2028	Illuppai, Eachai, Vanni maram	West	61	5m	80%
Total			305		

16. Anticipated Environmental Impacts

16.1 Air Environment and Mitigation Measures

1. Water sprinkling will be done on the roads & unpaved roads.
2. Proper mitigation measures like water sprinkling will be adopted to control dust emissions.
3. Plantation will be carried out on approach roads, solid waste site & nearby mine premises.
4. To control the emissions regular preventive maintenance of equipments will be carried out.

16.2 Noise Environment and Mitigation Measures

1. Periodical monitoring of ambient noise will be done as per CPCB guidelines.
2. No other equipment except the transportation vehicles and excavator for loading will be allowed.

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3. Noise generated by these equipments shall be intermittent and does not cause much adverse impact

17. Responsibilities for Environmental Management Cell (EMC)

The responsibilities of the EMC include the following:

- i. Environmental Monitoring of the surrounding area
- ii. Developing the green belt/Plantation
- iii. Ensuring minimal use of water
- iv. Proper implementation of pollution control measures

18. Environmental Monitoring Program

A monitoring schedule with respect to Ambient Air Quality, Water & Wastewater Quality, Noise Quality as per Tamil Nadu State Pollution Control Board (TNPCB), shall be maintained.

19. Project Cost

The total project cost is **Rs. 30,38,000/-** for deployment of machinery and creation of infrastructural facilities like approach road, Mine office / Workers Shed, First Aid Room etc., including electrifications and water supply.

Table .11 Project Cost details

S. No.	Description	Cost
1	Fixed Asset cost	10,38,000
2	Expenditure Cost	20,00,000
	Total	30,38,000

Environmental Management Plan Cost – 25,26,525/-

20. Corporate Environmental Responsibility

The Corporate Environment Responsibility (CER) fund will be provided to the below activity.

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Table 12 CER Cost

S.No.	CER Activity	CER Cost (Rs.)
1.	Government High School, Thulaiyanur – Provision of ➤ Levelling the floor inside the school perimeter and Playground by using gravel materials, ➤ Environmental books for library (in Tamil language), ➤ Greenbelt facilities and ➤ Basic amenities such as safe drinking water, furniture, Hygienic Toilet and maintenance of toilet upto lease period.	5,00,000

21. Benefits of the Project

- There is positive impact on socio-economics of people living in the villages. Mining operations in the subject area has positive impact by providing direct and indirect jobs opportunities.
- The project is environmentally compatible, financially viable and would be in the interest of construction industry thereby indirectly benefiting the masses.
- Quarrying in this area is not going to have any negative impact on the social or cultural life of the villagers in the near vicinity.

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1 Introduction

1.1 Preamble

Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) is a process used to identify the environmental, social & economic impacts of a project prior to decision making. It aims to predict environmental impacts at an early stage of project planning and design, find ways and means to reduce adverse impacts, shape projects to suit the local environment and present the prediction options to the proponent. By using EIA, both environmental & economic benefits can be achieved. By considering environmental effects - prediction & mitigation, early benefits in project planning, protection of the environment, optimum utilization of resources, thus saving overall time & cost of the project.

1.2 General Information on Mining of Minerals

Minerals of Economic importance found in Pudukkottai District are mainly Multicolour Granite, Rough Stone, Red soil, Gravel, Savudu, Pebbles with traces of occurrence of Quartz and Feldspar. Mining activities based on these minerals are very less. However, numerous Rough Stone quarries are under operation for production of construction materials in the areas of Kunnandavarkoil, Thirumayam, Thirumayam in the district.

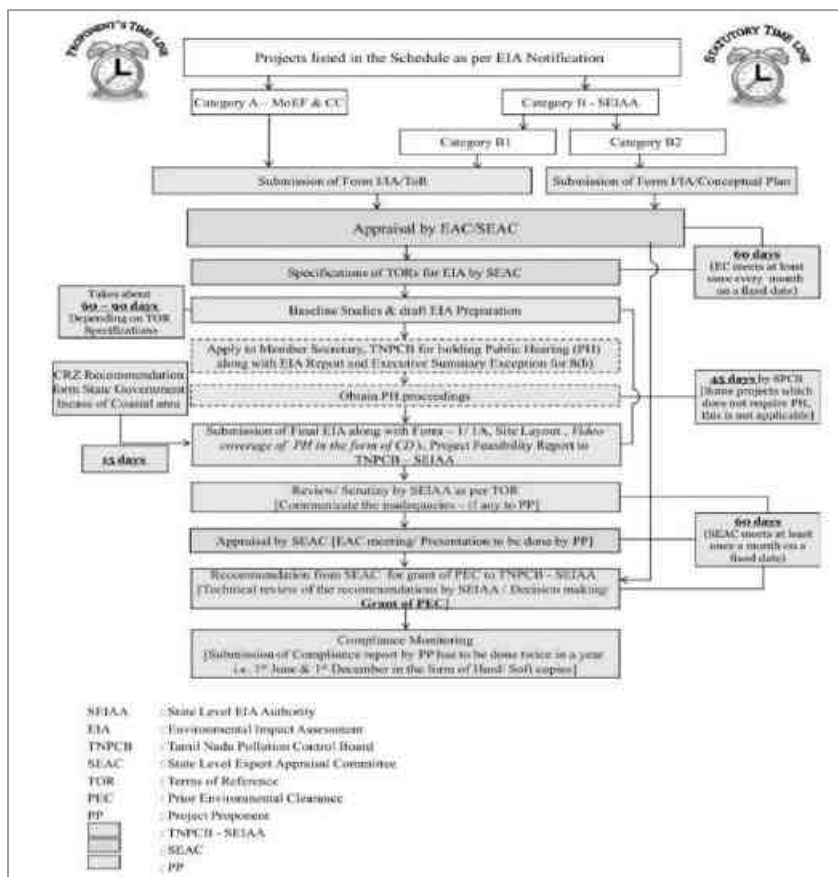
Gneiss rocks are found in the western part of Pudukkottai District. Charnockites and granites rocks are mostly found in the central part including the blocks of Kunnandarkoil, Thirumayam and the southern parts of Pudukkottai Block. The various types of Gneiss rocks are found in the western part of the study area, consisting of the blocks of Viralimalai, Annavasal and Ponamaravathy. Quartzite deposits are found in small quantities in some parts of Annavasal and Thirumayam Blocks. In the Blocks of Thirumayam, Thirumayam and parts of Pudukkottai crystalline rocks are found.

1.3 Environmental Clearance

As per EIA Notification, 2006 and its subsequent amendments (O.M vide No.F.No.L- 11011/175/2018-IA-II(M) Govt of India MOEF&CC on December 12th 2018) project comes under category B1 cluster & schedule 1(a) under item 1

The proposed project is categorized under Category “B1” 1(a) (Cluster) - {Mining of Minerals} as the 500m radius area is more than 5 Ha including the mine lease area. Hence, the project will be considered at SEAC, Tamil Nadu.

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu	
Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District	



1.4 Terms of Reference (ToR)

The terms of Reference have been issued by SEAC TN vide Letter No. SEIAA-TN/F. No. 9721/ToR-1433/2023 Dated: 24.04.2023. 44 additional ToR points were recommended by SEAC TN in addition to the Standard ToR Points. The replies for the same were addressed in this report.

1.5 Post Environmental Clearance Monitoring

1.5.1 Methodology adopted

Post project monitoring will be carried out as per conditions stipulated in environmental clearance letter issued by SEIAA, consent issued by SPCB as well as according to CPCB guidelines. The lease area is considered as core zone and the area lying within 10 km radius from the lease boundary is considered as buffer zone, where some impacts may be observed on physical and biological environment. In the buffer zone slight impact may be observed and that too is occasional.

Project	<i>New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	<i>Draft EIA Report</i>
Project Proponent	<i>Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	
Project Location	<i>Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District</i>	

Table 1-1: Post Environmental Clearance Monitoring

S. No.	Description	Frequency of Monitoring
1.	Ambient Air Quality Monitoring	Quarterly/ Half Yearly
2.	Water level & Quality Monitoring	Quarterly/ Half Yearly
3.	Noise Level Monitoring	Quarterly/ Half Yearly
4.	Soil Quality Monitoring	Yearly
5.	Medical Check-up	Yearly

1.6 Generic Structure of the EIA Document

Chapter 1: Introduction. This chapter contains general information on the mining of minerals, major sources of environmental impacts in respect of mining projects and details of environmental clearance process.

Chapter 2: Project Description. In this chapter the proponent should also furnish detailed description of the proposed project, such as the type of the project, need for the project, project location, layout, project activities during construction and operational phases, capacity of the project, project operation i.e., land availability, utilities (power and water supply) and infrastructure facilities such as roads, railways, housing and other requirements. If the project site is near a sensitive area it is to be mentioned clearly why an alternative site could not be considered. The project implementation schedule estimated cost of development as well as operation etc should be also included.

Chapter 3: Analysis of Alternatives (Technology and Site). This chapter gives details of various alternatives both in respect of location of site and technologies to be deployed, in case the initial scoping exercise considers such a need.

Chapter 4: Description of Environment. This chapter should cover baseline data in the project area and study area.

Chapter 5: Impact Analysis and mitigation measures. This chapter describes the anticipated impacts on the environment and mitigation measures. The method of assessment of impacts including studies carried out, modelling techniques adopted to assess the impacts where pertinent should be elaborated in this chapter. It should give the details of the impacts on the baseline parameters, both during the construction and operational phases and suggests the mitigation measures to be implemented by the proponent.

Project	<i>New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	<i>Draft EIA Report</i>
Project Proponent	<i>Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	
Project Location	<i>Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District</i>	

Chapter 6: Environmental Monitoring Program. This chapter should cover the planned environmental monitoring program. It should also include the technical aspects of monitoring the effectiveness of mitigation measures.

Chapter 7: Additional Studies. This chapter should cover the details of the additional studies required in addition to those specified in the ToR and which are necessary to cater to more specific issues applicable to the particular project.

Chapter 8: Project Benefits. This chapter should cover the benefits accruing to the locality, neighbourhood, region and nation as a whole. It should bring out details of benefits by way of improvements in the physical infrastructure, social infrastructure, employment potential and other tangible benefits.

Chapter 9: Environmental Cost Benefit Analysis. This chapter should cover on Environmental Cost Benefit Analysis of the project.

Chapter 10: Environmental Management Plan. This chapter should comprehensively present the Environmental Management Plan (EMP), which includes the administrative and technical setup, summary matrix of EMP, the cost involved to implement the EMP, both during the construction and operational phase and provisions made towards the same in the cost estimates of project construction and operation. This chapter should also describe the proposed post-monitoring scheme as well as inter-organizational arrangements for effective implementation of the mitigation measures.

Chapter 11: Summary and Conclusions. This chapter gives the summary of the full EIA report condensed to ten A-4 size pages at the maximum. It should provide the overall justification for implementation of the project and should explain how the adverse effects have been mitigated.

Chapter 12: Disclosure of Consultants. This chapter should include the names of the consultants engaged with their brief resume and the nature of consultancy rendered.

1.7 Details of Project Proponent

Project Proponent : Tmt.S.Azhagu
Status of the Proponent : Private & Individual
Proponent's Name & Address : W/o. Sanmugam,
2/43A, Thulaiyanur, Thulaiyanur Post,
Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District – 622 507.

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu	
Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District	

1.8 Brief Description of the Project

1.8.1 Project Nature, Size & Location

As per EIA Notification, 2006 and its subsequent amendments (O.M vide No.F.No.L - 11011/175/2018-IA-II(M) Govt of India MOEF&CC on December 12th, 2018) project comes under category B1 cluster & schedule 1(a) under item 1.

Proposed proposal pertains to rough stone mining project by semi mechanized open cast method on allotted mine lease area at Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk of Pudukkottai District, Tamil Nadu. It is a plain terrain. The total allotted mine lease for the proposed project is 0.61.0 Ha with their maximum production capacity i.e., 25,250m³ of Rough stone and 11,118m³ of Gravel for (Sixty months) Five years only.

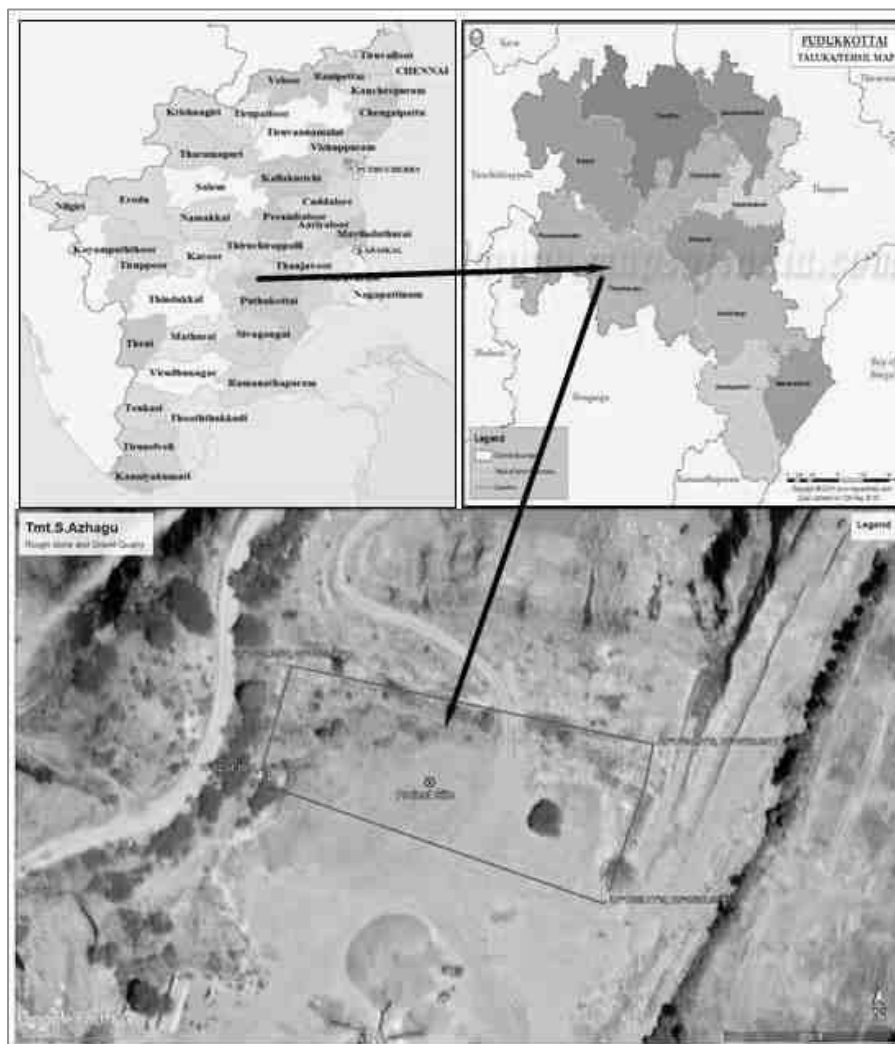


Figure 1-1: Location Map of the Project site

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu	
Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	

2 Project Description

This chapter furnishes detailed description of the proposed project, such as the type of the project, need for the project, project location, layout, project activities during mining, capacity of the project, project operation i.e., land availability, utilities (power and water supply) and infrastructure facilities such as roads, railways, housing and other requirements. The project implementation schedule estimated cost for carrying out entire mining activity is included.

2.1 General

Proposed proposal pertains to rough stone and gravel mining project by open cast mechanized method on allotted mine lease area at Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk of Pudukkottai District, Tamil Nadu. It is a plain terrain. We have obtained fresh mining plan from 2023 to 2028 from Department of Geology and Mining, Pudukkottai District for 0.61.0 Ha land area in the S.F.Nos. 543/3A for a proposed mining depth of 8.0m below ground level and five years production of 25,250m³ of Rough Stone and 11,118m³ of Gravel.

Type of the project:

As per EIA Notification, 2006 and its subsequent amendments (O.M vide No.F.No. L-11011/175/2018-IA-II(M) Govt of India MOEF&CC on December 12th, 2018) project comes under category B1 cluster & schedule 1(a) under item 1. The project required to be appraised at state level by State Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Tamil Nadu. Environment Clearance study will involve preparation of draft EIA report on the basis of baseline & impact assessment study is carried out. Also, before appraisal, under 7(III) of EIA notification 2006, the project involves the Public Consultation and the same will be conducted under SPCB (TN) in Pudukkottai District. The proceedings of the same will be incorporated in the Final EIA Report.

The mines within 500m radius from the project site is listed below.

Table 2-1: Quarry within 500m Radius

Table 7 500m Radius Cluster Mine

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu	
Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	

1) Existing other quarries:

S. No.	Name of the lessee / Permit Holder	Village & Taluk	S. F. No.	Extent	Lease Period
1.	Thiru.S.Ramaiah, S/o.Sangarapillai, Thulaiyanur village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	409 (Q.No.2)	0.72.0	14.11.2018 to 13.11.2023
2.	Thiru.S.Ramaiah, S/o.Sangarapillai, Thulaiyanur village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	409 (Q.No.3)	0.70.0	14.11.2018 to 13.11.2023
3.	M/s.Eswar Enterprises, No.1, Nakkeerar street, Karaikudi, Sivagangai Dt	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	409 (Q.No.4)	0.67.0	21.02.2020 to 20.02.2025

2) Proposed Area:

S. No.	Name of the applicant	Village & Taluk	S. F. No.	Extent
1.	Tmt.S.Azhagu, W/o.Sanmugam, No:2/43-A, Thulaiyanur, Thulaiyanur Post, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai Dt.	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	543/3A	0.61.0
2.	Thiru.A.Chinniah, S/o.Alagappan, No.217, Thulaiyanur, Thiurmayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	407/2	0.75.5

3) Lease Expired:

S. No.	Name of the lessee/ Permit Holder	Village & Taluk	S. F. No.	Extent	Lease Period
1.	R.M.Subbiah	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	543 (pt)	1.21.5	23.01.2014 to 22.0012.2019
2.	Tmt.C.Chitra, W/o. AL.Chinniah,	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	407/2 (Part)	0.70.0	20.09.2011 to 19.09.2016
3.	Valaiyanvayal Grama Kalludaikum	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	432/2 (Q.No.1) (Govt Land)	0.40.0	30.10.2017 to 29.10.2022

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
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	Thozhilalargal Nala Sangam, Valaiyanvayal.				
4.	Thiru.K.Ramaiah	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	409 (Part)	1.20.0	30.08.2017 to 29.08.2022
5.	Thiru.K.Subbiah	Thulaiyanur & Thiurmayam	432/2 (P) (Q.No.1) (N) (Govt. Land)	0.50.0	20.01.2017 to 19.01.2022

The Total extent of the Existing / Lease expired / Proposed quarries are 5.45.5 Ha.

2.1.1 Need for the project:

The said project plays a significant role in the domestic as well as infrastructural market. To achieve a huge infrastructure being envisaged by Government of India, particularly in road and housing sector, there is a need for basic building materials, the rough stone form the primary building material.

Rough stone is one of the most valuable natural building materials. Aggregates are mostly used for building roads and footpaths. Aggregates – stone used for its strong physical properties – crushed and sorted into various sizes for use in concrete, coated with bitumen to make asphalt or used 'dry' as bulk fill in construction. Mostly used in roads, concrete and building products. Aggregates represent about 98% of quarry output, most of which is used in road construction, maintenance and repair. Much of this goes to the production of asphalt; the remainder is used 'dry' without the addition of other materials to provide a sturdy base for roads.

Since Pudukkottai, a city known for its small-scale industries and also the soil in the area near project site is not very fertile making it unsuitable for carrying out agricultural activities. The topography near the project area is dry lands showing only less chance for crop growth and development of vegetation. Rocks and minerals of economic importance found to occur in Pudukkottai District are Multicolour Granite, Rough Stone, Red soil, Gravel, Savudu, Pebbles with traces of occurrence of Quartz and Feldspar. As a result of developmental activities and market demand for minor minerals, mining of minor mineral is vital. In addition to that, geological reserves of rough stone is abundant in the project area which is evident from the mine activities carried out in the nearby sites.

2.2 Brief Description of the project

<i>Project</i>	<i>New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	<i>Draft EIA Report</i>
<i>Project Proponent</i>	<i>Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	
<i>Project Location</i>	<i>Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.</i>	

Table 2-2 Salient Features of the Project

S. No.	Description	Details
1	Project Name	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry
2	Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu
3	Mining Lease Area Extent	0.61.0 Ha
4	Location	S.F. Nos. 543/3A Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.
5	Latitude	10°12'32.75"N to 10°12'35.37"N
6	Longitude	78°42'32.49"E to 78°42'36.83"E
7	Topography	Plain terrain
8	Site Elevation above MSL	≈118.0m above MSL.
9	Topo sheet No.	58-J/12
10	Minerals of Mine	Rough Stone and Gravel
11	Proposed production of Mine	Proposed capacity of Rough stone: 25,250 m ³ and Gravel:11,118m ³
12	Ultimate depth of Mining	13.0 m below ground level
13	Method of Mining	Open cast mechanized mining
14	Water demand	2.0 KLD
15	Source of water	Water will be supplied through tankers supply
16	Man power	Direct :10 nos, Indirect :8 nos
17	Mining Lease	Precise Area Communication Letter received from Assistant Director, Dept. Geology and Mining, Pudukkottai vide letter Rc.No.580/2022 (G&M) Mines dated 15.11.2022
18	Mining Plan Approval	Mining Plan was approved by the Assistant Director, Dept. of Geology & Mining, Pudukkottai vide letter Rc.No.580/2022 (G&M) dated 24.11.2022
19	Production details	Geological reserves of Rough Stone: 4,01,310m ³ and Gravel: 18,522m ³ . Proposed five-year production reserves of Rough Stone: 25,250m ³ and Gravel: 11,118m ³ .

<i>Project</i>	<i>New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	<i>Draft EIA Report</i>
<i>Project Proponent</i>	<i>Ttm.S.Azhagu</i>	
<i>Project Location</i>	<i>Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.</i>	

20	Boundary Fencing	7.5m barrier all along the boundary Fencing will be provided.
21	Disposal of overburden	The over burden in the form of Gravel is 11,118m ³ of used for filling and leveling of low lying areas of road projects and other infrastructure development work in and around the district.
22	Ground water	The ground Water Level is noticed at the depth of 70m to 75m BGL by monitoring nearby bore hole, during the climatic conditions, the fluctuations of water level is 70m in Rainy seasons and 75m in Summer seasons of this quarry area. The quarry operation is proposed up to a depth of 13.0m (Max) (3.0m Gravel & 10.0m Rough stone). Hence the quarrying operation may not affect the ground water in any manner.
23	Habitations within 500m radius of the Project Site	There is no Habitation within 500m radius of the project site.
24	Drinking water	Water will be supplied through tankers from Thulaiyanur Village which is 1.37 km NNW from the project site.

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
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Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	

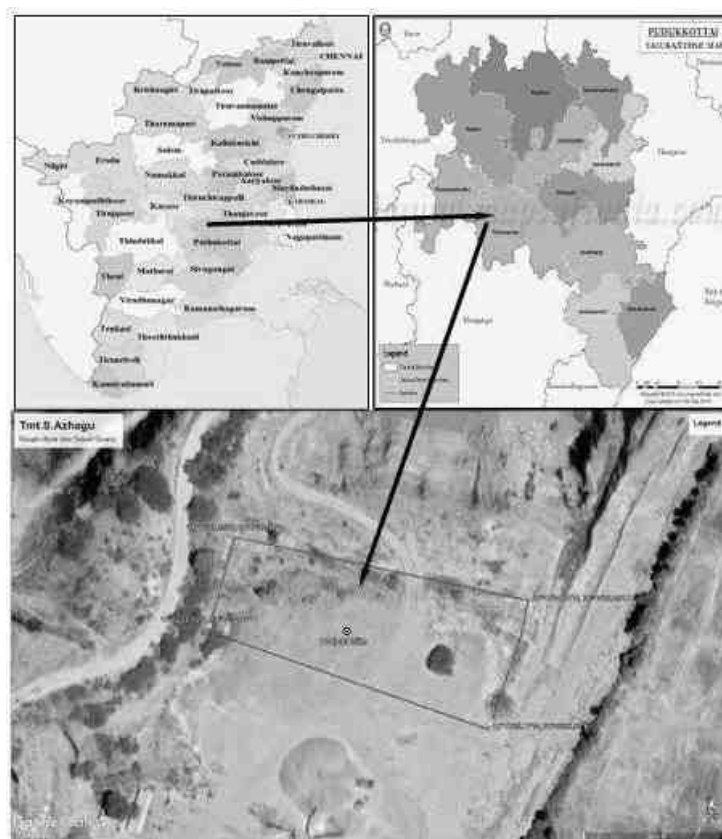


Figure 2-1: Location Map of the Project Site



Figure 2-2: Google Earth Image and Coordinates of the Project Site

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu	
Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	

2.1.2 Site Connectivity:

The site is connected to NH 36 – Manamadurai to Thanjavur Road – 0.77 Km – SE side.



Figure 2-3: Site Connectivity

2.3 Location Details:

Table 2-3: Location Details

S. No	Particulars	Details
1.	Latitude	10°12'32.75"N to 10°12'35.37"N
2.	Longitude	78°42'32.49"E to 78°42'36.83"E
3.	Site Elevation above MSL	118.0 m from MSL
4.	Topography	Plain terrain
5.	Land use of the site	Patta land (Consent registered)
6.	Extent of lease area	0.61.0 Ha

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Ttm.S.Azhagu	
Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	

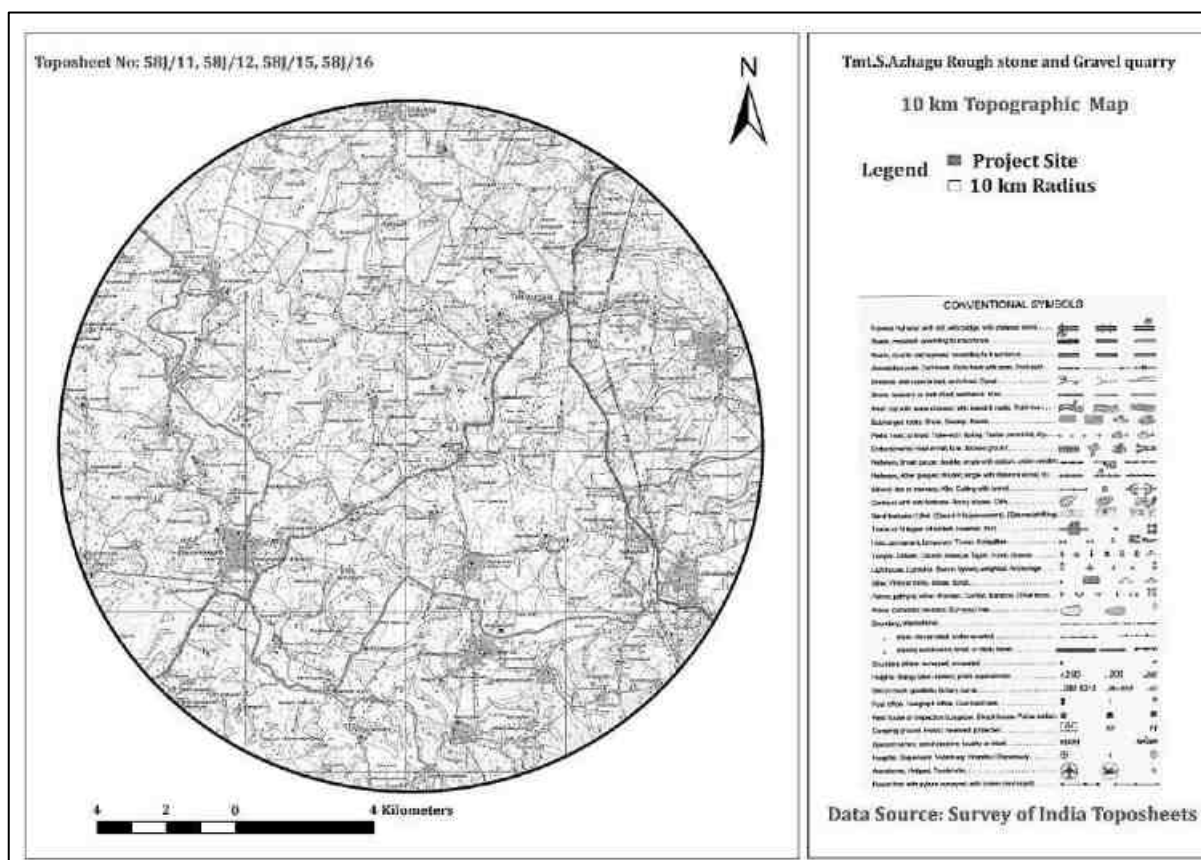
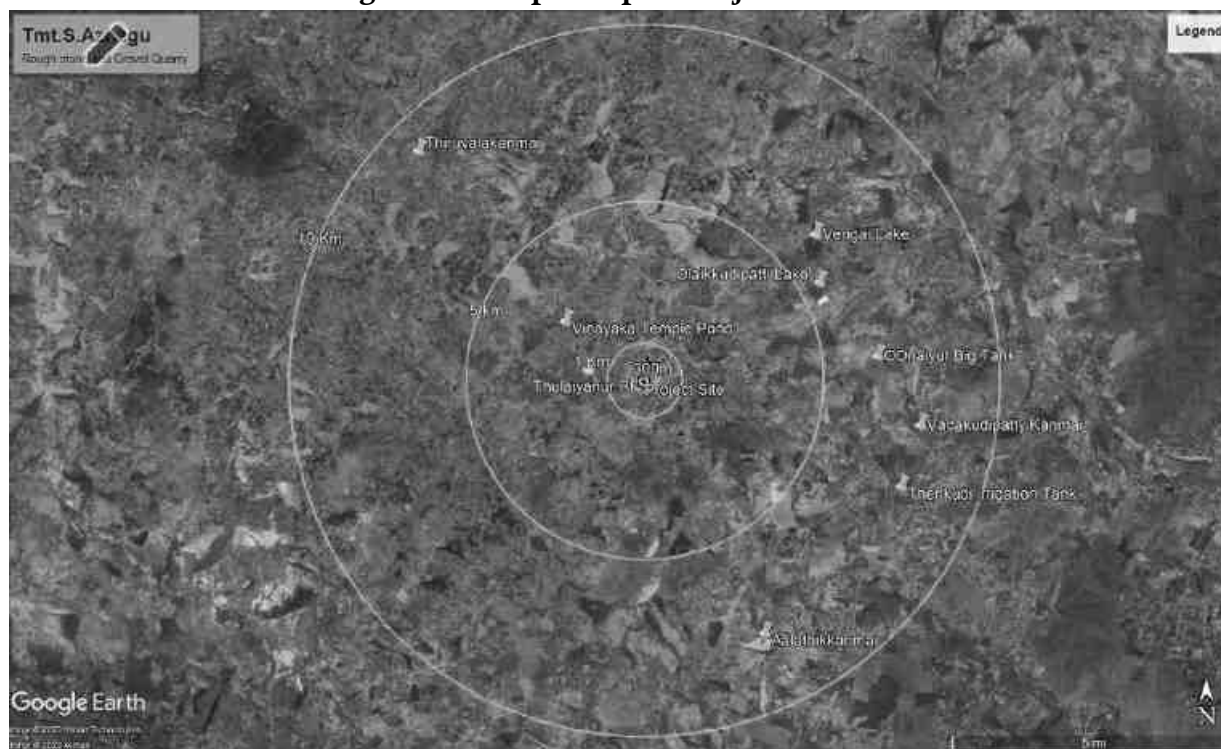


Figure 2-4: Topo Map of Project Site



Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu	
Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	

Figure 2-5: Environmental Sensitivity within 15km radius

2.1.3 Site Photographs

The site photographs of the project site are as follows.



Figure 2-6: Site Photographs

2.1.4 Land Use Breakup of the Mine Lease Area

The Mine Lease area is undulated terrain. The land use pattern of the mine lease area as follows.

Table 2-4: Land use pattern

S. No.	Land Use	Present Area (Hect)	Area in use during the quarrying period (Hect)
1.	Quarrying Pit	Nil	0.36.0
2.	Infrastructure	Nil	0.02.0
3.	Roads	Nil	0.02.0
4.	Green Belt	Nil	0.20.9
5.	Unutilized Area	0.61.0	0.00.1
	Total	0.61.0	0.61.0

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Project Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu	
Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	

2.1.5 Human Settlement

There are no habitations within the radius of 500m. The nearby habitations are as follows.

Table 2-5: Habitation

SL. NO.	DIRECTION	VILLAGE	DISTANCE	POPULATION
1	E	Parali	0.92 Km	260
2	SSW	Vengalur	2.17 Km	150
3	W	Valayanvayal	0.88 Km	280
4	NNW	Thulaiyanur	1.37 Km	350

2.4 Leasehold Area

The New Rough Stone Quarry mine of 0.61.0 Ha is an own Patta land of Tmt.S.Azhagu. The lease area falls in S.F No: 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District. There is no reserve forest or protected forest land within the lease area. There is neither human settlement within 500m radius from the lease area.

2.5 Geology

Geologically the entire study area can be divided into hard rock and sedimentary rock regions. The hard rocks are found on the western side and sedimentary formation towards the eastern direction. About 45 per cent of the study area is under hard massive formation of the Archean age and the rest 55 per cent comprises of the sedimentary formation ranging from Pre-Cambrian to Quaternary period.

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
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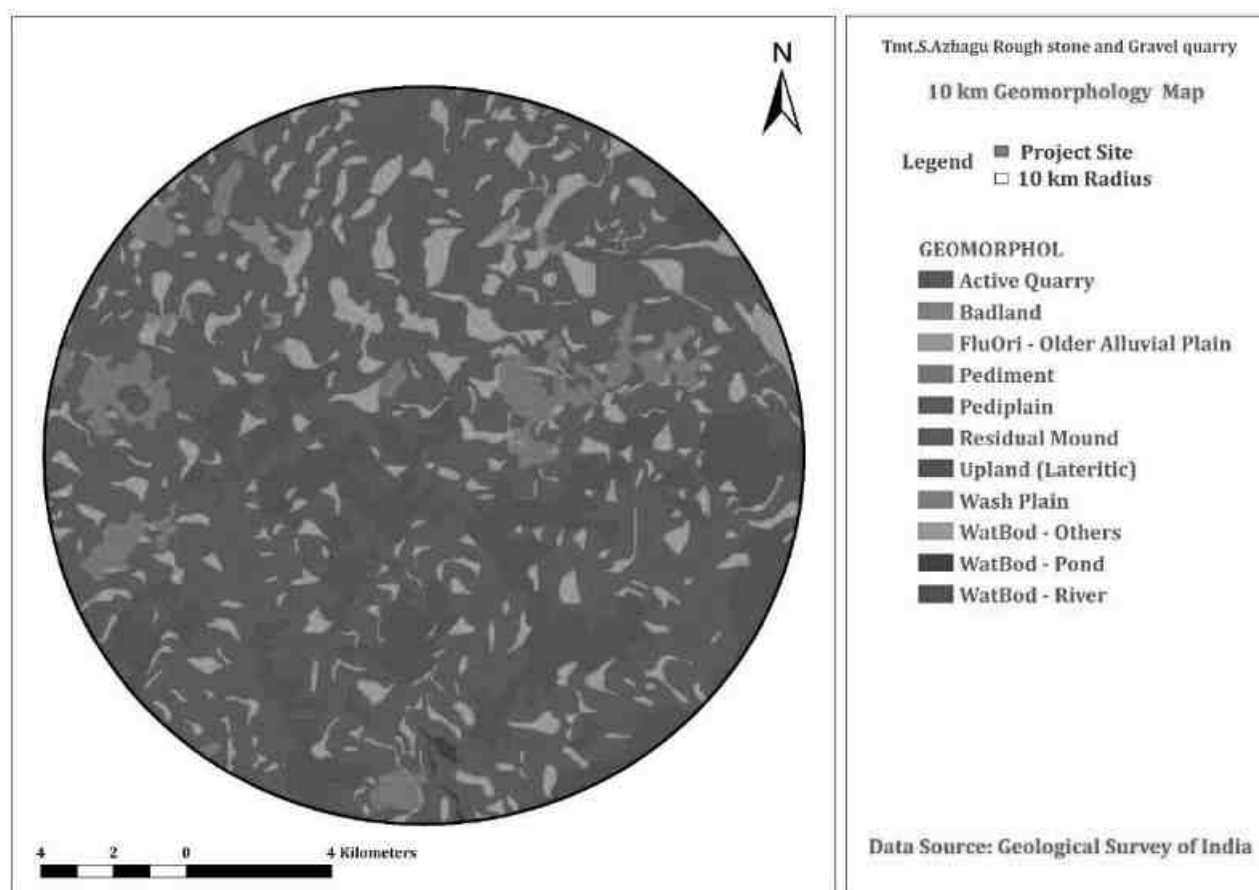


Figure 2-7: Geomorphology

The area applied for quarry lease is undulated terrain sloping towards Northwestern side covered with Rough stone which does not sustain any type of vegetation.

Pudukkottai District is underlain by the wide range of metamorphic rocks of peninsular gneissic complex. These rocks are extensively weathered and overlain by the recent valley fills and alluvium at places. The geological formations found in the District are Archaean rocks like Gneisses, Granites, Charnockite basic granulites and calc-gneisses. The younger formations are Quartz veins and pegmatite.

Water table is found at a depth of 70m to 75m below ground level. Average annual rainfall is about 800mm to 900mm. Charnockite is part of peninsular Gneisses, a high-grade metamorphic rock. On regional scale the Charnockite formations trends along NE-SW with a dip of 80° towards NW.

The general geological sequences of the rocks in this area are given below.

AGE	FORMATION
Recent to Sub recent	- Soil, Alluvium

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
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Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	

Archean - Granites, basic granulites, Peninsular Gneiss, Calc Gneiss and Charnockites

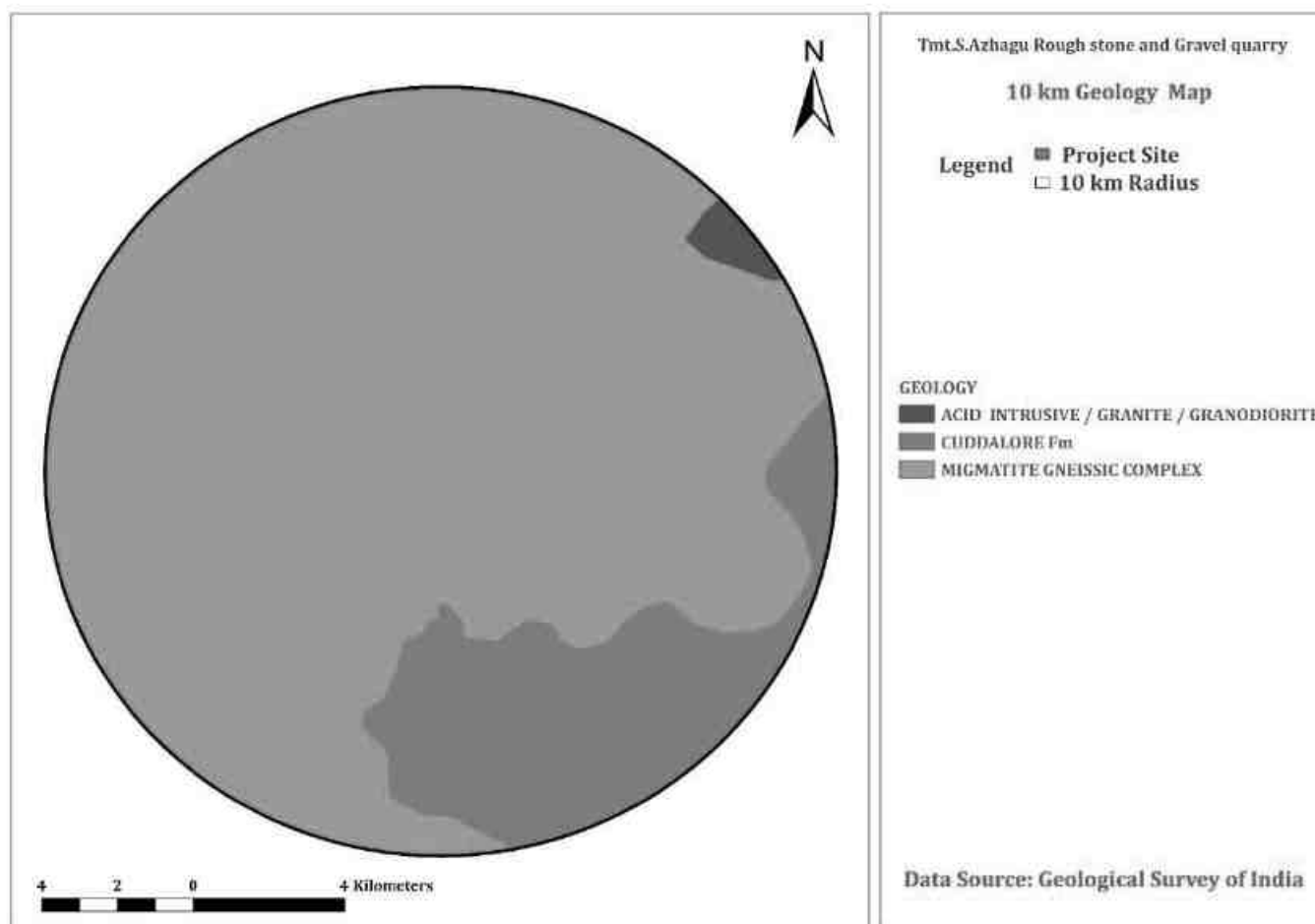


Figure 2-8 Lithology

2.6 Quality of Reserves:

The mining lease area is of 0.61.0 Ha, with production capacity of **25,250m³** of Rough Stone, Due to significant role in the domestic as well as infrastructural market, making the mining of Stone along with associated minor minerals is economically viable.

Table 2-6: Details of Mining

S. No	Particulars	Details
1	Method of Mining	Open Cast mechanized
2	Geological Reserves	Rough stone – 401310 m ³ & Gravel – 18522 m ³
3	Mineable Reserves	Rough stone – 25,250 m ³ & Gravel – 11,118 m ³

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Ttm.S.Azhagu	
Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	

4	Proposed Production schedule for 5 years	Rough stone – 25,250 m ³ & Gravel – 11,118 m ³
5	Elevation Range of the Mine Site	118m MSL

2.6.1 Estimation of Reserves

The practical method of the systematic geological mapping and delineation of Rough stone (Charnockite) within the field was done and careful evaluation of body luster, physical properties, engineering properties, commercial aspects, etc. The Topographical, Geological plan and sections demarcated the commercial marketable Rough stone (Charnockite) deposit has been prepared in 1:1000 scale and the estimated balance Geological Reserves as 401310 Cum of Rough Stone.

2.6.2 Geological Reserves

The Geological Resources is estimated as 4,01,310m³ of Rough stone & 18,522m³ Gravel up to a depth of 68.0m (3.0m Gravel & 65m Rough stone).

Table 2-7: Geological Reserves

GEOLOGICAL RESOURCES						
Section	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Volume m³	Geological Resources of Gravel in m³	Geological Resources of Rough stone in m³
XY-AB	126	49	3	18522	18522	
	126	49	65	401310		401310
TOTAL					18522	401310

2.6.3 Mineable Reserves

The available Mineable Reserves are calculated by deducting the safety distance of 10m for the Government Poramboke Cart Track in S.F.No.542/1 on eastern side and 7.5m for the Adjoining Patta land from the lease area and bench loss as height 5.0m and width 5.0m.

Table 2-8: Mineable Reserves

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu	
Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	

MINEABLE RESERVES							
Section	Bench	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	Volume in m³	Gravel Formation in m³	Mineable Reserves of Rough stone in m³
XY-AB	118-115	109	34	3	11118	11118	
	115-110	105	30	5	15750		15750
	110-105	95	20	5	9500		9500
	105-100	85	10	5	4250		4250
GRAND TOTAL						11118	29500

2.6.4 Year wise Production Plan

The Year wise Recoverable Reserves are calculated by deducting the safety distance of 10m for the Government Poramboke Cart Track in S.F.No.542/1 in eastern side and 7.5m for the Adjoining Patta land from the lease applied area and bench loss as height 5.0m and width 5.0m.

Table 2-9: Year wise Production Plan

YEARWISE DEVELOPMENT & PRODUCTION RESERVES								
Year	Section	Bench	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	Volume in m³	Gravel Formation in m³	Recoverable Reserves of Rough stone in m³
I	XY-AB	118-115	109	17	3	5559	5559	
		115-110	105	12	5	6300		6300
TOTAL							5559	6300
II	XY-AB	118-115	109	17	3	5559	5559	
		115-110	105	12	5	6300		6300
TOTAL							5559	6300
III	XY-AB	115-110	105	6	5	3150		3150
		110-105	95	6	5	2850		2850
TOTAL								6000
IV	XY-AB	110-105	95	14	5	6650		6650
TOTAL								6650
GRAND TOTAL							11118	25250

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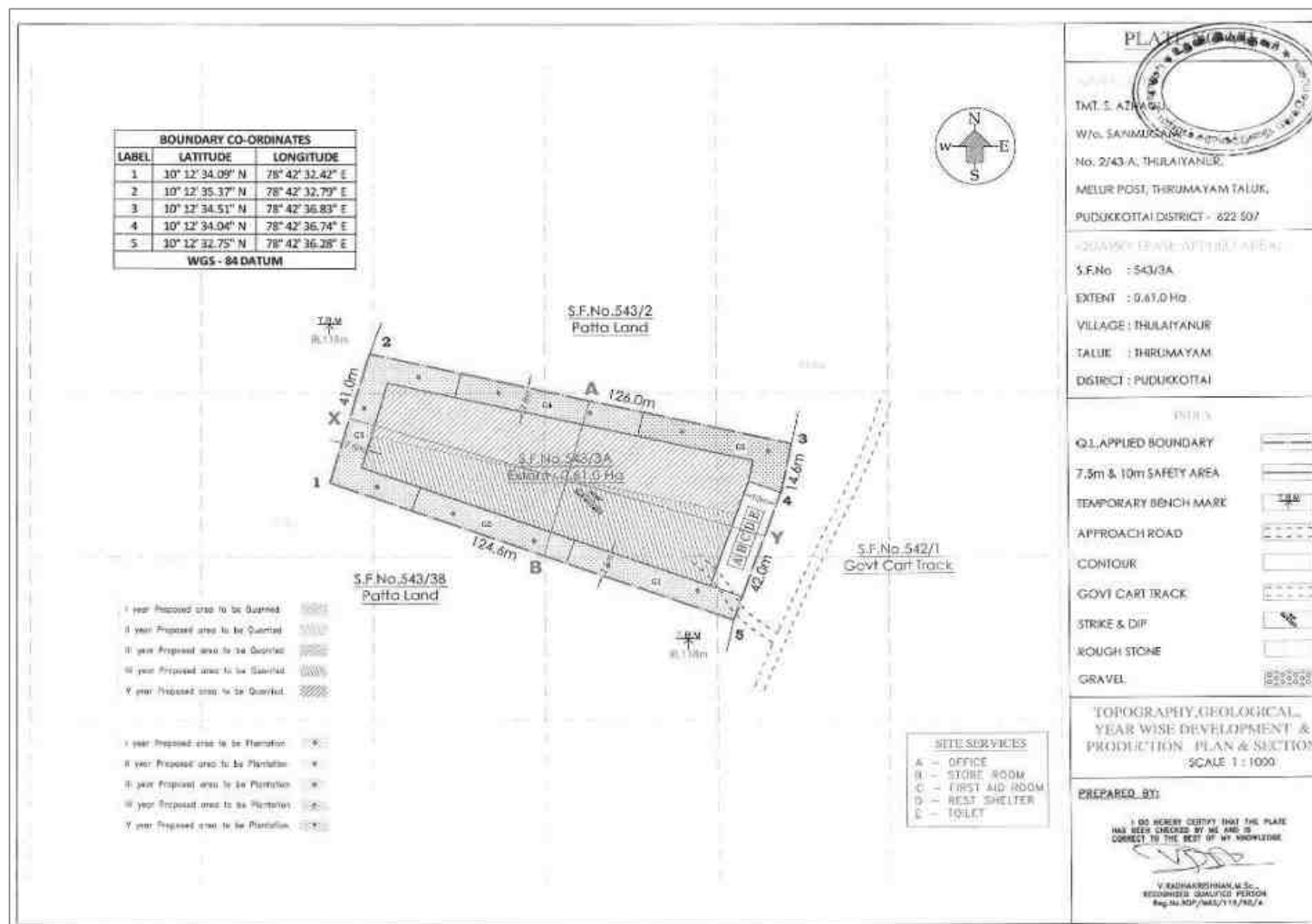


Figure 2-9 Year wise Production Plan

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2.7 Type of Mining

The proposed project is an open cast semi mechanized mining with one 5.0 m bench for Topsoil & Gravel followed by 5.0m vertical bench with a bench width not less than the bench height. However, as far as the quarrying of Rough Stone is concerned, observance of the provisions of regulations 106(2) (b) as above is seldom possible due to various inherent petro genetic factors coupled with mining difficulties. Hence, it is proposed to obtain relaxation to the provisions of the above regulation from the Director of Mines Safety for which necessary provision is available with the Regulation 106(2) (b) of MMR-1961, under Mines Act- 1952.

2.7.1 *Method of Working:*

The rough stone is proposed to quarry at 5m bench height & width with conventional Open cast mechanized method. The quarry operation involves Shallow jack hammer drilling, Slurry Blasting, Loading & transportation of Rough Stone to the nearby crusher units/road formation works. The production of Rough Stone in this quarry involves the following method which is typical for Rough Stone quarrying in contrast to other major mineral mining.

Splitting of rock mass of considerable volume from the parent rocks by jackhammer drilling and blasting by manually braking and loading the Rough Stone from pit head to the needy crushing units/civil works for the needy sectors.

2.7.2 *Overburden*

The over burden in the form of Gravel is 11,118m³ of used for filling and leveling of low-lying areas of road projects and other infrastructure development work in and around the district.

2.7.3 *Machineries to be used*

The type of machinery proposed for quarrying operation for the entire project is listed below.

Table 2-10: List of Machineries used

Type	Dia of hole	Size / Capacity	Make	Motive power
Jack Hammer	32 mm	1.2m to 6m	Atlas copco	Compressed Air
Tipper	-	10/20 Tons	Tata Tipper	Diesel Drive

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Hydraulic Excavator	-	0.90m ³	Tata Hitachi - 210	Diesel Drive
Compressor	-	400 psi	Atlas capco	Diesel Drive

2.7.4 Blasting:

2.7.4.1 Blasting Pattern:

The quarrying operation will be carried out by Mechanized Opencast method in conjunction with conventional method of mining using jack hammer drilling and blasting for shattering effect and loosen the rough stone.

2.7.4.2 Drilling & Blasting:

Drilling and Blasting Parameters are as follows.

Table 2-11: Drilling and Blasting Parameters

1	Diameter of the hole	30-32 mm
2	Spacing	1.2m
3	Depth of each hole	1 to 1.5 m
4	Burden for hole	1.0m
5	Inclination of hole	80° from the horizontal.
6	Use of delay detonators	25 millisecond
7	Detonating fuse	Detonating cord
8	Blasting Design	Staggered “V” Pattern

2.7.4.3 Types of Explosives to be used:

Small diameters of 30-32mm Slurry explosives are proposed to be used for shattering and heaving effect for removal and winning of Rough Stone. No deep hole drilling or primary blasting is proposed.

2.7.4.4 Measures to minimize ground vibration due to blasting:

The quarry is situated more than 0.33km from the nearby villages. Controlled blasting measures will be adopted for minimizing the ground vibration and fly of rocks. Shallow depths jackhammer drilling &

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blasting is proposed to be carried out with minimum use of explosive mainly to give shattering effect in rough stone for easy excavation and to control fly of rock.

Table 2-12: Blasting Details

Parameters	Details
Diameter of holes	30-32 mm
Spacing	1.2m
Powder factor	6 to 7 tons/kg of explosives
Pattern of hole	Zig Zag
Charge/hole	140 gms of 25 mm dia cartridge
Blasted at day time	1 to 2.30 PM (or whenever required)

2.7.4.5 Storage & Safety measures taken during blasting:

The project proponent “Tmt.S.Azhagu” will engage an authorized explosive agency to carry out the small amount of blasting and it will be supervised by Permit Mines Manager. The copy of the explosive certificate is attached as *Annexure*.

2.8 Man Power Requirements

The manpower requirement to meet out the production Schedule and the machinery strength envisaged in the mining plan and to comply with the statutory provisions of the Mines Safety Regulations is as follows.

Table 2-13: Man Power Requirements

1.	Skilled	Operators	3 Nos
2.	Semi – skilled	Drivers	3 Nos
3.	Unskilled	Musdoor/Labours, Cleaners & Office Boy	8 Nos
4.	Management & Supervisory staff (Second Class Mines Manager, Mines Foreman, Mines Mate and Blaster)		4 Nos
Total			18 Nos

No child less than 18 years will be entertained during quarrying operations.

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2.8.1 Water Requirement

Total water requirement for the mining project is 2.0 KLD. Domestic water will be sourced from nearby Thulaiyanur Village and other water will be source from nearby road tankers supply.

Table 2-14: Water Requirement

Purpose	Quantity	Sources
Drinking Water	1.0KLD	Packaged Drinking water vendors available in Thulaiyanur village which is about 1.37 km NNW from the project site.
Green belt	0.5KLD	Other domestic activities through road tankers supply
Dust suppression	0.5KLD	From road tankers supply
Total	2.0 KLD	

2.9 Project Implementation Schedule

The implementation schedule of the proposed Mine Lease of Thiru.T.Tamilslevar (0.61.0 Ha) is as follows.

Table 2-15: Mining Schedule

MINING SCHEDULE					
Activity	Dec-23	Dec-24	Dec-25	Dec-26	Dec-27
Site Clearance					
Excavation - Top Soil Removal/Overburden					
I Year Production – 5559 Cum – Gravel & Rough Stone – 6300 Cum					
II Year Production – Rough Stone – 6300 Cum					
III Year Production – Rough Stone – 6000 Cum					
IV Year Production - 6650 Cum - Rough Stone					
V Year Production – As per SEAC recommendation the last bench has been removed. So, there is no excavation in 5 th year.					

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2.10 Solid Waste Management

Table 2-15: Solid Waste Management

S.No	Type	Quantity	Disposal Method
1	Organic	3.24 kg/day	Municipal bin including food waste
2	Inorganic	4.86 kg/day	TNPCB authorized recyclers

As per CPCB guidelines: MSW per capita/day =0.45 kg/day

2.11 Mine Drainage

The ground Water Level is noticed at the depth of 70m to 75m BGL by monitoring nearby bore hole, during the climatic conditions, the fluctuations of water level is 70m in Rainy seasons and 75m in Summer seasons of this quarry area. It shall be ensured that quarrying shall not be carried out below ground water table under any circumstances. If ground water table occurs/intervenes within the permitted depth, then also the quarrying shall be stopped.

2.12 Power Requirement

This rough stone quarry project does not require huge water and electricity for the project.

16 Litre diesel per hour for excavator for mining and loading for Rough Stone needed.

10 Litre diesel per hour for excavator for mining and loading for Gravel needed

2.13 Project Cost

a. Fixed Asset Cost:

Sl. No	DETAILS	Cost of lakhs
i)	Land cost	Rs.4,88,000/-
ii)	Labours Shed	Rs. 2,50,000/-
iii)	Refilling/Fencing cost	Rs. 1,50,000/-
iv)	Sanitary facility	Rs. 1,50,000/-
TOTAL		Rs. 10,38,000/-

b. Operation Cost:

Machinery cost: **Rs. 35,00,000/-**

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c. EMP Cost

Total EMP cost for the period of five years – **Rs.25,26,525/-** (Twenty five lakhs twenty six thousand and five hundred twenty five rupees only)

A. Fixed Asset Cost	=	Rs. 10,38,000/-
B. Machinery Cost	=	Rs. 20,00,000/-
C. Total EMP Cost	=	Rs. 25,26,525/-

Grand Total project Cost (A+B) = Rs. 30,38,000/-

2.14 Greenbelt

1. The development of greenbelt in the peripheral buffer zone of the mine area.
2. Green belt has been recommended as one of the major components of Environmental Management plan, which will improve ecology, environment and quality of the surrounding area.
3. Local trees like, Neem, Pungam, Naval etc will be planted along the lease boundary and avenues as well as over non-active dumps at a rate of 61 trees per annum with interval 5m.
4. The rate of survival expected to be 80% in this area

Table. 2-17 Plantation/ Afforestation Program

Year	Name of species	Place of planted	No of species	Spacing	Survival
2023	Neem/Pungam	North	61	5m	80%
2024	Naval	South	61	5m	80%
2025	Poovarasu/Pungam	East	61	5m	80%
2026	Naval/Pungam	South	61	5m	80%
2027	Neem	West	61	5m	80%
Total			305		

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3 Description of the Environment

3.1 General:

The method of mining for extracting rough stone quarry is required to be selected in such a manner to ensure sustainable development. Mining activities invariably affect the existing environmental status of the site. It has both adverse and beneficial effects. In order to maintain the environmental commensuration with the mining operation, it is essential to undertake studies on the existing environmental scenario and assess the impact on different environmental components. This would help in formulating suitable management plans and sustainable resource extraction.

To understand the existing environmental scenario, Baseline data helps in identification, prediction and evaluation of impacts in Environmental Impact assessment. Through field study, baseline data are collected considering various factors of the project. This includes-

- Physical- the area, the soil properties, the geological characteristics, the topography, etc
- Chemical- water, air, noise and soil pollution levels, etc.
- Biological- the biodiversity of the area, types of flora and fauna, species richness, species distribution, types of ecosystems, presence or absence of endangered species and/or sensitive ecosystems etc.
- Socioeconomic- demography, social structure, economic conditions, developmental capabilities, displacement of locals, etc.

3.1.1 *Study Area:*

The study area for the mining projects is as follows:

- Mine lease area as the “core zone”
- A study area of 10 km radius from the project boundary is designated as buffer Zone and for the study of Socio-economic status, 10 km radius from the boundary limits of the mine lease area has been selected.

We have obtained Terms of Reference from SEIAA vide Lr.No. SEIAA–TN/F.No.9721/ToR- 1433/2023 dated 24.04.2023. The baseline monitoring is carried out in January to March 2023 and the analysis is briefed in the EIA report. The proponent has engaged M/s. Ecotech labs Pvt. Ltd for carrying out the existing baseline study.

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3.1.2 Instruments Used

The following instruments were used at the site for baseline data collection.

1. Respirable Dust Sampler with attachment for gaseous Pollutants, Envirotech APM 460, APM411.
2. Fine Particulate Matter (FPM) Sampler, APM 550
4. Sound Level Meter Model SL–4010
5. 2000 series watchdog automatic weathering monitoring station

3.1.3 Baseline Data Collection Period:

The baseline data is collected in accordance with the CPCB Guidelines. The Baseline study is carried out from January to March 2023.

3.1.4 Frequency of Monitoring

Table 3-1: Frequency of Sampling and Analysis

Attributes	Sampling	Frequency
Air environment – Meteorological (wind speed, wind direction, rainfall, humidity, temperature)	Project site	1 hourly continuous
Air environment – Pollutants PM 10 PM 2.5 SO ₂ NO _x	5 locations	24 hourly twice a week 4 hourly. Twice a week, One non-monsoon season 8 hourly, twice a week 24 hourly, twice a week
Noise	5 locations	24 hourly Once in 5 locations
Water (Ground water) pH, Temperature, Turbidity, Magnesium Hardness, Total Alkalinity, Chloride, Sulphate, Fluoride, Nitrate, Sodium,	5 locations	Once in 5 locations

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Potassium, Salinity, Total nitrogen, Total Coliforms, Fecal Coliforms		
Water (surface water) pH, Temperature, Turbidity, Magnesium Hardness, Total Alkalinity, Chloride, Sulphate, Fluoride, Nitrate, Sodium, Potassium, Salinity, Total nitrogen, Total Coliforms, Fecal Coliforms	Sample from nearby lakes/river	One-time Sampling
Soil (Organic matter, Texture, pH, Electrical Conductivity, Permeability, Water holding capacity, Porosity)	5 locations	Once in 5 locations
Ecology and biodiversity Study	Study area covering 10 km radius	One-time Sampling
Socio- Economic study (Population, Literacy Level, employment, Infrastructure like school, hospitals & commercial establishments)	Villages around 10 km radius	One-time Sampling

3.1.5 Secondary data Collection

Apart from the primary data, Secondary data is also used for the collection; collation; synthesis and interpretation.

- Flora & Faunal Study
- Land use study
- Demography and socio-economic analysis
- Meteorological data, from Indian Meteorological Department (IMD)

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3.1.6 Study area details

Table 3-2 Study area details

S. No	Description	Details	Source
1.	Project Location	543/3A Ha, Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District, TamilNadu State	Field Study
2.	Latitude & Longitude	Latitude: 10°12'32.75"N to 10°12'35.37"N Longitude: 78°42'32.49"E to 78°42'36.83"E	Topo Sheet
3.	Topo Sheet No.	58 J/12	Survey of India Topo sheet
4.	Mine Lease Area	0.61.0 Ha	--
Demography in the study area (as per Census 2011)			
5.	Total Population	5931	Census Survey of India
6.	Total Number of Households	1602	
7.	Maximum Temperature (°C)	33.7	IMD
8.	Minimum Temperature (°C)	24	
9.	Ecological Sensitive Areas - Wetlands, watercourses or other waterbodies, coastal zone, biospheres, mountains, forests	❖ Kothai Kanmai – 180m – NE ❖ Melaparali Kanmai – 200m – SE ❖ Valayan Kanmai – 470m – NW ❖ Ammapatti Pudukanmai – 350m - S ❖ Olaikudipatti Lake – 5.27 Km – NE ❖ Oonaiyur Big Tank – 6.17 Km - E ❖ Vinayakar Temple Pond – 2.65 Km – NW ❖ Vengai Lake – 5.68 Km – NE ❖ Aalathikkanmai – 7.83 Km – S ❖ Vadakudipatty Kanmai – 7.53 Km – SE ❖ Thenkudi Irrigation Tank – 7.78 Km – SE ❖ Thiruvаланanmai – 8.84 Km – NW ❖ Palaiya Athangudi Kanmai – 4.35 Km - S	Google Earth/ Field Study
10.	Densely Populated area	Pudukkottai (6.45km, SE)	

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11.	Areas occupied by sensitive man-made land uses (hospitals, schools, places of worship, community facilities)	S. No	Places	Dist. From Project Site	Google Earth/ Field Study
		Schools & Colleges			
		1	Government Middle School, Malaikudipatti	1.41Km - SEE	
		2	Panchayat Union Primary School, Seemanur	4.12Km - NE	
		Hospitals			
		1	Government Hospital, Konapattu	3.68 Km - SE	
		2	Government Hospital, Thirumayam	5.61 Km - NE	

3.1.7 Site Connectivity:

The site is connected to Sithannavasal Road – 540 m towards SE side.



Figure 3-1: Site Connectivity

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3.2 Land use Analysis

3.2.1 *Land Use Classification*

Land Use / Land Cover - Land Use refers to man's activity and the various uses, which are carried on land. Land Cover refers to natural vegetation, water bodies, rock/soil, artificial cover and others, resulting due to land transformation. The present Land Use/Land Classification map is developed with following objectives. The main objective of the study is to classify the different land use within 10 km from the project boundary.

3.2.2 *Methodology*

Information of land use and land cover is important for many planning and management activities concerning the surface of the earth (Agarwal and Garg, 2000). Land use refers to man's activities on land, which are directly related to land (Anderson et al., 1976). The land use and the land cover determine the infiltration capacity. Barren surfaces are poor retainers of water as compared to grasslands and forests, which not only hold water for longer periods on the surface, but at the same time allow it to percolate down.

The terms 'land use' and 'land cover' (LULC) are often used to describe maps that provide information about the types of features found on the earth's surface (land cover) and the human activity that is associated with them (land use). Satellite remote sensing is being used for determining different types of land use classes as it provides a means of assessing a large area with limited time and resources. However, satellite images do not record land cover details directly and they are measured based on the solar energy reflected from each area on the land. The amount of multi spectral energy in multi wavelengths depends on the type of material at the earth's surface and the objective is to associate particular land cover with each of these reflected energies, which is achieved using either visual or digital interpretation. In the present study the task is to study in detail the land use and land cover in and around the project site. The study envisages different LULC around the proposed project area and the procedure adopted is as below.

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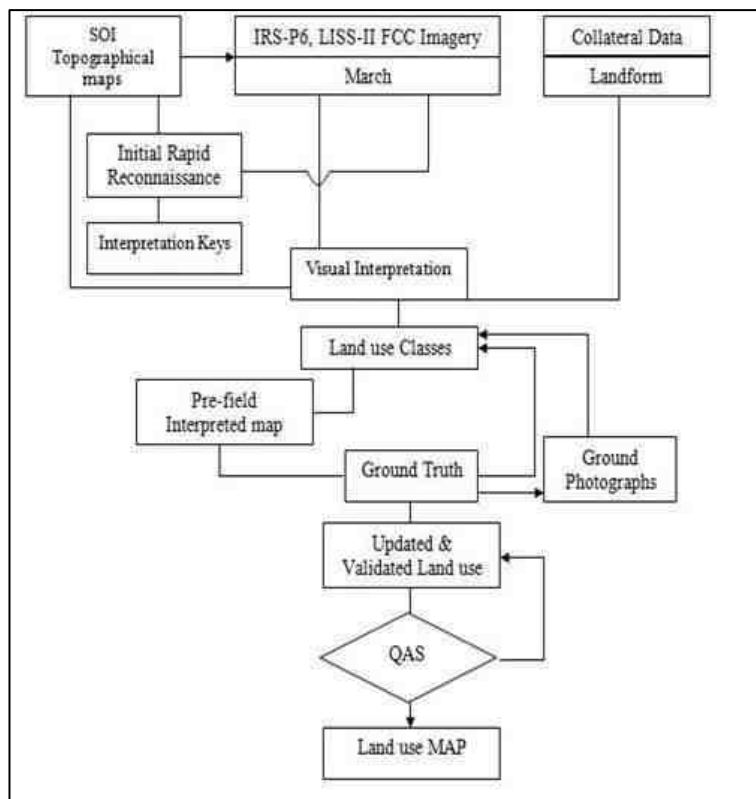


Figure 3-2 Flow Chart showing Methodology of Land use mapping.

3.2.3 Satellite Data

Sentinal 2 multispectral satellite data of 2020 was utilized for the present study. Details of satellite data is given below. The rectification of imagery was carried out on to bring the digital data on the earth coordinate system by means of ground control point (GCP) assignments/SOI topo sheets.

3.2.4 Scale of mapping

Considering the user defined scale of mapping, 1:50000 Sentinal 2 was used for Land use / Land cover mapping of 10 km radius for proposed site. The description of the land use categories for 10 km radius and the statistics are given for 10 km radius.

3.2.5 Interpretation Technique

Standard on screen visual interpretation procedure was followed. The various Land use / Land cover classes interpreted along with the SOI topographical maps during the initial rapid reconnaissance of

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the study area. The physiognomic expressions conceived by image elements of color, tone, texture, size, shape, pattern, shadow, location and associated features are used to interpret the FCC imagery. Image interpretation keys were developed for each of the LU/LC classes in terms of image elements.

June 2016 FCC imagery (Digital data) of the study area was interpreted for the relevant land use classes. On screen visual interpretation coupled with supervised image classification techniques are used to prepare the land use classification.

1. Digitization of the study area (10 km radius from the proposed site) from the topo maps
2. In the present study the Sentinel satellite image and SOI topo sheets of 58-J/11, 12, 15 and 58-J/16 have been procured and interpreted using the ERDAS imaging and ARC-GIS software adopting the necessary interpretation techniques.
3. Satellite data interpretation and vectorization of the resulting units
4. Adopting the available guidelines from manual of LULC mapping using Satellite imagery (NRSA, 1989)
5. Field checking and ground truth validation
6. Composition of final LULC map

The LULC Classification has been done at three levels where level -I being the broad classification about the land covers that is Built-up land, agriculture land, waste land, wet lands, and water bodies. These are followed by level –II where built-up land is divided into towns/cities as well villages. The Agriculture land is divided into different classes such as cropland, Fallow, Plantation, while wastelands are broadly divided into, Land with scrub and without Scrub and Mining and Industrial wasteland. The wetlands are classified into inland wetlands, coastal wetlands and islands. The water bodies are classified further into River/stream, Canal, Tanks and bay. In the present study level II classification has been undertaken. The SOI Topo map is presented in Annexure and Satellite imagery of 10 km radius from the project site is presented Annexure

3.2.6 Field Verification

Field verification involved collection, verification and record of the different surface features that create specific spectral signatures / image expressions on FCC. In the study area, doubtful areas identified in course of interpretation of imagery is systematically listed and transferred on to the corresponding SOI

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topographical maps for ground verification. In addition to these, traverse routes were planned with reference to SOI topographical maps to verify interpreted LU/LC classes in such a manner that all the different classes are covered by at least 5 sampling areas, evenly distributed in the area. Ground truth details involving LU/LC classes and other ancillary information about crop growth stage, exposed soils, landform, nature and type of land degradation are recorded and the different land use classes are taken the Land use map is presented in Annexure

3.2.7 Description of the Land Use / land cover classes

3.2.7.1 Built-up land

It is defined as an area of human settlements composed of houses, commercial complex, transport, communication lines, utilities, services, places of worships, recreational areas, industries etc. Depending upon the nature and type of utilities and size of habitations, residential areas can be aggregated into villages, towns and cities. All the man-made construction covering land belongs to this category. The built- up in 10 km radius from the proposed project site is as follows.

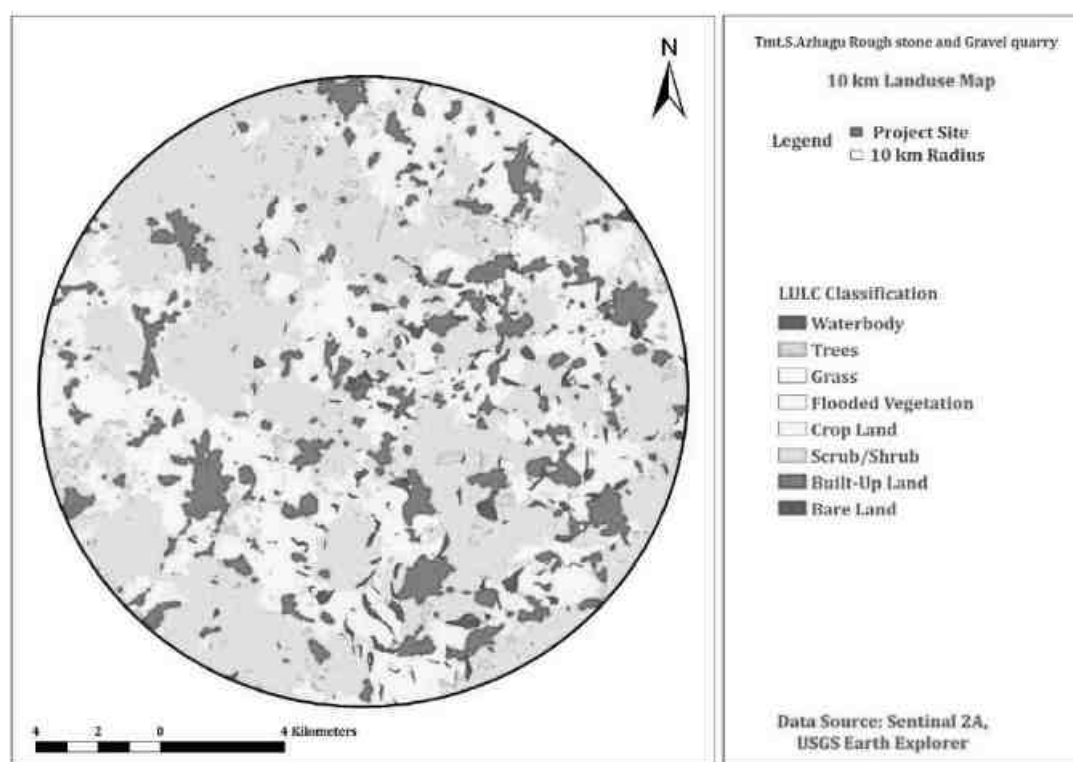


Figure 3-3 Land use classes around 10 km radius from the project site

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3.2.7.2 Different Land use classes around 10 km radius from the project site

Table 3-3 Land use pattern in Pudukkottai District

Sl.No	Categories	Area in Sq.Km
1	Water body	8.76
2	Trees	10.52
3	Grass	1.31
4	Flooded Vegetation	0.84
5	Crops	109.9
6	Scrub/Shrub	154.74
7	Built-up area	40.65
8	Barren Land	0.17

3.2.8 Agricultural land

Agriculture is the primary occupation of Pudukkottai district. Pudukkottai district receives average annual rainfall of 922.8 mm. Paddy and Groundnut is the important crops of Pudukkottai district. 9000 Ha of the area is covered under paddy and Groundnut is being cultivated in 36000 Ha. Major horticulture crops cultivated in this district are fruits crops like mango, guava, jack, sapota and banana, vegetables like brinjal, bhendi, pumpkin and tapioca, spices like chillies, tamarind and turmeric and plantation crops like cashew and cocoa and flowers like tuberoses and marigold and rose.

3.2.9 Water bodies

3.3.1 Contour & Drainage

The project site is 118.0m AMSL. The drainage pattern within in the 10 km of the project site is dendritic.

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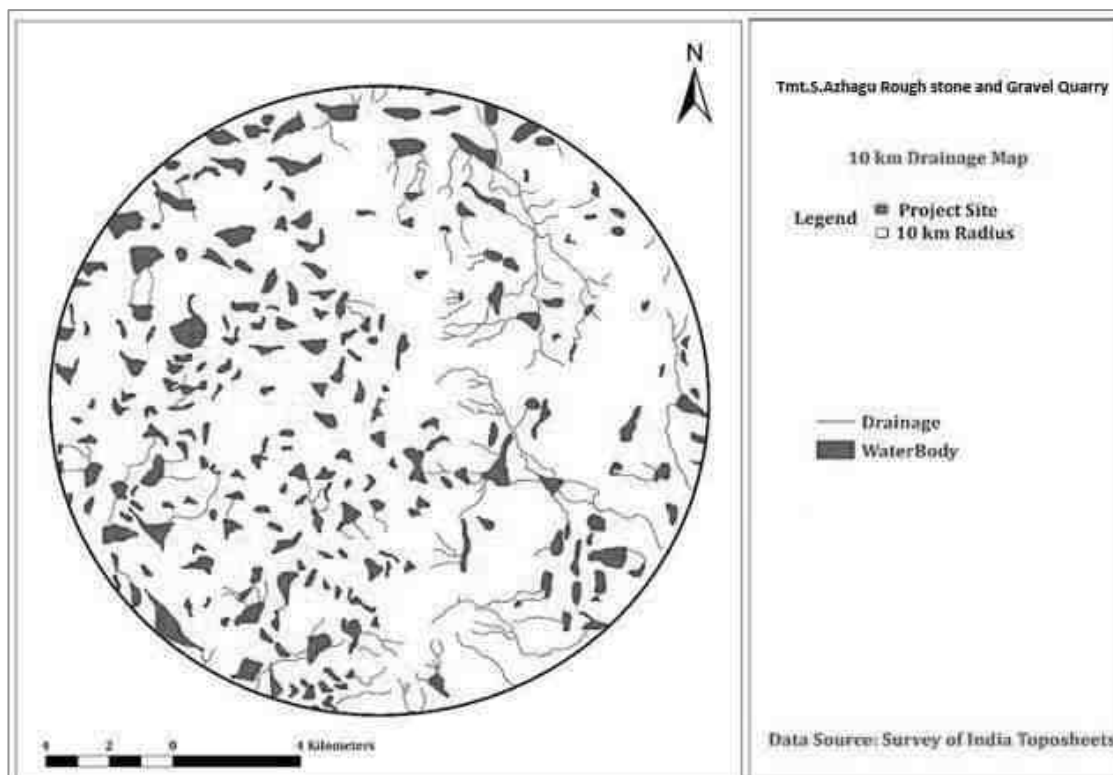


Figure 3-4 10 km Drainage Map

3.3.2 Geomorphology

The geomorphic evolution of the area is mainly controlled by denudational, structural and fluvial processes. The evolution of various landforms has been governed mainly by the varying resistance of geological formations to these processes. Various landforms are occurring in the area, such as erosional plains, residual hills, pediments, buried pediments and deltaic plain. The shallow pediments possess poor to moderate yields with thin soil cover. The buried pediments and deltaic plain possess good ground water potential.

Soils

Black soils are formed in the western part of the district. Red ferruginous lateritic soils are formed on the high grounds, south of Annavasal, west of Illupur, north of Malaipatti around Kulakurichchi near Gandarvakottai, east of Arantangi around Arimalam and Alangudi. Alluvial soils consisting of blackish and brownish sandy and silty soils are observed along the course of the Vellar, Agniyar and Ambuliyar rivers, whereas the beach sands are noticed along the coast of the district.

The geomorphologic study is done within 10 km from the project site. The major formations are

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- Denudational Origin- Pediment Pediplain Complex: The groundwater condition in pediments generally varies depending upon the type of underlying folded structures, fracture systems and degree of weathering. Groundwater prospecting in pediments is considered as normal to poor.

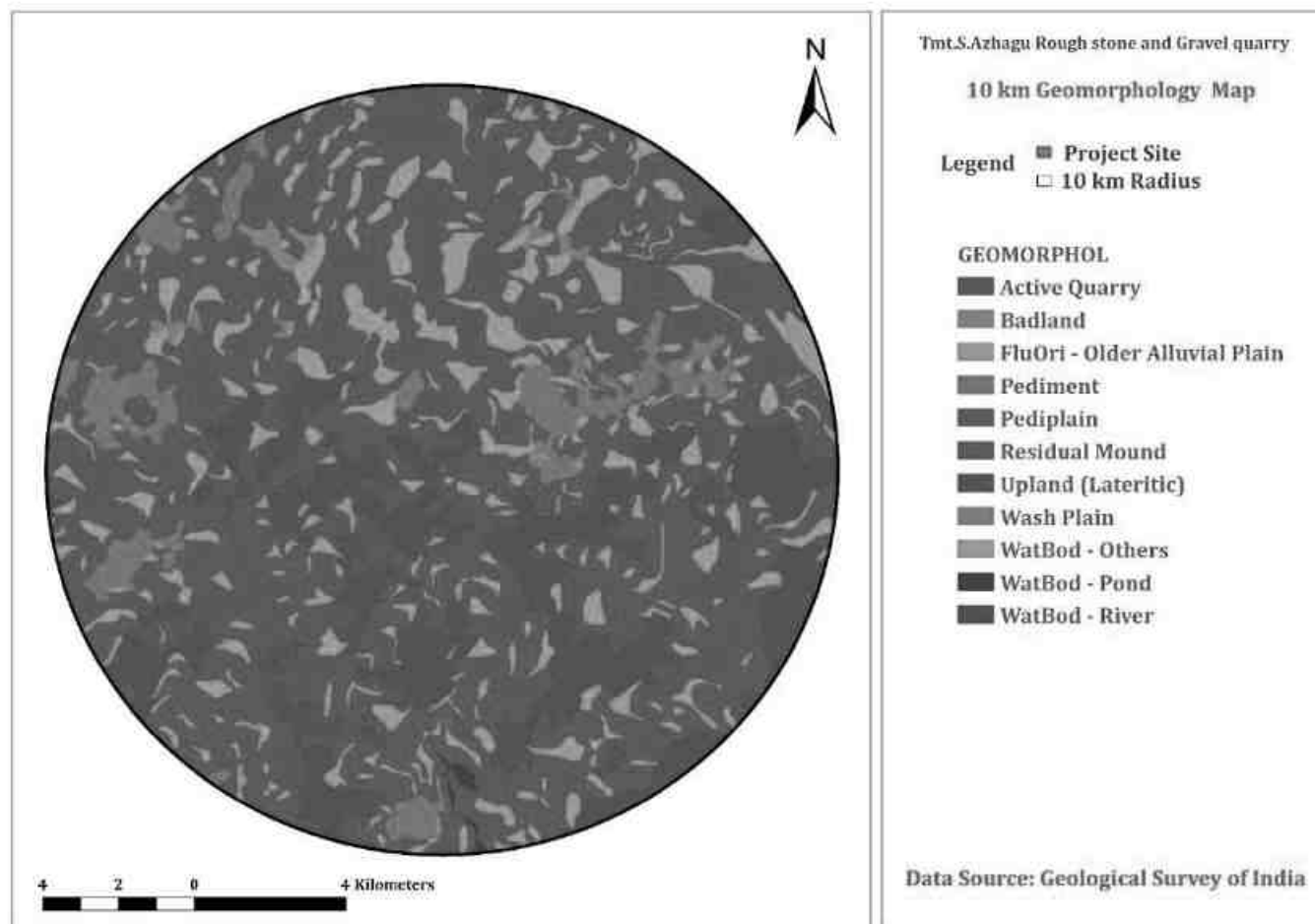


Figure 3-5 Geomorphology within 10km from the project site

3.3.3 Geology:

The geological formation of Pudukkottai District comprises of the hard rocks formed in the Archean age to the sedimentary deposits of the Quaternary period. Geologically the entire study area can be divided into hard rock and sedimentary rock regions. The hard rocks are found on the western side and sedimentary formation towards the eastern direction of the study area. About 45 per cent comprises of the sedimentary formation ranging from Pre-Cambrian to Quaternary period. The various types of hard rocks found here are Charnockites, Hornblende Gneiss, Biotite Gneiss, Granite and Quartzite's. Various types of Gneiss rocks are found in the western part of Pudukkottai

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District. Charnockites and granites rocks are mostly found in the central part including the blocks of Kunnandavarkoil, Thirumayam and the southern parts of Pudukkottai Block. The various types of Gneiss rocks are found in the western part of the study area, consisting of the blocks of Viarlimalai, Annavasal and Ponamaravathy. Quartzite deposits are found in small quantity in some parts of Annavasal and Thirumayam Blocks. In the Blocks of Thirumayam, Thirumayam and parts of Pudukkottai crystalline rocks are found.

The sedimentary deposits found in this region consist of shaly sandstone, sand, clay and gravels. The sedimentary deposits formed during the Tertiary period consist of laterite, arenaceous and argillaceous sandstone clay. These deposits are found in the Blocks of Arantangi, Gandarvakottai, Alangudi and Thiruvarankulam. Cretaceous deposits consisting of clay, limestone, sand stone and clayey sand stone are found in some parts of Gandarvakottai, Thirumayam and Pudukkottai. Unconsolidated coastal alluvial deposits consisting of sand gravel and silt are found along the river bed. Silt and clay deposits of Quaternary period are found in the blocks of Avudaiyarkoil and Manalmelkudi. Sand deposits with beach ridges and dunes are identified near the coastal boundary of Pudukkottai District.

3.3.4 Hydrogeology

Geologically in Pudukkottai district is covered by hard rocks and sedimentary regions.

Hard Rock Regions

Around 45% of this district is underlain by hard massive formations of Archaean age. Granitic gneiss, hornblende biotite gneiss, charnockites, pegmatites and quartzites are the various types of rocks encountered in the hard rock region. Thirumayam, major part of Thirumayam and parts of Pudukkottai taluk are occupied by crystalline rocks.

Sedimentary Regions

The area occupied by sedimentary formations belonging to 1. Cretaceous 2.Tertiary and 3. Recent ages fall on the eastern half of the district. The total extent occupied by sedimentary formations amounts to 55% of the total geographical area of the district. Tertiary deposits of Pudukkottai district consists of laterite, arenaceous and argillaceous sand stone and clay.

Cretaceous deposits consists of clay, limestone, sand stone and clayey sand stone. The coastal alluvial deposits consists of unconsolidated sands, gravels and clay. Aranthangi, major parts of Gandarvakottai, Alangudi, Avudaiyarkoil and half of Manamelkudi and Pudukkottaitaluk are occupied by tertiary

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deposits. Minor parts of Gandarvakottai, Thirumayam and half of Pudukottai taluks are occupied by cretaceous deposits. Half of Manamelkudi and minor parts of Avudaiyarkoil taluks are occupied by Quarternary deposits.

Drilling of bore holes:

The occurrence and movement of groundwater in hard rock formations are restricted to the porous zones of weathered formations and the open systems of fractures, fissures and joints. Generally, in hard rock regions, occurrence of weathered thickness is discontinuous both in space and depth. Hence recharge of groundwater in hard rock formations is influenced by the intensity and depth of weathering. The subsurface lithological condition and the aquifer characters can be ascertained by drilling exploratory boreholes and conducting pump tests.

The State Ground and Surface Water Resources Data Centre, during the course of investigation has drilled more than 92 boreholes spread over the entire district to find out the nature and behaviour of the subsurface material and their water holding and water yielding capability. The weathering zone in the district varies from 7 to 22 metres below ground level.

Aquifer Parameters:

Hard rock

The thickness of aquifer in Pudukottai district varies between 12 m to 45 m below G.L. The intensity and degree of weathering and fracture development in the crystalline formations play a vital role in the development of intergranular porosity. Whenever gneissic formations occur deep and very high intensity of weathering is observed. While in charnockite area weathering is moderate. The aquifer parameter in hard rock region of the district is observed to be as follows:

Parameters	Range
Well yield in LPM	1-2 lpm
Transmissivity (T) m ² /day	5-25 m ² /day
Permeability (K) m/day	3-16 m/day

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Sedimentary formations:

Cretaceous formations

The cretaceous formations are the oldest among the sedimentary formations occurring in the district, cropping out along a narrow belt of 6-8 kms width adjoining the archaean complex. These formations are found in the eastern parts of Thirumayam taluk and nearly in the half of Pudukkottai, Alangudi and Gandarvakottai. Taluks, consists mainly of coarse grained sand, clay, clayey sandstone associated with kankar and gravel. The aquifer parameter values of the cretaceous formations are given below.

Parameters	Range
Well yield in LPM	3-4lpm
Transmissivity (T) m ² /day	9-47 m ² /day
Permeability (K) m/day	0.5-2.80 m/day

Tertiary formations

The tertiary formations encountered in this district are of Miocene and Pliocene ages and are found in the entire Aranthangi and Avudaiyar koil taluks and also along the eastern parts of the pudukottai and alanguditaluks consisting mainly of sandstones, claybound sands, sandy clay, shales, etc., The aquifer parameters values of tertiary formations are given below:

Parameters	Range
Well yield in LPM	5-10lpm
Transmissivity (T) m ² /day	89-157 m ² /day
Permeability (K) m/day	1.5-3 m/day

Drilling

The drilling types are different according to the formation of the terrain. In general, DTH rigs are used in Hard rock formations for drilling a bore well at a depth ranges from 30m to 200m, according to the extension of joints, fractures, lineaments, etc in an area. In Sedimentary formations, rotary rigs with different rotors used according to the Tube well's diameter. The Bentonite clay is used in rotary rigs to avoid the collapse of the Tube well. The sedimentary tube wells are drilled up to a depth of 30m to

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Monitoring Locations	Project Site – GW 1 S.M.S.Hr.Sec.School, Kilasevalpatti – GW 2 Sree Murugan Temple, Rangiyam – GW 3 Panchayat Union Primary School, Seemanur - GW 4 Shivan Temple, Aathanur – GW5
Methodology	Water Samples were collected in 5 Litre fresh cans as per IS 3025 Part I and transported to the laboratory in Iceboxes
Frequency of Monitoring	Once in a season

3.3.5.1 Sampling Procedure

Quality of ground water was compared with IS: 10500: 1991 (Reaffirmed 1993 With Amendment NO -3 July 2010) for drinking purposes. Water samples were collected as Grab sample from five sampling locations in a 5-liter plastic jerry can and 250 ml sterilized clean glass/pet bottle for complete physico-chemical and bacteriological tests respectively. The samples were analyzed as per standard procedure / method given in IS: 3025 (Revised Part) and standard method for examination of water and wastewater Ed. 21st, published jointly by APHA.

Table 3-5: Standard Procedure

S. No	Parameters	Test Method
1	pH (at 25°C)	IS:3025(P -11)1983 RA: 2012
2	Electrical Conductivity	IS:3025(P -14) 2013
3	Colour	IS:3025 (P -4)1983 RA: 2012
4	Turbidity	IS:3025(P -10)1984 RA: 2012
5	Total Dissolved Solids	APHA 22 nd Edn.2012-2540-C
6	Total Suspended Solids	IS:3025(P-17)-1984 RA:2012
7	Total Hardness as CaCO ₃	APHA 22 nd Edn.2012-2340-C
8	Calcium as Ca	APHA 22 nd Edn.2012-3500 Ca-B
9	Magnesium as Mg	APHA 22 nd Edn.2012-3500 Mg-B
10	Chloride as Cl	IS:3025(P -32)-1988 RA: 2014
11	Sulphate as SO ₄	APHA 22 nd Edn.2012-4500 SO ₄ ⁻ -E
12	Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	APHA 22 nd Edn.2012-2320-B
13	Iron as Fe	IS:3025(P -53):2003 RA: 2014
14	Silica as SiO ₂	IS:3025(P -35)1988 RA: 2014
15	Fluoride as F	APHA 22 nd Edn.2012-4500-F-D

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16	Nitrate as NO ₃	IS:3025(P -34):1988 RA: 2014
17	Sodium as Na	IS:3025(P -45):1993 RA: 2014
18	Potassium as K	IS:3025(P -45):1993 RA: 2014
19	Coliform	IS:1622:1981:RA:2014
20	E.coli	IS:1622:1981:RA:2014

Table 3-6 Ground water sampling results

S. No	Parameters	Units	GW1	GW 2	GW 3	GW 4	GW 5
1	pH (at 25°C)	-	6.81	7.48	7.39	7.58	7.99
2	Electrical Conductivity	µS/cm	434	943	1334	1242	664
3	Colour	Hazen Unit	2	2	2	2	3
4	Turbidity	NTU	BQL(LOQ:1)	BQL(LOQ:1)	BQL(LOQ:1)	BQL(LOQ:1)	BQL(LOQ:1)
5	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	394	639	784	710	392
6	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	BQL(LOQ:2)	BQL(LOQ:2)	BQL(LOQ:2)	BQL(LOQ:2)	BQL(LOQ:2)
7	Total Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/L	196	357	310	318	188
8	Calcium Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/L	95	198	244	147	46.5
9	Magnesium Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/L	101	159	65.9	171	142
10	Calcium as Ca	mg/L	38.1	79.3	97.9	59.1	18.6
11	Magnesium as Mg	mg/L	24.5	38.6	15.9	41.5	34.4
12	Chloride as Cl	mg/L	25.4	151	182	174	29.3
13	Sulphate as SO ₄	mg/L	71.8	54.2	180	105	37.9
14	Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	mg/L	148	238	197	236	357
15	Iron as Fe	mg/L	BQL(LOQ:0.1)	BQL(LOQ:0.1)	BQL(LOQ:0.1)	BQL(LOQ:0.1)	BQL(LOQ:0.1)
16	Silica as SiO ₂	mg/L	14.9	36.1	14.5	25.3	24.2
17	Fluoride as F	Mg/L	1.59	1.221	BQL(LOQ:0.2)	1.48	1.59

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18	Nitrate as NO ₃	mg/L	7.87	41.6	23.8	47.8	7.87
19	Potassium as K	mg/L	6.42	18.5	10.4	10.1	1.25
20	Sodium as Na	mg/L	16.3	118	164	152	27.8

3.3.6 Interpretation of results:

3.3.6.1 Physical parameters of water:

The basic physical parameters of water include

Colour:

Value observed in Project Site (True/Apparent Color): 2 Hazel unit.

Acceptable and permissible limits: 5 Hazel units and 15 Hazel units respectively. The value in the project site is as same as the acceptable limits prescribed by IS 10500: 2012 (referred as “Standards” from herein).

Odour & Taste:

The water is odourless. The taste of the water is slightly salty which is due to the presence of hardness in water, which is attributed to the presence of calcium and magnesium in the water. As per the standards, the odour and taste should be agreeable.

pH:

Value observed in the Project Site: 6.81

Acceptable and permissible limits: 6.5-8.5. The pH value is the measure of acid – base equilibrium. The value of pH in the project site clearly indicates that water is slightly neutral in nature.

Turbidity:

Value observed in the Project Site: BQL(LOQ:1)

Acceptable and permissible limits: 1 NTU & 5 NTU respectively. The value of turbidity generally indicates the presence of phytoplanktons and other sediments. The value in the project site indicates the water is less turbid and no any physical treatment is required to treat the turbidity of the water.

Total Dissolved Solids:

Value observed in the Project Site: 394 mg/L.

Acceptable and permissible limits: 500 mg/L and 2000 mg/L respectively.

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The TDS is the presence of the inorganic salts and small amounts of organic matter present in the water. This is mainly due to the result of surface runoff as the cations and anions in the topsoil is carried away by the water. The value in the project site is less than the acceptable limit.

3.3.6.2 Chemical parameters of water:

The chemical parameters of the drinking water include,

Calcium:

Value observed in the Project Site: 38.1 mg/L.

Acceptable and permissible limits: 75mg/L and 200 mg/L respectively.

Calcium is the essential macronutrient. The value of the calcium is within the prescribed permissible standards. The higher level of calcium may cause hardening in domestic equipment and will also reduce the detergent efficiency. Higher levels of calcium will lead to constipation, gas, and bloating. Apart from that, extra calcium may also increase the risk of kidney stones. If the calcium deposit in blood is high, it may lead to hypercalcemia.

Magnesium:

Value observed in the Project Site: 24.5 mg/L.

Acceptable and permissible limits: 30 mg/L and 100 mg/L respectively.

The value of Magnesium in the project site is less than the acceptable limit. The increase in the level of magnesium will cause diarrhea and vomiting in children.

Chloride

Value observed in the project site: 25.4 mg/L.

Acceptable and permissible limits: 250 mg/L and 1000 mg/L respectively.

The chloride level in the project site is less than the acceptable. If the level of chloride is more, it may cause galvanic and pitting corrosion, increases level of metals. It imparts bitter taste to the water.

Total Alkalinity as CaCO₃:

Value observed in the project site: 148 mg/L.

Acceptable and permissible limits: 200 mg/L and 600 mg/L respectively.

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Total Alkalinity is the measure of the concentration of all alkaline substances dissolved in the water which includes carbonates, bicarbonates and hydroxides. The value of the total alkalinity is less than the acceptable limit in the project site, which will impart soda taste to the water.

Hardness:

Value observed in the Project Site: 196 mg/L.

Acceptable and permissible limits: 200 mg/L and 600 mg/L respectively.

The value of Hardness in the project site is within the acceptable and permissible limit. The increase in the level of hardness may cause corrosion and scaling problems, increased soap consumption and it also contributes to the salty taste of water.

3.3.6.3 Biological parameters of water:

The biological parameters of water includes E- Coli & Coliform

Value observed in the project site: <2 mpn/100ml – e-coli and <2 mpn/100ml – Coliforms

The E- coli and coliform shall not be detectable in any 100 ml sample as per the drinking water standards IS 10500:2012.

E- coli is one of the fecal coliform bacteria. The presence of this indicates the water is feacally contaminated. Without treatment, when consumed, will have water borne diseases like cholera, typhoid and diarrhea.

3.3.7 Surface Water Analysis

Surface water samples were taken from Vellanur local Pond. The results are summarized below.

Table 3-7 Surface Water Sample Results

S. No	Parameters	Units	Oonaiyur Big Tank
1	pH (at 25°C)	-	7.79
2	Electrical Conductivity	µS/cm	1385
3	Colour	Hazen Unit	30
4	Turbidity	NTU	24.1
5	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	915
6	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	52
7	Total Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/L	166
8	Calcium Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/L	89.2
9	Magnesium Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/L	76.8
10	Calcium as Ca	mg/L	35.7

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11	Magnesium as Mg	mg/L	18.8
12	Chloride as Cl	mg/L	408
13	Sulphate as SO ₄	mg/L	17.1
14	Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	mg/L	80.8
15	Iron as Fe	mg/L	1.9
16	Silica as SiO ₂	mg/L	31.9
17	Fluoride as F	Mg/L	BQL(LOQ:0.2)
18	Nitrate as NO ₃	mg/L	13.4
19	Potassium as K	mg/L	19.4
20	Sodium as Na	mg/L	333
21	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen as N	mg/L	14.1
22	Biochemical oxygen Demand @ 27°C	mg/L	21.5
23	Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	80.9
24	Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	3.58

Inference: The surface water quality is compared with the CPCB Water Quality Criteria against A, B, C, D & E class of water. From the test result, it is found that the both the water does not fit Class A (Drinking Water Source without conventional treatment but after disinfection). But they can be used for outdoor bathing as it meets the requirements shown for class B water.

3.3.8 Climatology & Meteorology:

Climate and meteorology of a place can play an important role in the implementation of any developmental project. Meteorology is also the key to understand local air quality as there is an essential relationship between meteorology and atmospheric dispersion involving wind in the broadest sense of the term.

The year may broadly be divided into four seasons:

Winter season	:	December to February
Pre-monsoon season	:	March to May
Monsoon season	:	June to September
Post-monsoon season	:	October to November

i) Climate

High temperature throughout the year. Generally, a dry and hot climate prevails in the district. The district receives the rainfall under the influence of northeast monsoon. The heaviest rainfall in the district used to be received in the month of October was 233.8 mm (Average).

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ii) Temperature

The average daily temperature ranges from a maximum of 33.7 °C to a minimum of 24 °C

iii) Rainfall:

The normal rainfall recorded at various rain gauge stations in the area ranged from 833.40 mm (Viralimalai) to 1033.8 mm (Perungalur) with an average of 910.8 mm for the district. There is a gradual increase in precipitation from east to southwest over the district. The rainfall is highest in Southeastern part of the district, which includes the coastal blocks of Manamelgudi and Avudaiyarkoil. It gradually decreases towards the northeast, where the average annual rainfall is found to be the lowest in Malaiyanur.

PUDUKKOTTAI DISTRICT -NORMAL AND ACTUAL RAINFALL (2008 TO 2017)

Unit in mm.

Year	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
2016	0	0	0	0	77.7	32.1	50.1	80.7	70.9	80.1	22.1	57.3
2017	53.9	1.3	34.6	0	19.8	54.8	41.7	217.3	93.5	89.3	88.6	29.6
2018	6.5	0.8	7	13.5	73.7	67	93.9	38.5	78.3	124.4	166.2	22.6
2019	0	0	0	6.2	3.9	17	55.6	79.3	193.1	233.8	173.3	113.9
2020	1	0	0.2	23.9	33.6	75.6	158.2	84.2	133.9	107	131.5	197.6

Source: District survey report

Metrological Data

The meteorological data – Temperature, rainfall, Wind Speed, Wind direction are recorded through AWS by setting it up in the site.

vi) Wind Rose Diagram

The wind rose denotes a class of diagrams designed to display the distribution of wind direction at a given location over a period of time. Wind roses are also useful as they project a large quantity of data in a simple graphical plot.

The wind speed & wind direction data are taken and wind rose is plotted for January to March 2023.

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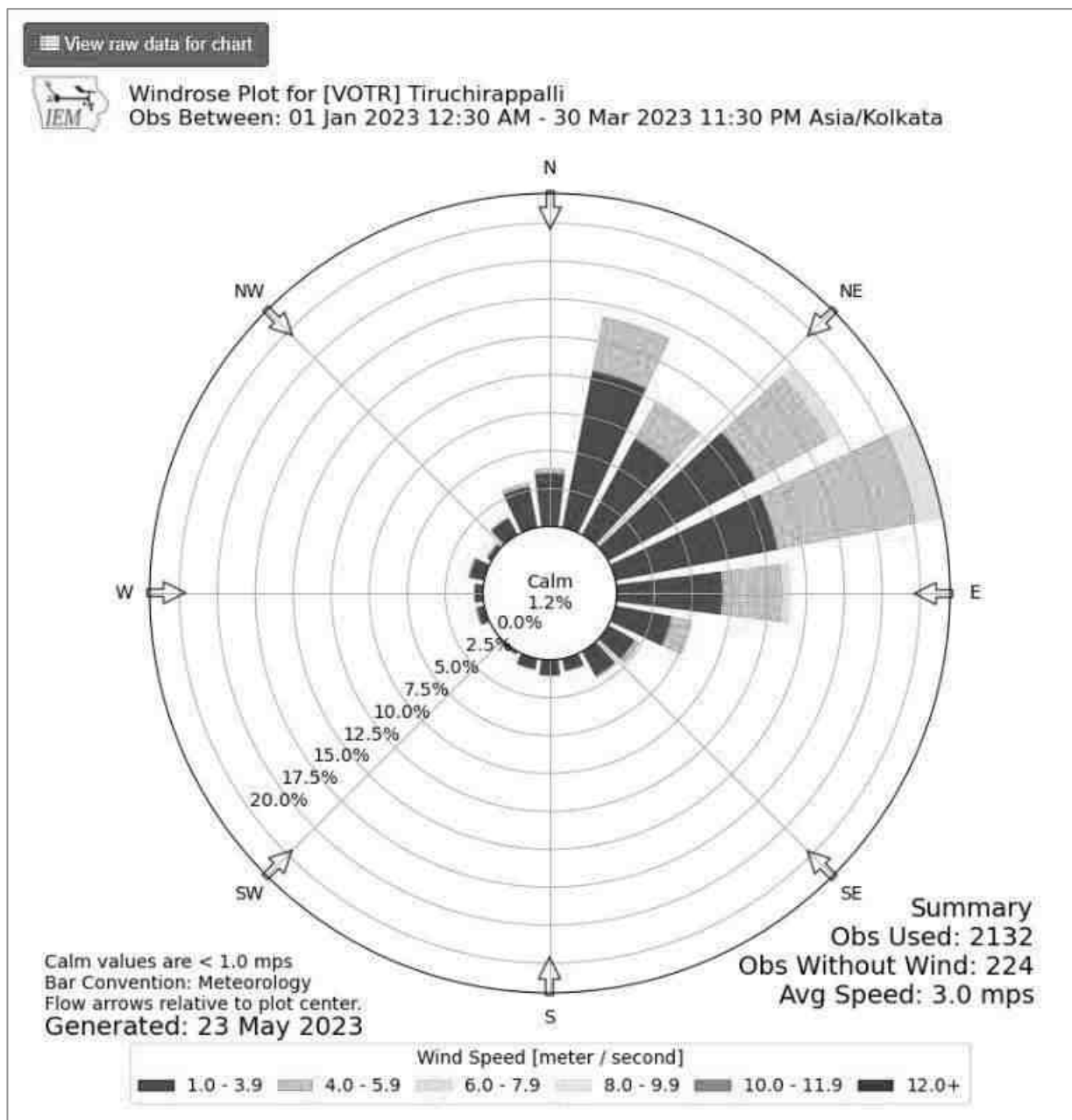


Figure 3-7 Wind rose

3.3.9 Selection of Sampling Locations:

Four Monitoring locations along with the project site is selected based on Wind Direction & Wind Speed. All the monitoring locations are chosen in the downwind direction.

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3.3 Ambient Air Quality

Table 3-8: Selection of Sampling Location

Environmental Parameters: <i>Ambient Air</i>			
Monitoring Period	January to March 2023		
Design Criteria	The monitoring stations are selected based on factors like topography/terrain, prevailing meteorological conditions like predominant wind direction (January to March 2023), etc, play a vital role in the selection of air sampling stations. Based on these criteria, 5 air sampling station were selected in the area as shown below.		
Monitoring Locations	Location & Code	Distance (km)	Direction
	Project Site - AAQ 1	-	-
	Shivan Temple, Aathanur – AAQ 2	5.70	Crosswind SE
	Panchayat Union Primary School, Seemanur – AAQ 3	4.13	Upwind NEE
	Sree Murugan Temple, Rangiyam – AAQ 4	7.25	Crosswind NW
	S.M.S.Hr.Sec.School, Kilasevalpatti - AAQ 5	5.21	Downwind SW
Methodology	Respirable Particulate Matter (PM10) - Gravimetric (IS 5182: Part 23:2006) Particulate Matter PM2.5 - Gravimetric (Fine particulate matter) Sulphur Dioxide - Calorimetric (West & Gaeke Method) (IS 5182: Part 02: 2001) Nitrogen Dioxide - Calorimetric (Modified Jacob & Hocheiser Method) (IS 5182: Part 06:2006)		
Frequency of Monitoring	2 days in a week, 4 weeks in a month for 3 months in a season.		

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3.4.1 Ambient Air Quality: Results & Discussion

The test results of the ambient air quality monitored in project site and other four locations is summarized below.

Code	Location	PM 10 (µg/m ³)				PM 2.5 (µg/m ³)				SO ₂ (µg/m ³)				NO _x (µg/m ³)			
		Min	Max	Avg	98 %	Min	Max	Avg	98 %	Min	Max	Avg	98 %	Min	Max	Avg	98 %
AAQ 1	Project Site	41	55	47.5	53.62	16	23	19.8	23.0	6	10	8	9.54	11	21	16.0	20.54
AAQ 2	Shivan Temple, Aathanur	47	59	53.8	58.54	19	27	23.6	27.0	6	14	9.2	13.08	14	27	18.8	25.62
AAQ 3	Panchayat Union Primary School, Seemanur	57	65	60.5	64.08	22	32	26.7	31.08	11	20	14.4	19.54	21	34	25.3	33.08
AAQ 4	Sree Murugan Temple, Rangiyam	51	61	57.2	61	22	39	25.6	28.54	8	15	11.4	14.54	14	27	20.1	26.54
AAQ 5	S.M.S.Hr.Sec.School, Kilasevalpatti	58	67	62.5	66.08	27	34	29.7	33.08	14	21	16.5	21.0	24	41	30.5	40.54
NAAQ Standards - Residential Area		100 (µg/m ³)				60(µg/m ³)				80 (µg/m ³)				80 (µg/m ³)			

Table 3-9 Ambient Air Quality

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu	
Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	

3.4.2 Interpretation of ambient air quality:

To assess the impact, AAQ were monitored in project site and four locations.

Observation:

The Maximum value of PM10 (67 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$), PM 2.5(39 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$), SOx 21 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) ,NOx (41 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) is observed in different places.

Inference:

The monitoring results for PM10, PM2.5, NOx was found to be high in S.M.S.Hr.Sec.School, Kilasevalpatti Village which densely populated small rural area where there is no commercial development like industry, college, etc. The only contributing factor to the higher values is due to the vehicular movement. In the absence of vehicular movement, the values of PM10, PM2.5, NOx was found to be less.

The observed values are all well within the Standards prescribed by NAAQ.

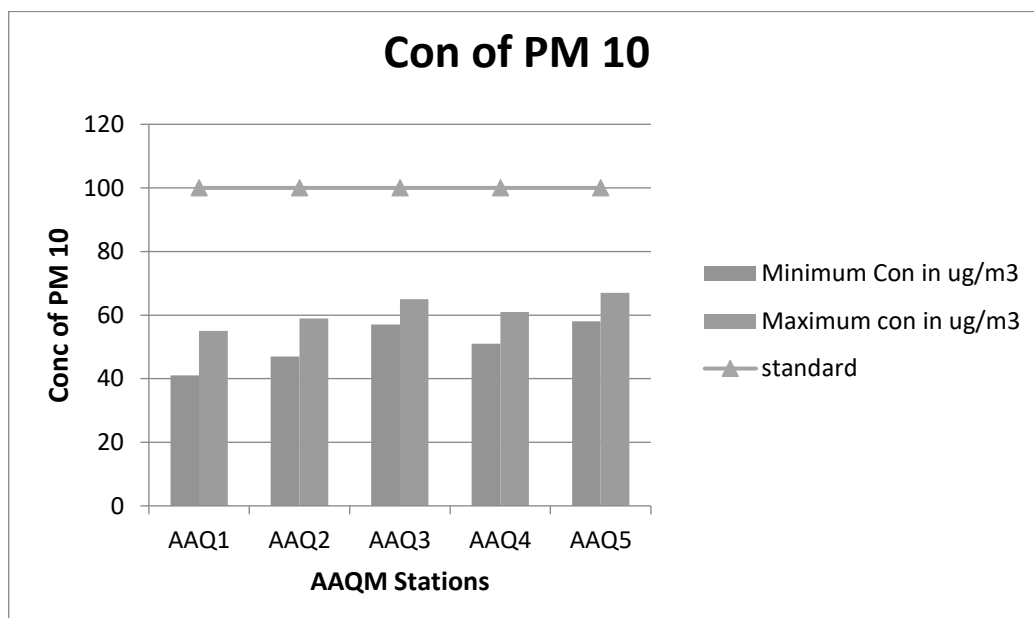


Figure 3-8 Concentration of PM10 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) in Study Area

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu	
Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	

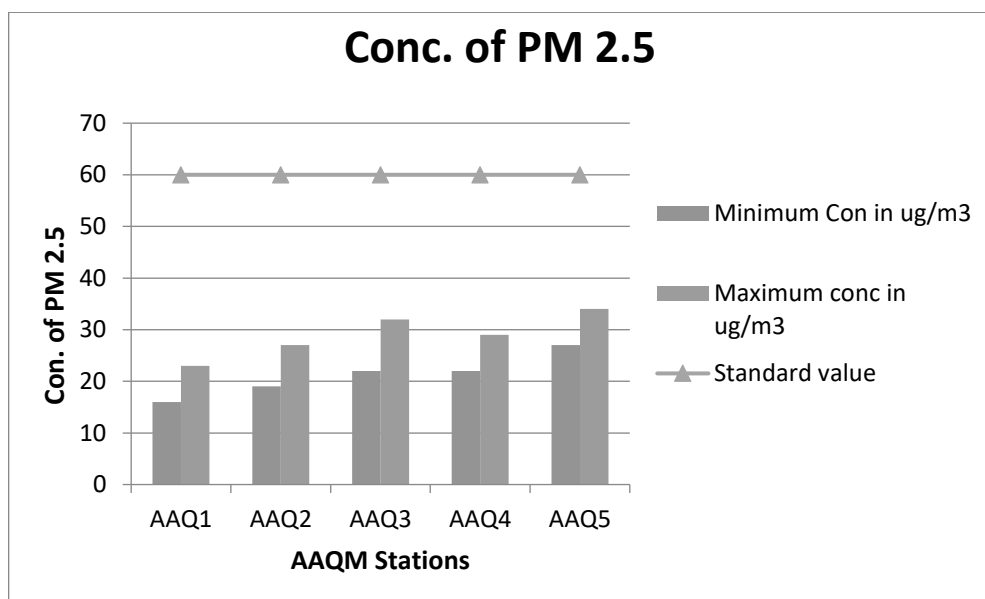


Figure 3-9 Concentration of PM2.5 (ug/m³) in Study Area

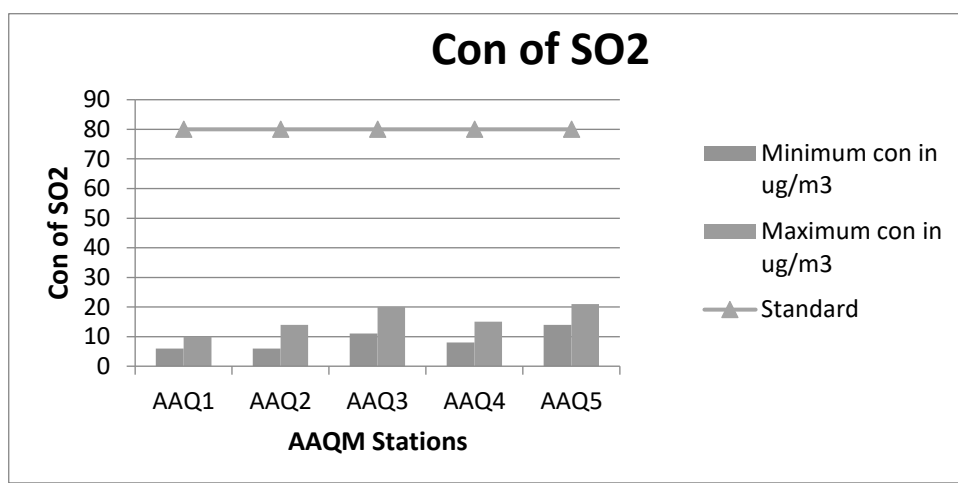


Figure 3-10 Concentration of SO_x (ug/m³) in Study Area

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu	
Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	

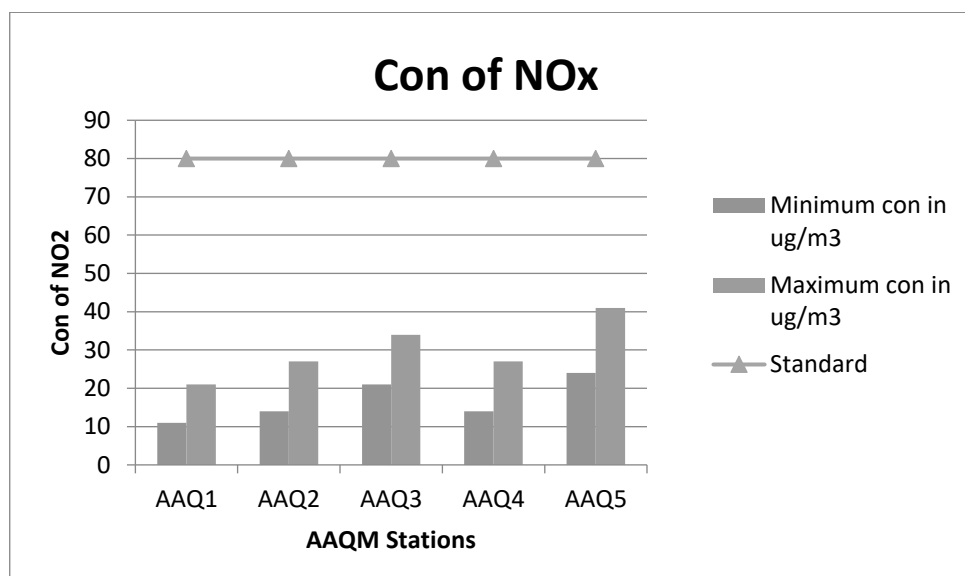


Figure 3-11 Concentration of NOx (ug/m³) in Study Area

3.4 Noise Environment:

Table 3-10 Noise Analysis

Environmental Parameters: <i>Noise Analysis</i>			
Monitoring Period	January to March 2023		
Design Criteria	Based on the Sensitivity of the area		
Monitoring Locations	Location & Code	Distance (km)	Direction
	Project Site - N 1	-	-
	Shivan Temple, Aathanur – N 2	5.70	Crosswind SE
	Panchayat Union Primary School, Seemanur – N 3	4.13	Upwind NEE
	Sree Murugan Temple, Rangiyam – N 4	7.25	Crosswind NW
	S.M.S.Hr.Sec.School, Kilasevalpatti - N 5	5.21	Downwind SW
Methodology	Noise level measurements were taken at the selected locations using noise level meter both during day and nighttime. Noise level		

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	measurements were taken continuously for 24 hours at hourly intervals
Frequency Monitoring	Noise samples were collected from 5 locations - Once in a season

Ambient Noise Levels are monitored in the chosen 5 Locations including the project Site and the monitoring results are summarized below.

3.5.1 Day Noise Level (Leq day)

Table 3-11 Day Noise Level (Leq day)

Location	Leq day in dB(A)		
	Max	Min	Average
Project Site	57	48	52
Shivan Temple	60	51	56
Panchayat Union Primary School, Seemanur	63	54	59
Sree Murugan Temple, Rangiyam	61	51	57
S.M.S.Hr.Sec.School, Kilasevalpatti	65	55	61

3.5.2 Night Noise Level (Leq Night)

Table 3-12 Night Noise Level (Leq Night)

Location	Leq Night in dB(A)		
	Max	Min	Average
Project Site	46	38	42
Shivan Temple	48	39	44
Panchayat Union Primary School, Seemanur	52	44	48
Sree Murugan Temple, Rangiyam	50	43	46
S.M.S.Hr.Sec.School, Kilasevalpatti	53	45	49

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Observation:

The maximum Day noise and Night noise were found to be 65 dB(A) and 55 dB(A) respectively in S.M.S.Hr.Sec.School, Kilasevalpatti. The minimum Day Noise and Night noise were 46 dB(A) and 38 dB(A) respectively which was observed in Project Site.

The observed values are all well within the Standards prescribed by CPCB.

3.5 Soil Environment

Soil environment is studied for 10 km radius from the project site. The 10 km radius image shows that the soil is not affected by any kind of erosion.

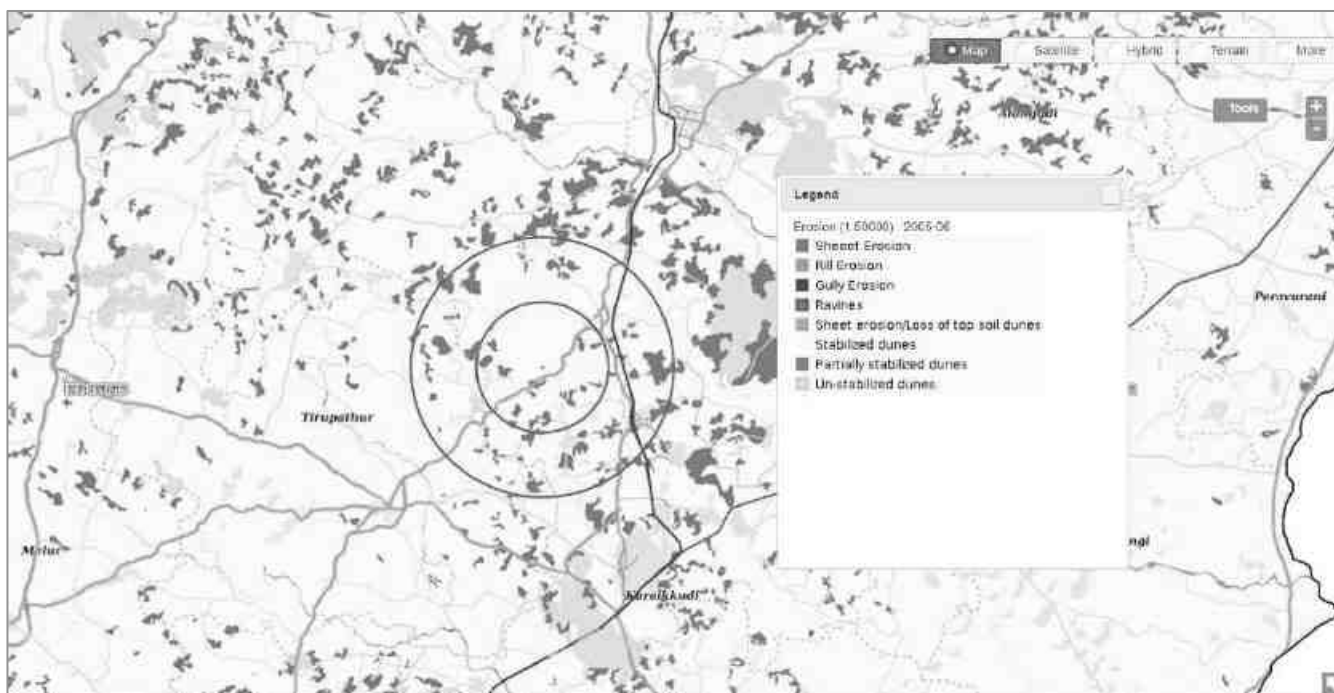


Figure 3-12 Soil Erosion pattern within 5 km radius of the project site

3.6.1 Baseline Data:

The present study of the soil quality establishes the baseline characteristics which will help in future in identifying the incremental concentrations if any, due to the operation Phase of the proposed project. The sampling locations have been identified with the following objectives:

- To determine the impact of proposed project on soil characteristics and

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- To determine the impact on soils more importantly from agricultural productivity point of view.

Table 3-13 Soil Quality Analysis

Environmental Parameters: <i>Soil Quality Analysis</i>	
Monitoring Period	January to March 2023
Design Criteria	Based on the environmental settings of the study area
Monitoring Locations	Project Site – SQ 1, S.M.S.Hr.Sec.School, Kilasevalpatti – SQ 2, Sree Murugan Temple, Rangiyam – SQ 3, Panchayat Union Primary School, Seemanur – SQ 4 Shivan Temple, Aathanur – SQ 5
Methodology	Composite soil samples using sampling augers and field capacity apparatus
Frequency of Monitoring	Soil samples were collected from 5 locations Once in a season

To assess the soil quality of the study area, 5 monitoring stations were selected and the results are summarized below.

Table 3-14 Soil Quality Analysis

S.No	Parameters	Unit	SQ 1	SQ 2	SQ 3	SQ 4	SQ5
1	pH (at 25°C)	-	6.97	6.93	6.77	7.43	7.23
2	Specific Electrical Conductivity	ms/cm	0.19	0.14	0.1	0.11	0.16
3	Water Holding Capacity	ml/L	4	5.6	5.2	6.2	6
4	Chloride	mg/Kg	12.3	102	95.4	85.5	90.2
5	Calcium	mg/Kg	44.9	56.5	42.6	58.8	41.5

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6	Sodium	mg/Kg	468	547	568	502	551
7	Pottasium	mg/Kg	497	639	642	549	581
8	Organic matter	%	2.51	0.12	0.34	1.68	0.48
9	Soluble Magnesium	mg/Kg	26.6	38.4	21.06	32.6	27.1
10	Sulphate	mg/Kg	18.5	8.58	25.8	23.8	45.2
11	CEC	meq/100 g	10.1	9.2	10.5	11.1	9.5
12	Carbonate	mg/Kg	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
13	BiCarbonate	mg/Kg	29.43	76.1	18.28	106	62.7
14	TKN	%	0.11	0.035	0.09	0.06	0.12
15	Bulk Density	g/cm ³	1.49	1.35	1.32	1.21	1.19
16	Phosphorous	mg/Kg	235	235	246	229	198
17	Sand	%	50	62.5	75	55.6	66.7
18	Clay	%	20	6.25	6.25	11.1	16.7
19	Silt	%	30	31.3	18.8	33.3	16.7
20	SAR	meq/Kg	13.7	13.8	17.8	13.0	16.3
21	Silicon	%	0.096	0.082	0.089	0.091	0.085

3.6.1.1 Physical Properties:

Regular cultivation practices increase the bulk density of soils thus inducing compaction. This results in reduction in water percolation rate and penetration of roots through soils. The soils with low bulk density have favorable physical conditions whereas those with high bulk density exhibit poor physical conditions for agriculture crops. The bulk density of the soil in the study area ranged between 1.19 to 1.49 mg/kg which indicates favorable physical condition for plant growth. The water holding capacity was found in the range of 4.0 ml/l to 6.2 ml/l.

3.6.1.2 Chemical Properties:

Chemical characteristics of soils include pH, exchangeable cations and fertility status in the form of NPK values and organic matter. The value of the pH ranges from 6.77 to 7.43, which it indicates majority of pH of the soil is slightly alkaline. The soil in the project site is sodic in nature, which challenges because

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Project Location	<i>Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.</i>	

they tend to have very poor structure which limits or prevents water infiltration and drainage. The organic matter varies from 0.12 to 2.51 mg/kg, which indicates the soil is slightly unfertile.

3.6 Ecology and Biodiversity

Ecology and Biodiversity is studied for 10 km radius around the project site. Project site and 2 km around the project site is considered as core zone and from 2 km to 10 km radius, it is considered as buffer zone.

- Primary field survey is carried out for the assessment of flora and fauna in the core zone.
- Secondary data from Journals/Literature were studied and compiled to understand the species present in the buffer zone.

3.7.1 Methods available for floral analysis:

3.7.1.1 Plot Sampling Methods

- Quadrat – 2D shape (e.g., square or rectangle, or other shape) used as a sampling unit.
- Transect
 - Line transects feature only a length dimension, usually defined by a tape stretched across the area to be sampled.
 - Belt transects have a width as well as length.
 - Pace-transects are established when the observer strides along an imaginary line across the sample site and uses their foot placement to determine specific sampling points.

3.7.1.2 Plot less Sampling Methods

- Closest individual method - Distance is measured from each random point to the nearest individual.
- Nearest neighbour method - Distance is measured from an individual to its nearest neighbour.
- Random pairs method - Distance is measured from one individual to another on the opposite side of the sample point.
- Point-centered quarter (PCQ) method - Distance is measured from the sampling point to the nearest individual in each quadrat.

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3.7.2 Field study& Methodology adopted:

To assess the suitability of the methodology, random field survey was done. Field survey was conducted around 2 km radius from the project site and five locations were chosen based on the species density. Quadrat method is chosen for the proposed study as compared to other sampling methods, because they are relatively simple to use. Quadrat plots are uniform in size and shape and distributed randomly throughout the sample area, which makes the study design straightforward. They are also one of the most affordable techniques because they require very few materials.

3.7.3 Study outcome:

Phyto-sociological parameters, such as *Density, Frequency, Basal Area, Abundance and Importance Value Index* of individual species (Trees) were determined in randomly placed quadrates of different sizes in the study area. Relative frequency, relative basal area and relative density were calculated and the sum of these three represented Importance Value Index (IVI) for various species. For shrubs, herbs and grasses, *Density, Frequency, Relative Density & Relative Frequency were found.*

Sample plots were selected in such a way to get maximum representation of different types of vegetation and plots were laid out in different part of the study area of 2 km radius. Analysis of the vegetation will help in determining the relative importance of each species in the study area and to reveal if any economically valuable species is threatened in the process.

Table 3-15 Calculation of Density, Frequency (%), Dominance, Relative Density, Relative Frequency, Relative Dominance & Important Value Index

Parameters	Formula
Density	Total No. of individuals of species/ Total No. of Quadrats used in sampling
Frequency (%)	(Total No. of Quadrats in which species occur/ Total No. of Quadrats studied) * 100
Dominance	Total Basal Area /Total area sampled
Abundance	Total No. of individuals of species/ No. of Quadrats in which they occur
Relative Density	(Total No. of individuals of species/Sum of all individuals of all species) * 100
Relative Frequency	(Total No. of Quadrats in which species occur/ Total No. of Quadrats occupied by all species) * 100
Relative Dominance	Dominance of a given species/Total Dominance of all species
Important Value Index	Relative Density + Relative Frequency + Relative Dominance

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Table 3-16 Tree Species in the core Zone

S. No.	Scientific Name	Local Name	Total No. of species	Total of Quadrants with species	Total No. of Quadrants	Density	Frequency (%)	Abundance	Dominance	Relative Density	Relative Frequency	Relative Dominance	IVI	IUCN Conservation Status
1	Ficus Carica	Athi Maram	2	2	6	0.33	33.33	1	0.28	1.68	2.17	4.45	8.31	Least Concern
2	Cassia siamea	ManjalKonrai	3	2	6	0.50	33.33	1.5	0.07	2.52	2.17	1.11	5.81	Least Concern
3	Acacia nilotica	Karuvelai	4	4	6	0.67	66.67	1	0.28	3.36	4.35	4.45	12.16	Least Concern
4	Bambusa vulgaris	Moongil	4	4	6	0.67	66.67	1	0.50	3.36	4.35	7.92	15.63	Not assessed
5	Anacardium occidentale	Cashew	1	1	6	0.17	16.67	1	0.44	0.84	1.09	6.96	8.88	Not assessed
6	Alstonia scholaris	Elilaipalai	2	2	6	0.33	33.33	1	0.27	1.68	2.17	4.31	8.16	Least Concern
7	Psidium guajava	Guava	3	3	6	0.50	50.00	1	0.23	2.52	3.26	3.61	9.39	Not assessed
8	Aegle marmelos	Vilvam	1	1	6	0.17	16.67	1	0.16	0.84	1.09	2.50	4.43	Not assessed
9	Causuarina equisetifolia	Savukku	2	2	6	0.33	33.33	1	0.21	1.68	2.17	3.34	7.20	Not assessed
10	Albizia amara	Wunja	1	1	6	0.17	16.67	1	0.20	0.84	1.09	3.22	5.14	Not assessed
11	Cocos nucifera	Thennai	10	6	6	1.67	100.0	1.67	0.15	8.40	6.52	2.39	17.32	Not assessed
12	Artocarpus heterophyllus	Palaa	2	2	6	0.33	33.33	1	0.18	1.68	2.17	2.85	6.70	Not assessed
13	Bombax ceiba	Sittan	4	4	6	0.67	66.67	1	0.08	3.36	4.35	1.27	8.98	Not assessed
14	Azadirachta indica	Veppam	17	6	6	2.83	100.0	2.83	0.13	14.29	6.52	1.98	22.79	Not assessed
15	Delonix regia	Cemmayir-Konrai	1	1	6	0.17	16.67	1	0.21	0.84	1.09	3.34	5.27	Least Concern
16	Delonix elata	Perungondrai	1	1	6	0.17	16.67	1	0.17	0.84	1.09	2.62	4.54	Least Concern
17	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham	1	1	6	0.17	16.67	1	0.15	0.84	1.09	2.29	4.21	Not assessed
18	Ficus benghalensis	Alai	2	2	6	0.33	33.33	1	0.08	1.68	2.17	1.19	5.04	Not assessed

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19	Annona squamosa	Sitapalam	1	1	6	0.17	16.67	1	0.23	0.84	1.09	3.61	5.53	Not assessed
20	Pithecellobium dulce	Kodukapuli	1	1	6	0.17	16.67	1	0.14	0.84	1.09	2.18	4.11	Not assessed
21	Ficus religiosa	Arasa maram	3	3	6	0.50	50.00	1	0.09	2.52	3.26	1.35	7.13	Not assessed
22	Couroupita guianensis	Nagalingam	5	3	6	0.83	50.00	1.67	0.14	4.20	3.26	2.18	9.64	Not assessed
23	Musa paradise	Vaazhai	3	3	6	0.50	50.00	1	0.08	2.52	3.26	1.19	6.97	Not assessed
24	Prosopis juliflora	Vaelikaruvai	3	3	6	0.50	50.00	1	0.21	2.52	3.26	3.34	9.13	Not assessed
25	Mangifera indica	Mamaram	7	6	6	1.17	100.0	1.16	0.07	5.88	6.52	1.11	13.52	Data insufficient
26	Mimusops elengi	Magizham	2	2	6	0.33	33.33	1	0.18	1.68	2.17	2.85	6.70	Not assessed
27	Morinda pubescens	Nuna	6	6	6	1.00	100.0	1	0.24	5.04	6.52	3.74	15.31	Not assessed
28	Thespesia populnea	Poovarasam	3	3	6	0.50	50.00	1	0.15	2.52	3.26	2.39	8.18	Not assessed
29	Tectona grandis	Thekku	3	3	6	0.50	50.00	1	0.12	2.52	3.26	1.88	7.66	Not assessed
30	Tamarindus indica	Puli	10	6	6	1.67	100.0	1.66	0.20	8.40	6.52	3.09	18.02	Not assessed
31	Syzygium cumini	naval	5	1	6	0.83	16.67	5	0.11	4.20	1.09	1.79	7.07	Not assessed
32	Carica papaya	Papaya	3	3	6	0.50	50.00	1	0.09	2.52	3.26	1.43	7.21	Not assessed
33	Ziziphus mauritiana	Elandai	1	1	6	0.17	16.67	1	0.28	0.84	1.09	4.45	6.38	Not assessed
34	Citrus medica	Elumichai	2	2	6	0.33	33.33	1	0.23	1.68	2.17	3.61	7.46	Not assessed
Total			119	92					6.35					

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Table 3-17 Shrubs in the Core Zone

S. No.	Scientific Name	Local Name	Total No. of species	Total of Quadrants with species	Total No. of Quadrants	Density	Frequency (%)	Abundance	Relative Density	Relative Frequency	IUCN Conservation Status
1	Jatropagossypifolia	Kaatamanaku	28	17	24	1.17	0.71	1.65	14.43	17.17	Not Assessed
2	Lantana trifolia	Shrub verbana	10	3	24	0.42	0.13	3.33	5.15	3.03	Not Assessed
3	Robiniapseudoacacia	Black locust	17	5	24	0.71	0.21	3.4	8.76	5.05	Least Concern
4	Lantana camara	Unnichedi	9	6	24	0.38	0.25	1.5	4.64	6.06	Not Assessed
5	Calotropis gigantea	Erukam	14	12	24	0.58	0.50	1.17	7.22	12.12	Not Assessed
6	Stachytarpheaurticifolia	Rat tail	15	9	24	0.63	0.38	1.67	7.73	9.09	Not Assessed
7	Datura metal	Ummattangani	5	4	24	0.21	0.17	1.25	2.58	4.04	Not Assessed
8	Hibiscus rosa sinensis	Sembaruthi	3	2	24	0.13	0.08	1.5	1.55	2.02	Not Assessed
9	Tabernaemontanadivaricata	Crepe Jasmine	3	3	24	0.13	0.13	1	1.55	3.03	Not Assessed
10	Chloromolaena odorata	Venapacha	9	6	24	0.38	0.25	1.5	4.64	6.06	Least Concern
11	Euphorbia geniculata	Amman Pacharisi	3	3	24	0.13	0.13	1	1.55	3.03	Not Assessed
12	Catharanthus roseus	Nithyakalyani	3	3	24	0.13	0.13	1	1.55	3.03	Not Assessed
13	Woodfordiafruticosa	Velakkai	3	3	24	0.13	0.13	1	1.55	3.03	Least Concern
14	Morindapubescens	Mannanunai	2	2	24	0.08	0.08	1	1.03	2.02	Not Assessed
15	Acalypha indica	Kuppaimeni	20	8	24	0.83	0.33	2.5	10.31	8.08	Not Assessed
16	Parthenium hysterophorous	Vishapoondur	50	13	24	2.08	0.54	3.85	25.77	13.13	Not Assessed

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Table 3-18 Herbs & Grasses in the core zone

S. No.	Scientific Name	Local Name	Total No. of species	Total of Quadrants with species	Total No. of Quadrants	Density	Frequency (%)	Abundance	Relative Density	Relative Frequency	IUCN Conservation status
1	Plumbago zeylanica	Chittiramoolam	3	3	30	0.10	0.10	1	1.19	3.23	Not assessed
2	Mimosa pudica	Thottacherungi	6	5	30	0.20	0.17	1.2	2.38	5.38	Least concern
3	Sida acuta	Malaidangi	10	3	30	0.33	0.10	3.33	3.97	3.23	Not assessed
4	Scrophularia nodosa	Sarakkothini	15	7	30	0.50	0.23	2.14	5.95	7.53	Not assessed
5	Helicteresisora	Valampuri	2	2	30	0.07	0.07	1	0.79	2.15	Not assessed
6	Cynodondactylon	Arugu	12	6	30	0.40	0.20	2	4.76	6.45	Not assessed
7	Sporobolus fertilis	Giant Parramatta Grass	9	4	30	0.30	0.13	2.25	3.57	4.30	Not assessed
8	Viburnum dentatum	Viburnum	5	5	30	0.17	0.17	1	1.98	5.38	Least concern
9	Heraculem spondylium	Hog Weed	20	10	30	0.67	0.33	2	7.94	10.75	Not assessed
10	Laportea canadensis	Peruganchori	30	20	30	1.00	0.67	1.5	11.90	21.51	Not assessed
11	Euphorbia hirta	Amman Pacharisi	5	4	30	0.17	0.13	1.25	1.98	4.30	Not assessed
12	Tridax procumbens	Vettukaayathalai	5	4	30	0.17	0.13	1.25	1.98	4.30	Not assessed
13	Tephrosia purpurea	Kavali	20	4	30	0.67	0.13	5	7.94	4.30	Not assessed
14	Sida cordifolia	Maanikham	45	4	30	1.50	0.13	11.25	17.86	4.30	Not assessed
15	Tridax procumbens	Cuminipachai	15	4	30	0.50	0.13	3.75	5.95	4.30	Not assessed
16	Ruellia strepens	Grandinayagam	25	4	30	0.83	0.13	6.25	9.92	4.30	Not assessed
17	Senna occidentalis	Nattamsakarai	25	4	30	0.83	0.13	6.25	9.92	4.30	Not assessed

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3.7.4 Calculation of species diversity by Shannon – wiener Index, Evenness and richness by Margalef:

Biodiversity index is a quantitative measure that reflects how many different types of species, there are in a dataset, and simultaneously takes into account how evenly the basic entities (such as individuals) are distributed among those types of species. The value of biodiversity index increases both when the number of types increases and when evenness increases. For a given number of type of species, the value of a biodiversity index is maximized when all type of species are equally abundant. Interpretation of Vegetation results in the study area is given below.

Table 3-19 Calculation of species diversity

Description	Formula
Species diversity – Shannon – Wiener Index	$H = \sum [(p_i) * \ln(p_i)]$ Where p_i : Proportion of total sample represented by species. i : number of individuals of species i / total number of samples
Evenness	$H / H_{\max}$ $H_{\max} = \ln(s) =$ maximum diversity possible $S =$ No. of species
Species Richness by Margalef	$RI = S - 1 / \ln N$ Where S = Total Number of species in the community N = Total Number of individuals of all species in the community

3.7.5 Calculation of species diversity by Shannon – wiener Index, Evenness and richness by Margalef for trees

i. Species Diversity

Scientific Name	Common Name	No. of Species	Pi	ln (Pi)	Pi x ln (Pi)
Ficus Carica	Athi Maram	2	0.017857	-4.02535	-0.07188
Cassia siamea	ManjalKonrai	2	0.017857	-4.02535	-0.07188
Acacia nilotica	Karuvelai	4	0.035714	-3.3322	-0.11901
Bambusa vulgaris	Moongil	4	0.035714	-3.3322	-0.11901
Anacardium occidentale	Cashew	2	0.017857	-4.02535	-0.07188
Alstonia scholaris	Elilaipalai	2	0.017857	-4.02535	-0.07188

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Psidium guajava	Guava	3	0.026786	-3.61989	-0.09696
Aegle marmelos	Vilvam	1	0.008929	-4.7185	-0.04213
Causuarina equisetifolia	Savukku	2	0.017857	-4.02535	-0.07188
Albizia amara	Wunja	1	0.008929	-4.7185	-0.04213
Cocos nucifera	Thennai	15	0.133929	-2.01045	-0.26926
Artocarpus heterophyllus	Palaa	2	0.017857	-4.02535	-0.07188
Bombax ceiba	Sittan	4	0.035714	-3.3322	-0.11901
Azadirachta indica	Veppam	10	0.089286	-2.41591	-0.21571
Delonix regia	Cemmayir-Konrai	1	0.008929	-4.7185	-0.04213
Delonix elata	Perungondrai	1	0.008929	-4.7185	-0.04213
Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham	1	0.008929	-4.7185	-0.04213
Ficus benghalensis	Alai	2	0.017857	-4.02535	-0.07188
Annona squamosa	Sitapalam	1	0.008929	-4.7185	-0.04213
Pithecellobium dulce	Kodukapuli	1	0.008929	-4.7185	-0.04213
Ficus religiosa	Arasa maram	3	0.026786	-3.61989	-0.09696
Couroupita guianensis	Nagalingam	5	0.044643	-3.10906	-0.1388
Musa paradise	Vaazhai	3	0.026786	-3.61989	-0.09696
Prosopis juliflora	Vaelikaruvai	3	0.026786	-3.61989	-0.09696
Mangifera indica	Mamaram	8	0.071429	-2.63906	-0.1885
Mimusops elengi	Magizham	2	0.017857	-4.02535	-0.07188
Morinda pubescens	Nuna	6	0.053571	-2.92674	-0.15679
Thespesia populnea	Poovarasam	3	0.026786	-3.61989	-0.09696
Tectona grandis	Thekku	3	0.026786	-3.61989	-0.09696
Tamarindus indica	Puli	8	0.071429	-2.63906	-0.1885
Syzygium cumini	naval	1	0.008929	-4.7185	-0.04213
Carica papaya	Papaya	3	0.026786	-3.61989	-0.09696
Ziziphus mauritiana	Elandai	1	0.008929	-4.7185	-0.04213
Citrus medica	Elumichai	2	0.017857	-4.02535	-0.07188
Total		112			-3.22

H (Shannon Diversity Index) =1.76

Shrubs

Scientific Name	Common Name	No. of Species	Pi	ln (Pi)	Pi x ln (Pi)
Jatropagossypifolia	Kaatamanaku	28	0.14433	-1.93565	-0.27937
Lantana trifolia	Shrub verbana	10	0.051546	-2.96527	-0.15285
Robiniapseudoacacia	Black locust	17	0.087629	-2.43464	-0.21335
Lantana camara	Unnichi	9	0.046392	-3.07063	-0.14245
Calotropis gigantea	Erukam	14	0.072165	-2.6288	-0.18971
Stachytarphaeurticifolia	Rat tail	15	0.07732	-2.55981	-0.19792
Datura metal	Ummattangani	5	0.025773	-3.65842	-0.09429

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Hibiscus rosa sinensis	Sembaruthi	3	0.015464	-4.16925	-0.06447
Tabernaemontanadivariata	Crepe Jasmine	3	0.015464	-4.16925	-0.06447
Chloromolaena odorata	Venapacha	9	0.046392	-3.07063	-0.14245
Euphorbia geniculata	Amman Pacharisi	3	0.015464	-4.16925	-0.06447
Catharanthus roseus	Nithyakalyani	3	0.015464	-4.16925	-0.06447
Woodfordiafruticosa	Velakkai	3	0.015464	-4.16925	-0.06447
Morindapubescens	Mannanunai	2	0.010309	-4.57471	-0.04716
Acalypha indica	Kuppaimeni	20	0.103093	-2.27213	-0.23424
Parthenium hysterophorous	Vishapoondur	50	0.257732	-1.35584	-0.34944
Total		194			-2.3656

H (Shannon Diversity Index) =1.97

Herbs

Scientific Name	Common Name	No. of Species	Pi	ln (Pi)	Pi x ln (Pi)
Plumbago zeylanica	Chittiramoolam	3	0.011905	-4.43082	-0.05275
Mimosa pudica	Thottacherungi	6	0.02381	-3.73767	-0.08899
Sida acuta	Malaidangi	10	0.039683	-3.22684	-0.12805
Scrophularia nodosa	Sarakkothini	15	0.059524	-2.82138	-0.16794
Helicteresisora	Valampuri	2	0.007937	-4.83628	-0.03838
Cynodondactylon	Arugu	12	0.047619	-3.04452	-0.14498
Sporobolus fertilis	Giant Parramatta Grass	9	0.035714	-3.3322	-0.11901
Viburnum dentatum	Viburnum	5	0.019841	-3.91999	-0.07778
Heraculem spondylium	Hog Weed	20	0.079365	-2.5337	-0.20109
Laportea canadensis	Peruganchori	30	0.119048	-2.12823	-0.25336
Euphorbia hirta	Amman Pacharisi	5	0.019841	-3.91999	-0.07778
Tridax procumbens	Vettukaayathalai	5	0.019841	-3.91999	-0.07778
Tephrosia purpurea	Kavali	20	0.079365	-2.5337	-0.20109
Sida cordifolia	Maanikham	45	0.178571	-1.72277	-0.30764
Tridax procumbens	Cuminipachai	15	0.059524	-2.82138	-0.16794
Ruellia strepera	Grandinayagam	25	0.099206	-2.31055	-0.22922
Senna occidentalis	Nattamsakarai	25	0.099206	-2.31055	-0.22922
Total		252			-2.56298

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H (Shannon Diversity Index) =2.39

i. Evenness

Details	H	H _{max}	Evenness	Species Richness (Margalef)
Trees	3.22	3.5	0.9	7
Shrubs	2.36	2.77	0.85	2.84
Herbs	2.56	2.83	0.9	2.89

From the above, it can be interpreted that herb community has higher diversity. While the tree community shows less diversity. It is also observed that most of the quadrates have controlled generation of plant species with older strands. Higher herb species diversity can be interpreted as a greater number of successful species and a more stable ecosystem where more ecological niches are available, environmental change is less likely to be damaging to the ecosystem as a whole. Species richness is high for herb community when compared with tree and shrubs.

3.7.6 Frequency Pattern

To understand the frequency pattern, the observed frequency is compared with the Raunkiaer's frequency. Any deviation from Raunkiaer's frequency implies disturbed community. Classes of species in a community and normal value of class according to Raunkiaer.

Table 3-20 Frequency Pattern

Class	Frequency (%)	Normal Value in the class
A	1-20	53
B	21-40	14
C	41-60	9
D	61-80	8
E	81-100	16

Where A>B>C>=D<E

Raunkiaer's class for the observed species

S. No.	Scientific Name	Local Name	Frequency (%)	Class as per Raunkiaer's Law
1.	Ficus Carica	Athi Maram	33.33	B
2.	Cassia siamea	ManjalKonrai	33.33	B

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3.	Acacia nilotica	Karuvelai	66.67	D
4.	Bambusa vulgaris	Moongil	66.67	D
5.	Anacardium occidentale	Cashew	33.33	B
6.	Alstonia scholaris	Elilaipalai	33.33	B
7.	Psidium guajava	Guava	50.00	C
8.	Aegle marmelos	Vilvam	16.67	A
9.	Causuarina equisetifolia	Savukku	33.33	B
10.	Albizia amara	Wunja	16.67	A
11.	Cocos nucifera	Thennai	100	E
12.	Artocarpus heterophyllus	Palaa	33.33	B
13.	Bombax ceiba	Sittan	66.67	D
14.	Azadirachta indica	Veppam	100	E
15.	Delonix regia	Cemmayir-Konrai	16.67	A
16.	Delonix elata	Perungondrai	16.67	A
17.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham	16.67	A
18.	Ficus benghalensis	Alai	33.33	B
19.	Annona squamosa	Sitapalam	16.67	A
20.	Pithecellobium dulce	Kodukapuli	16.67	A
21.	Ficus religiosa	Arasa maram	50.00	C
22.	Couroupita guianensis	Nagalingam	50.00	C
23.	Musa paradise	Vaazhai	50.00	C
24.	Prosopis juliflora	Vaelikaruvai	50.00	C
25.	Mangifera indica	Mamaram	100	E
26.	Mimusops elengi	Magizham	33.33	B
27.	Morinda pubescens	Nuna	100	E
28.	Thespesia populnea	Poovarasam	50.00	C
29.	Tectona grandis	Thekku	50.00	C
30.	Tamarindus indica	Puli	100	E
31.	Syzygium cumini	naval	16.67	A
32.	Carica papaya	Papaya	50.00	C
33.	Ziziphus mauritiana	Elandai	16.67	A
34.	Citrus medica	Elumichai	33.33	B

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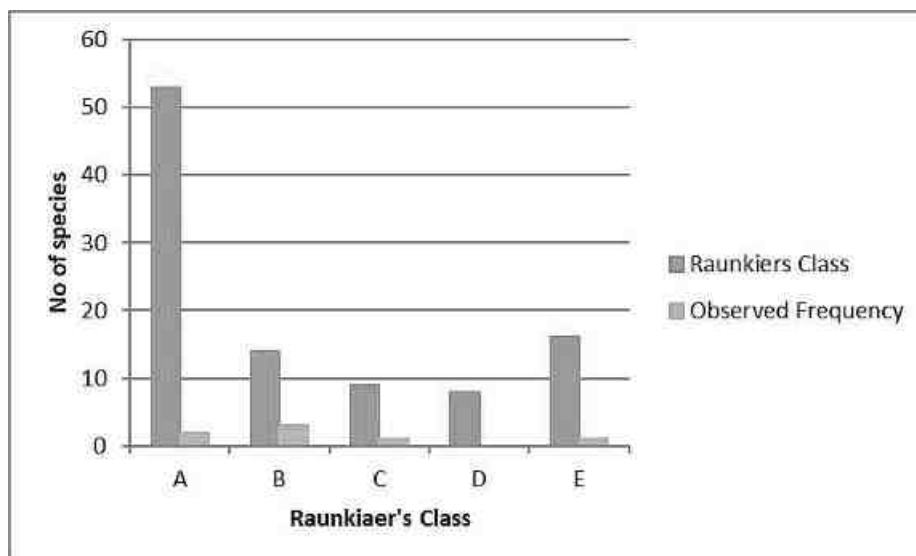


Figure 3-13 Raunkiaer's class for the observed species

Interpretation: The observed frequency is $A < B > C > D < E$, which does not follow Raunkiaer's Distribution Frequency and hence the ecology is disturbed.

3.7.7 Floral study in the Buffer Zone:

Economically important Flora of the study area

Agricultural crops: Paddy, Maize are the main crop grown. Different fruits like Banana, papaya, mangoes, guava and vegetables like brinjal, drumsticks, onion, Coriander also grown by the local people.

Medicinal species: The nearby area is also endowed with the several medicinal species which are commonly available in the shrub forest and waste lands. The common medicinal species of the region are *Asparagus racemosus* (satamulli), *Aegle marmelos* (golden apple), *Azadirachta indica* (Neem) etc.

Rare and endangered floral species: There are no rare or endangered or threatened (RET) species of in the study area. During the vegetation survey, there are no any species which are endangered or threatened under IUCN (International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural resources) guidelines.

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3.7.8 Faunal Communities

Both direct and indirect observation methods were used to survey the fauna.

- Point Survey Method: Observations were made in each site for 15 minutes duration.
- Road Side Counts: The observer traveled by motor vehicles from site to site, all sightings were recorded (this was done both in the day and night time). An index of abundance of each species was also established.
- Pellet and Track Counts: All possible animal tracks and pellets were identified and recorded (South Wood, 1978).

Additionally, survey of relevant literature was also done to consolidate the list of fauna distributed in the buffer zone.

Based on the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 (WPA 1972, Anonymous. 1991, Upadhyay 1995, Chaturvedi and Chaturvedi 1996) species were short-listed as Schedule II or I and considered herein as endangered species. Species listed in Ghosh (1994) are considered as Indian Red List species.

Methodology Adopted:

Point Survey method was adopted for this development project where observations were made in each site for 15 minutes duration (10 times).

Study in the core zone:

Point Survey method was adopted for the study within 2 km radius and the following species were observed.

Mammals: No wild mammalian species was directly sighted during the field survey. Discussion with local villagers located around the study area also could not confirm presence of any wild animal in that area. Three striped Palm Squirrel, Common Indian Hare, Common mongoose, Common Mouse etc were observed during primary survey.

Avifauna: Since birds are considered to be the indicators for monitoring and understanding human impacts on ecological systems (Lawton, 1996) attempt was made to gather quantitative data on the avifauna by walk through survey within the entire study area and surrounding areas. From the primary survey, a total of 26 species of avifauna were identified and recorded in the study area. The diversity of avifauna from this region was found to be quite high and encouraging.

The list of fauna species found in the study area is mentioned in Table below.

Table 3-21 List of fauna species

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Scientific Name	Common Name	Schedule of wildlife protection act	IUCN conservation status
Mammals			
Funambulus pennanti	Palm Squirrel	IV	Least Concern
Mus rattus	Indian rat	IV	Not listed
Bandicota bengalensis	Indian mole rat	IV	Least Concern
Funambulus palmarum	Three stripped palm squirrel	IV	Least Concern
Herestes edwardsii	Common Mongoose	IV	Not listed
Mus musculus	Common Mouse	IV	Least Concern
Bandicota indica	Rat	IV	Least Concern
Lepus nigricollis	Indian Hare	IV	Least Concern
Felis catus	Cat	Not listed	Not listed
Canis lupus familiaris	Indian dog	Not listed	Not listed
Bos Indicus	Indian Cow	Not listed	Not listed
Bubalus bubalis	Buffalo	I	Not listed
Sus scrofa domesticus	Domestic pig	Not listed	Not listed
Birds			
Milvus migrans	Black kite	IV	Least concern
Saxicoloides fulicatus	Indian Robin	IV	Least concern
Pycnonotus cafer	Red vented Bulbul	IV	Least concern
Phragamaticola aedon	Thick billed warbler	IV	Least concern
Pericrocotus cinnamomeus	Small Minivet	IV	Least concern
Eudynamys scolopaceus	Koel	IV	Least concern
Psittacula krameni	Rose ringed parakeet	IV	Least concern
Dicrurus marcocercus	Black drongo	IV	Least concern
Columba livia	Rock pigeon	IV	Least concern
Corvus splendens	House crow	IV	Least concern
Alcedo atthis	Small blue kingfisher	IV	Least concern
Cuculus canorus	Common Cukoo	IV	Least concern
Reptiles & Amphibians			
Chameleon zeylanicum	Chameleon	IV	Not listed
Calotes versicolor	Common garden lizard	II	Not listed

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Figure 3-15 Socio economic map surrounding the project site

Table 3-22: Demography Survey Study

Source: Census of India, 2011

Villages	Household	Population	Sex Ratio		Literacy Rate		SC	ST
			Male	Female	Male	Female		
Thulaiyanur	602	2534	1230	1304	880	756	512	1
Vellannur	1454	6014	3061	2953	2286	1809	1365	217
Madiyanallur	353	1552	766	786	509	407	349	0
Panampatti	516	2292	1167	1125	810	632	657	0
Thiruvengavasal	142	615	314	301	217	151	86	0
Perunijinai	223	919	448	471	306	238	416	0
Ariyur	261	1194	645	549	503	318	294	3
Marayappatti	389	1757	891	866	593	459	743	0
Ayingudi	600	2582	1328	1254	968	657	1143	0
Poongudi	403	1564	738	826	556	483	657	2
Vagavasal	686	3060	1550	1510	1149	901	576	4
Siruvayal	7	29	16	13	12	8	0	0
Sellukudi	111	470	239	231	164	115	232	0
Pudukkottai R.F.	8	26	12	14	10	10	0	0
Nathampannai (CT)	2261	8915	4454	4461	3617	3194	1535	9

3.8 Traffic Impact Assessment

Traffic data collected continuously for 24 hours by visual observation and counting of vehicles under three categories, viz., heavy motor vehicles, light motor vehicles and two/three wheelers. As traffic densities on the roads are high, two skilled persons were deployed simultaneously at each station during each shift- one person on each of the two directions for counting the traffic. At the end of each hour, fresh counting and recording was undertaken. Total numbers of vehicles per hour under the three categories were determined.

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Figure 3-16: Site Connectivity

Table 3-23: No. of Vehicles per Day

S. No	Vehicles Distribution	Number of Vehicles Distribution/Day	Passenger Car Unit (PCU)	Total Number of Vehicle in PCU
		NH-36	-	NH-36
1	Cars	413	1	413
2	Buses	241	3	723
3	Trucks	129	3	387
4	Two wheelers	479	0.5	240
5	Three wheelers	267	1.5	401
Total		1529	-	2164

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Table 3-24: Existing Traffic Scenario and LOS

Road	V (Volume in PCU/hr)	C (Capacity in PCU/hr)	Existing V/C Ratio	LOS
NH45	2164/24=154	427	0.36	B

Note: The existing level may be “Very Good” for NH 36.

V/C	LOS	Performance
0.0-0.2	A	Excellent
0.2-0.4	B	Very Good
0.4-0.6	C	Good/ Average/ Fair
0.6-0.8	D	Poor
0.8-1.0	E	Very Poor

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4 Anticipated Environmental Impacts & Mitigation Measures

This chapter describes the anticipated impacts on the environment and mitigation measures. The method of assessment of impacts including studies carried out, modeling techniques adopted to assess the impacts where pertinent should be elaborated in this chapter. It should give the details of the impacts on the baseline parameters, both during the construction and operational phases and suggests the mitigation measures to be implemented by the proponent.

4.1 Introduction

An environmental impact is defined as any change to the environment, whether adverse or beneficial, resulting from a facility's activities, products, or services. The anticipation of the possible & potential Environmental impact due to the proposed project is a key step in EIA. Based on the impacts assessed, appropriate mitigation measures should be adopted to maintain the environment with less or no damage.

Environmental Impacts can be group into Primary impacts & Secondary Impacts

Primary Impacts: These impacts are directly attributed by the project.

Secondary Impacts: These are those which are induced by primary impacts and include the associated investments and changed patterns of the social and economic activities by the action.

Assessment of impacts is done for the following Environmental Parameters:

- Land Environment
- Water Environment
- Air Environment
- Noise Environment
- Biological Environment
- Socio Economic Environment

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4.2 LAND ENVIRONMENT:

Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures												
<i>Mining of rough stone</i>	The proposed 0.61.0 Ha mine located in Thulaiyanur Village, Production of rough stone about 25,250m³ and 11,118m³ of Gravel respectively. The quarry operation is proposed to carry out with conventional open cast mechanized mining with 5.0-meter vertical bench and bench width of 5.0 meter. At the end of 5 years, mining lease area will be converted into ultimate pit. <table><tr><th colspan="4">ULTIMATE PIT DIMENSION</th></tr><tr><th>Pit No.</th><th>Length (m)</th><th>Width (m)</th><th>Depth (m)</th></tr><tr><td>I</td><td>109</td><td>34</td><td>13.0 (3.0m Gravel & 10.0m Rough stone)</td></tr></table>	ULTIMATE PIT DIMENSION				Pit No.	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	I	109	34	13.0 (3.0m Gravel & 10.0m Rough stone)	The proposed project site is not prone to any kind of soil erosion (Source: Bhuvan). In addition, garland drainage of 1m x 1m will be provided to avoid storm water run- off. It is proposed to plant 61 Nos (per year) of local tree species (Neem, Magizham, Tamarind, Elandhai and Vilvam) along the roads, outer periphery of the mining area which enhances the binding property of the soil. It is proposed to improve the affected land wherever possible for better land use, so as to support vegetation and creation of water reservoir in the ultimate pit after quarrying. The overburden Gravel present upto a depth of 2m BGL will be stocked in the area allotted for safety distance and will be used for plantation. The source of dust generation is majorly due to drilling, blasting, loading & unloading of the mined-out mineral, the impact will be
ULTIMATE PIT DIMENSION														
Pit No.	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)											
I	109	34	13.0 (3.0m Gravel & 10.0m Rough stone)											

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Project Location	<i>Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.</i>	

	The main impact of open cast mining on land-use is land degradation. The land is bound to be excavated for mining of Rough Stone Quarry. Impact on soil of the study area will be minimal as there are no wastewater generated, heavy metal infusion, stack emissions. Impact due to transformation of terrain characteristics over the large area results in soil degradation. Solid waste will be generated from the mining activity as there will be refuse also generation of domestic waste. If it is not properly managed, may cause odor and health problem to the workers.	mitigated by water sprinkling regularly once in 3hrs. The proposed mining activity is carried out in almost plain terrain where the contour level difference is 4m. After removal of minerals, undulating portion will be created. Excavated area or ultimate pit at the end of the mine period will be converted into water reservoir. Two tier tree belts will be planted along the safety distance. The 100% recovery is achieved by extracting the entire mineable reserve. Hence there will be no refuse generation due to the mining activity. Apart from that, a very meagre quantity of domestic waste will be generated in the project, which will be handed over to the local body on daily basis.
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<i>Project</i>	<i>New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	<i>Draft EIA Report</i>
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<i>Project Location</i>	<i>Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.</i>	

4.3 WATER ENVIRONMENT:

Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures
<i>Drilling, Blasting, Loading and unloading, Transportation of the excavated mineral.</i>	The mining in the area may cause ground water contamination due to intersection of the water table and mine runoff. The ground water depletion may occur due to mining activity. Chemicals consisting of nitrate used for blasting may pollute the surface run off.	The water table will not be intersected during mining, as the ultimate depth is limited upto 13.0meter below the ground level, whereas the ground water table is at 70 to 75m below the ground level. The municipal wastewater will be disposed into septic tanks of 5 cum and soak pit. No chemicals consisting of toxic elements will be used for carrying out mining activity. The ground water table is at a depth of 70 to 75m BGL, the mining operation will not affect the aquifer. The ultimate pit at the end of the mining operation will be used for rainwater storage, the stored water will be used for green belt development and further the stored water will be used for domestic purposes (other than drinking) after proper treatment. Further, the run-off water will be stored in sumps and after proper treatment; water will be used in the mining operation for dust suppression.

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	Improper management of Domestic wastewater in the Mine lease may create unhygienic conditions in the site thereby causing health impacts to the labours.	Provision of urinals/Latrines along with septic tank followed by soak pit arrangement will be provided in the Mine Lease area for the proper management of wastewater
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4.4 AIR ENVIRONMENT:

Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures
<i>Drilling, Blasting, Loading and unloading, Transportation of the excavated mineral.</i>	<i>Impacts during Operation Phase</i> During mining operation, fugitive dust and other air pollutants like particulate matter (PM₁₀ & PM_{2.5}) will be generated. The main source of pollutants arises due to drilling and blasting. 2 No of Tipper will be used for loading and unloading, 1 No of Excavator (0.90m³ bucket capacity (with rock breaker attachment) will be used for excavation of the mineral which contributes to the generation of fugitive dust. In addition, blasting will be done using explosives leading to the generation of dust.	<i>Mitigation Measures during Operation Phase</i> It is proposed to plant 305 Nos of local species (with 61 Nos each year) along the haul roads, outer periphery within the lease area to prevent the impact of dust in consultation with Forest department for the plantation of trees (Neem, Magizham, Tamarind, Elandhai and Vilvam) in two tier to combat air pollution and with herbs (Nerium) in between the tree species. Planning transportation routes of the mined out mineral, so as to reach the nearest paved roads (an approach road) by shortest route connecting to Sithannavasal road. Alternatively, gravelled road may be

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	<u><i>Effect on Human</i></u> • Adverse effect on human health of working labourers and neighbouring villagers like effect on breathing and respiratory system, damage to lung tissue, influenza or asthma. • Dust generation due to loading and unloading of mineral and due to transportation can also affect the workers as well as nearby villagers. <u><i>Effect on Plants</i></u> • Stomatal index may be minimized due to dust deposit on leaf.	constructed between mine lease area and nearest paved road connectivity. The speed of trucks plying on the haul road will be limited to 20km/hr to avoid generation of dust. The trucks will be covered by tarpaulin. Overloading will be avoided. Personal Protective Equipments (PPEs) like eye goggles, dust mask, leather gloves, safety shoes & boots will be provided to the workers engaged at dust generation points like excavation and loading points. 0.5 KLD of water will be proposed for sprinkling on unpaved roads to avoid dust generation during transportation.
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Air Quality Modeling:

The AERMOD is actually a modeling system with three separate components:

- AERMOD (AERMIC Dispersion Model),
- AERMAP (AERMOD Terrain Preprocessor)
- AERMET (AERMOD Meteorological Preprocessor)

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Special features of AERMOD include its ability to treat the vertical inhomogeneity of the planetary boundary layer special treatment of surface releases, irregularly shaped area sources, a plume model for the convective boundary layer, limitation of vertical mixing in the stable boundary layer, and fixing the reflecting surface at the stack base.

The AERMET is the meteorological preprocessor for the AERMOD. Input data can come from hourly cloud cover observations, surface meteorological observations and twice-a-day upper air soundings. Output includes surface meteorological observations and parameters and vertical profiles of several atmospheric parameters.

The AERMAP is a terrain preprocessor designed to simplify and standardize the input of terrain data for the AERMOD. Input data include receptor terrain elevation data. Output includes, for each receptor, location and height scale, which are elevations used for the computation of airflow around hills.

4.4.1 Source Characterization

A detailed listing of all emission sources and their corresponding modelling input release parameters and emission rates is listed in this report. A general description of how each source type was treated is presented below.

The emission Sources from the proposed operation are.

Point Sources:

Point sources for mining operations typically include dust collectors, hot water heaters, and emergency generator(s). Since at the present project the following sources are anticipated.

1. Hydraulic excavator – 1.2 Cum Bucket Capacity (with Rock Breaker Attachment)
2. Jack Hammer 25.5mm Dia
3. Tipper
4. Tractor Mounted - Compressor
5. Drilling and excavation with Accessories

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Road Sources:

A road network was developed to depict the anticipated haul truck routes and truck discharge locations during the mine operations. The anticipated emissions from the road sources and corresponding anticipated impact during the monitoring period of January to March 2023 emissions were estimated. Emissions due to haul road and general plant traffic on the unpaved road network were modelled as volume sources. The model volume source parameter for the haul roads initially utilized USEPA developed emission factors for hauling trucking. The haul road sources utilized source to source spacing of 6 meters along the simulated haul roads. The initial lateral dimension of the sources were set to 3m were used as an input to replicated a 2 truck travel adjacent for a typical mining scenario.

The parameters considered for the hauling operation include the following,

- size of haul trucks commonly used.
- degree of dust control/compaction of permanent haul roads

Other fugitive particulate emission sources:

Other fugitive particulate emission sources that were modelled as volume sources include the following:

- Fugitive emissions from trucks unloading at the primary crusher were represented by a single volume source. The release height was set to 0 meters (dump pocket is at grade level).
- Fugitive emissions due to wind erosion is not considered as the mining area is predominately rocky surface with minimal wind erosion. If a wind erosion is anticipated to occur, it would be localized.
- Fugitive emissions from transfer points were represented by single volume sources. The release heights for these sources were set to the actual height of the truck transfer process.

Post Project Scenario

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Emissions from operations will result from process equipment and mining operations. Process equipment was modeled at maximum capacity. Emissions from mining were based upon the mining rate and haul truck travel necessary to transport the stones and waste from the pit to the storage area.

Predicted maximum ground level concentrations considering micro meteorological data of February to April 2021 are superimposed on the maximum baseline concentrations obtained during the study period to estimate the post project scenario, which would prevail at the post operational phase. The overall scenario with predicted concentrations over the maximum baseline concentrations is shown in the following table along with isopleths.

Table 4-1 Controlled emission calculation (24Hour- average modelling inputs)

Activity	Emission Factor		References	
Topsoil handling	Scraper	0.029 Kg TSPM/ average time between spray application	USEPA (2008)	Jose I. Huertas & Dumar A. Camacho & Maria E. Huertas, Standardized emissions inventory methodology for open-pit mining areas, Environmental Science Pollution Research, 2012.
	Bulldozing	15.048 kg PM10/ Hr excavation	USEPA (2008)	
	Loading	2.3237E-04 kg PM10/ average time between spray application	USEPA (2006a)	
	Haulage	0.69718 kg PM10/VKT	USEPA (2006a) Cowherd (1988)	
Rough stone mining	Wet drilling	8.00E-5 lbs PM10/ Ton produce	EPA. August, 2004. Section 11.19.2, Crushed Stone Processing and Pulverized Mineral Processing. In: Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors, Volume 1:	

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	Loading	1.00E-4 lbs PM10/ Ton produce	Stationary Point and Area Sources, Fifth Edition, AP-42. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards. Research Triangle Park, North Carolina.
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4.5 NOISE ENVIRONMENT:

Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures
<i>Drilling, Blasting, Loading and unloading, Transportation of the excavated mineral.</i>	Usage of Equipments (Excavator, Tipper, Jack Hammer), Machinery and trucks used for transportation will generate noise. Noise from the machinery can cause hypertension, high stress level, hearing loss, sleep disturbance etc due to prolonged exposure. Number of vehicles will be increased due to the proposed mining activity hence vehicle may collate which may result in unwanted sound and can also cause impact on human health like breathing and	• The machinery will be maintained in good running condition so that noise will be reduced to minimum possible level. • Awareness will be imparted to the workers once in six months about the permissible noise level and effect of maximum exposure to those levels. Adequate silencers will be provided in all the diesel engines of vehicles. • It will be ensured that all transportation vehicles carry a valid PUC Certificates. • Speed of trucks entering or leaving the mine will be limited to moderate speed (20km/hr) to prevent undue noise from empty vehicles. The noise generated by the machinery will be reduced by proper lubrication of the machinery and other equipments.

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	respiratory system, damage to lung tissue, influenza or asthma.	• It is proposed to plant 305 Nos. of local species (Neem, Mandharai, Athi, Tamarind, Ashoka, Casuarinas and Villam) to reduce the impact of noise in the study area. The development of green belts around the periphery of the mine will be implemented to attenuate noise. • The trucks will be diverted on two roads viz. NH 36 & SH 201 to avoid traffic congestion. • Health check-up camps will be organized once in six months. • Use of personal protective devices i.e., earmuffs and earplugs by workers, who are working in high noise generating areas. • Provision of quiet areas, where employees can get relief from workplace noise.
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4.6 BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMNET:

Aspect	Impacts	Mitigation Measures
Site Clearance	Loss of habitat due to site clearance which may lead to ecological disturbance.	The proposed mining lease is already a dry land hence no site clearance is required. Only few shrubs and herbs like parthenium sp., prosopis juliflora were present.

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Planting of trees	Development of afforestation in the mine lease area will have a positive impact as the land was initially a barren.	7.5m safety distance will be provided all along the boundary of the mine lease area and safety. Around 0.20.9 Ha of land is utilized for greenbelt development (305 Nos – 5 years). This will attract avifauna thus enhancing the existing ecological environment.
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4.7 SOCIO ECONOMIC ENVIRONMNET:

Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures
Proposed implementation of Mining activity	Land acquisition for the implementation of the project may result in loss of assets, which in return will make the PAP to shift, losing their normal routine and livelihood	The proposed project is a own patta land of <i>Tmt.S.Azhagu</i> and the land is vacant where there are no human settlement within 500m radius. Hence the project does not involve Rehabilitation and resettlement
Drilling, Blasting, Loading and Transportation of the mined out mineral	The mining activities may cause dust emission, noise pollution thereby causing disturbance to the local habitat	No human activity is envisaged near the project site. The nearest human settlement is observed in Thulaiyanur village which is 1.37 km NNW away from the project site.
Grazing and Rearing activities in the nearby villages	The Grazing and rearing of local animals like Sheep, Goat and cows is observed in the nearby villages, which may be affected due to the project as the movement of the vehicles may affect/injure the animals	It is proposed to use gravelled road and nearest paved road and preferred not to use unpaved roads. In addition to that, the speed of trucks will be limited to 20km/hr to avoid any accidents.

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Employment opportunity	The project will improve the livelihood of the local people	After the development of the proposed mine, it will improve the livelihood of local people and also provide the direct and indirect employment opportunities. The rough stone for the infrastructural development in the area will be made available from the local markets at reasonably lower price.
Corporate Environmental Responsibility	The proposed project will help in natural resource augmentation & Community resource development.	As a part of CER, 5 Lakhs will be allocated. Government High School, Thulaiyanur – Provision of ➤ Levelling the floor inside the school perimeter and Play ground by using Gravel materials, ➤ Environmental books for library (in Tamil language), Greenbelt facilities and Basic amenities such as safe drinking water, furniture, Hygienic Toilet and maintenance of toilet upto lease period.

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4.8 Other Impacts:

S. No	Aspect	Impact	Mitigation measure
1.	Risk due to the proposed mining	Accidents may occur in the mine area	Proper PPE kit (Safety jacket, Helmet, Safety Shoes, Gloves) etc will be provided to each and every employee in the mine lease concerning the safety of each labour
2.	Blasting	Injury to the labours due to the blasting activity	Alarm system in the form of Siren will be engaged in the project site to caution the blasting activity. In addition to that, the blasting activity will be scheduled at particular time – 1.00 P.M to 2.30 P.M (or whenever required) so that the employees will be aware of the activity. Smoking will be banned in the site and sign boards will be displayed in various places at site.
3.	Screening of Labors	Labours will be checked for health condition before employing them in mining activity	All the labours will be checked and screened for health before employing them. After employing them, periodical medical check-ups will be held once in every six months.

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5 Analysis Of Alternatives

5.1 General

Analysis of alternative is a significant aspect in planning and designing any project. Cost benefit analysis should be worked out along with other parameters while choosing an alternative in such a way that the production is maximum and the mining operation is environment friendly and cost effective. The mine plan and mine closure plan has been approved by the Deputy Director, Department of Mining and Geology, Pudukkottai District prior to submission of the Form-1 and PFR.

ToR issued by the SEIAA-TN vide Letter No. SEIAA-TN/F.No.9721/SEAC/ToR-1433/2023 dated 24.04.2023. The study for alternative analysis involves in-depth examination of site and technology.

5.1.1 Analysis for Alternative Sites and Mining Technology

5.1.1.1 Alternative Site

The proposed project is the mining of Rough Stone Quarry and is proposed after prospecting the area. In other words, these can be implemented in the mineral available zone. Since the mining block has been allotted in principle by the State Government, there is no case for studying and exploring any other site as an alternative.

5.1.1.2 Alternative Technology

The open cast mining could be manual/semi-mechanized/mechanized depending upon the geological and topographical setup of the mineral (ROM) to be won and the daily/annual targeted production.

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Table 5-1: Alternative for Technology and other Parameters

S. No.	Particular	Alternative Option 1	Alternative Option 2	Remarks
1.	Technology	Opencast semi mechanized mining	Opencast mechanized mining	Opencast semi mechanized Involving drilling and blasting are preferred. Benefits: Material is hard so to make it loose and to bring it to appropriate size.
2.	Employment	Local employment.	Outsource employment	Local employment is preferred Benefits: Provides employment to local people along with financial benefits. No residential building/ housing is required.
3.	Labour transportation	Public transport	Private transport	Local labours will be deployed from Thulaiyanur village so they will either reach mine site by bicycle or by foot. Benefits: Cost of transportation of labors will be negligible
4.	Material transportation	Public transport	Private transport	Material will be transported through trucks/trolleys on the contract basis Benefits: It will give indirect employment.
5.	Water	Tanker supplier	Ground water/	Tanker supply will be preferred. Water will be sourced from Thulaiyanur Village which is located in 1.37 km NNW side from the project site.

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6 Environmental Monitoring Program

6.1 General:

This chapter covers the planned environmental monitoring program. It also includes the technical aspects of monitoring the effectiveness of mitigation measures.

Monitoring is important to measure the efficiency of control measures. Post project monitoring of environmental parameters is of key importance to assess the status of environment. The monitoring program will serve as an indicator for identifying environmental degradation due to operation of the project and help in selection of appropriate mitigation measures to safeguard the environment.

Regular monitoring is as important as control of pollution since the efficacy of control measures can only be determined by monitoring. The project proponent has awarded **M/s. Ecotech Labs Pvt Ltd** for carrying out the post project environmental monitoring (PPM) and timely compliance report submission to various regulatory authorities.

Therefore, a regular monitoring programme of the environmental parameters is essential to take into account the changes in the environmental quality. The objectives of monitoring are to: -

- Verify effectiveness of planning decisions.
- Measure effectiveness of operational procedures.
- Confirm statutory and corporate compliance; and
- Identify unexpected changes.

Table 6-1: Environmental Monitoring Programme

Parameters	Sampling	Frequency	Location
Air environment – Pollutants PM 10 PM 2.5 SO ₂	5 locations	24 hourly twice a week 4 hourly. Twice a week, One non monsoon season 8 hourly, twice a week	Project Site, Panchayat Union Primary School, Seemanur, S.M.S.Hr.Sec.School

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NO _x		24 hourly, twice a week	, Kilasevalpatti, Sree Murugan Temple, Rangiyam, Shivan Temple, Aathanur
Noise	5 locations	24 hourly Once in 5 locations	Project Site, Panchayat Union Primary School, Seemanur, S.M.S.Hr.Sec.School , Kilasevalpatti, Sree Murugan Temple, Rangiyam, Shivan Temple, Aathanur
Water (Ground water) - pH - Temperature - Turbidity - Magnesium Hardness - Total Alkalinity - Chloride - Sulphate - Fluoride - Nitrate - Sodium - Potassium - Salinity - Total nitrogen	5 locations	Once in 5 locations	Project Site, Panchayat Union Primary School, Seemanur, S.M.S.Hr.Sec.School , Kilasevalpatti, Sree Murugan Temple, Rangiyam, Shivan Temple, Aathanur
Water (surface water) - pH - Temperature - Turbidity - Magnesium Hardness	Sample from nearby lakes/river	One time Sampling	Oonaiyur Big Tank

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• Total Alkalinity • Chloride • Sulphate • Fluoride • Nitrate • Sodium • Potassium • Salinity • Total nitrogen			
Soil (Organic matter, Texture, pH, Electrical Conductivity, Permeability, Water holding capacity, Porosity)	5 locations	Once in 5 locations	Project Site, Panchayat Union Primary School, Seemanur, S.M.S.Hr.Sec.School, Kilasevalpatti, Sree Murugan Temple, Rangiyam, Shivan Temple, Aathanur
Ecology and biodiversity Study	Study area covering 5 km radius	One time Sampling	
Socio- Economic study (Population, Literacy Level, employment, Infrastructure like school, hospitals & commercial establishments)	Villages around 5 km radius	One time Sampling	

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Table 6-2: Monitoring Schedule during Mining

S. No.	Attributes	Parameters	Frequency	Location
1.	Ambient Air Quality at Mine Site & Fugitive Dust Sampling	PM 10 PM 2.5 SO ₂ NO _x	Once in a Month	Project Site
2.	Ground water Quality	Drinking Water Parameters, As per IS - 10500: 2012	Half yearly	Project Site
3.	Surface Water Quality	Class will be assessed as per the CPCB Guidelines	Half yearly	Project Site
4.	Soil Quality	(Organic matter, Texture, pH, Electrical Conductivity, Permeability, Water holding capacity, Porosity)	Half yearly	Project Site
5.	Noise Level Monitoring	Noise level in dB(A) Quarterly/half yearly	Half yearly	Project Site

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7 Additional Studies

7.1 General

This chapter covers the details of the additional studies viz. Risk assessment, Disaster Management, Public Hearing, Rehabilitation and Resettlement.

7.1.1 *Public Hearing:*

As the proposed mining project falls under 1(a), Category B1 – Cluster Mining (includes

Existing Other Quarries

Thiru.S.Ramaiah – 0.72.0 Ha

Thiru.S.Ramaiah – 0.70.0 Ha

M/s.Eswar Enterprises – 0.67.0 Ha

Proposed Area

Tmt.S.Azhagu – 0.61.0 Ha

Thiru.A.Chinniah – 0.75.5 Ha

Lease Expired:

R.M.Subbiah – 1.21.5 Ha – 23.01.2014 to 22.01.2019

Tmt.C,Chitra – 0.70.0 Ha – 20.09.2011to 19.09.2016

Valayanvayal Grama Kalludaikul Thozhilalargal Nala Sangam – 0.40.0 Ha – 30.10.2017 to 29.10.2022

Thiru.K.Ramaiah – 1.20.0 Ha – 30.08.2017 to 29.08.2022

Thiru.K.Subbiah – 0.40.0 Ha – 02.01.2017 to 01.01.2022

The Total extent of the Existing / Lease expired / Proposed quarries are 5.45.5 Ha

Hence under 7(III) of EIA notification 2006 and its subsequent amendments, the project involves the Public Consultation and the same will be conducted under SPCB (TN) in Pudukkottai District. The proceedings of the same will be incorporated in the Final EIA Report.

7.1.2 *Risk assessment:*

For mining projects to be successful, it should meet not only the production requirements, but also maintain the highest safety standards for all the workers. The industry has to identify the hazards, assess the associated risks and bring the risks to tolerable level regularly. Mining has considerable safety

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risk to miners. Unsafe conditions and practices in mines lead to a number of accidents and causes loss and injury to human lives, damage property, interrupt production etc. Risk assessment is a systematic method of identifying and analyzing the hazards associated with an activity and establishing a level of risk. The hazards cannot be completely eliminated, and thus there is a need to define and estimate an accident risk level possible to be presented either in quantitative or qualitative way.

7.1.3 Identification of Hazard

7.1.3.1 Blasting Pattern:

The quarrying operation will be carried out by Opencast Mechanized method in conjunction with conventional method of mining using Jack Hammer drilling and blasting for shattering effect and loosen the Rough Stone.

7.1.3.2 Drilling and Blasting:

Drilling and Blasting parameters are as follows:

Diameter of Hole	30-32 mm
Spacing between holes	1.2 m
Depth	1 to 1.5 m
Pattern of hole	Zigzag
Inclination of holes	80° from Horizontal
Use of delay detonators	25 milli-second delays
Detonating fuse	“Detonating” Cord

a. Types of explosives to be used:

Small dia of 30-32mm Slurry explosives are proposed to be used for shattering and heaving effect for removal and winning of Rough Stone. No deep hole drilling or Primary blasting is proposed.

b. Measures proposed to minimize ground vibration due to Blasting:

The quarry is situated more than 0.33 km from the nearby villages. Controlled blasting measures will be adopted for minimizing ground vibration and fly of rock. Shallow depths jackhammer

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drilling & blasting is proposed to be carried out with minimum use of explosive mainly to give the shattering effect in rough stone for easy excavation and to control fly of rocks.

Diameter of Holes	=	30 - 32 mm
Powder factor	=	6 to 7 Tons/Kg of explosives
Depth	=	1 to 1.5 m
Charge/Hole	=	140 gms of 25mm dia cartridge
Blasted at daytime	=	1 to 2.30 PM (or whenever required)

Storage and safety measures to be taken while blasting: The proponent will engage an authorized explosive agency to carry out the small amount of blasting and it will be supervised by competent and statutory Foreman/Permit Mines Manager.

Heavy Machineries: The following heavy machineries will be used in the proposed area:

- For Mining – Excavator of 0.90 Cum Bucket capacity (with Rock Breaker attachment), Jack Hammers (32 mm Dia) of 3 Nos.
- Loading Equipment – Excavator of 0.90 Cum Bucket Capacity (with Bucket attachment)
- Transportation (includes within the mine and mine to destination) – Tipper 2 No of 10/20 M.T capacity (from quarry to needy peoples and local crushers)

a. Risk:

Most of the accidents during transport of mined out mineral using other heavy vehicles are often attributed to mechanical failures and human errors.

b. Mitigation measures to minimize the risk.

- At the time of loading no person will be allowed within the swing radius of the excavation.
- The dumpers/ trucks will stand near the loading equipment and fully braked when the muck is filled in it.
- The truck would be brought to a lower level so that the loading operation suits to the ergonomic condition of the workers.
- The workers will be provided with helmets, gloves and safety boots; loading and unloading operations will be carried out only during daylight

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- All the mining machineries will be regularly maintained and checked such as brakes, lights and horns to keep in the efficient working order.

7.1.4 General Precautionary measures for the Risk involved in the proposed mine:

- In order to take care of above hazard/disaster, the following control measures will be adopted:
- All safety precautions and provisions of Mine Act,1952, Metalliferous Mines Regulation, 1961 and Mines Rules, 1955 will be strictly followed during all mining operations;
- Entry of unauthorized persons will be prohibited.
- Firefighting and first-aid provisions in the ECC and mining area.
- Provisions of all the safety appliances such as safety boot, helmets, goggles etc. will be made available to the workers (22 Nos.) and regular inspection for their use;
- In case of eventuality, first aid will be given by the senior safety officer in the mine area initially to the injured person. The safety officer will give notice of accident as per Rule-23 of Mines Act-1952.
- The safety officer (common for 3 mines within 500m radius) will be responsible for coordination between management district authorities/DGMS etc. Regarding general safety as per Rule-181 of MMR 1961, “No person shall negligently or will fully do anything likely to endanger life or limb in the mine, or negligible or will fully omit to do anything necessary for the safety of the mine or of the persons employed there in”. The workers will be provided with protective foot wear and safety helmets.
- Cleaning of mine faces will be regularly done;
- Handling of explosives, charging and blasting will be carried out by highly skilled labours only;
- Regular maintenance and testing of all mining equipment as per manufacturer’s guidelines;
- Suppression of dust by sprinkling water on the haulage roads;

7.1.5 Safety Team:

The effective implementation of compliance of Safety Rules/ Statutory Provisions will be ensured. The safety officer will be engaged, meeting the requirement of Mines Act and their duties and

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responsibilities. The safety officer will be responsible for identification of the hazardous conditions and unsafe acts of workers and advice on corrective actions, conduct safety audit, organize training programs and provide professional expert advice on various issues related to occupational safety and health. Organizing safety training will be conducted to employees and contractor labors periodically.

7.1.6 Emergency Control Centre

The emergency control center will be provided to handle the emergency. The site main controller, key personnel and the senior officers of the fire and police services will attend it. The center will be equipped to receive and transmit information and directions from and to the incident controller and other areas of the works, as well as outside. The emergency control center will be sited in an area of minimum risk. This common Emergency control center will be used for the mines around the 500m radius.

7.2 Disaster Management:

The possible risks in the case of stone along with associated minor minerals mining projects are fly rock, vibration failure of pit, slope and waste dump, accidents due to transportation. Mining and allied activities are associated with several potential hazards to both the employees and the public at large. Safety of the mine and the employees is taken care of by the mining rules & regulations, which are well defined with laid down procedure for safety, which when scrupulously followed, safety is ensured not only to manpower but also to machines & working environment.

7.2.1 Emergency Management Plan For Proposed Mines On Site- Offsite Emergency Preparedness Plan:

The emergency plan delineates the procedures for dealing with accidents or unexpected events and natural calamities arising from mining activity. An experience of any accidents that have occurred in other manufacturing/mining projects is considered to prepare this plan. This Emergency plan should be periodically reviewed and modified. It should also be changed based on the observations of emergency mock drills and experience of handling actual emergencies.

Major objectives of this onsite – offsite emergency plan are:

- To take necessary proactive and preventive actions to avoid the emergency.

The main aim of any emergency plan should be to prevent emergency situations.

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To train the manpower to handle the emergencies of the following nature:

- Onsite (Within ML boundary)
- Offsite (Outside ML boundary)

7.3.2 Onsite off-site emergency Plan:

1- Emergency on account of:

- Fire
- Explosion
- Major accidents involving man-made collapse of the mining edges.
- Snake bites, attack by honeybees or attack by wild animals.

2- Disaster due to natural calamities like:

- Flood/ heavy rains which can involve natural landslides.
- Earth quake
- Cyclone
- Lightening

7.3.3 Emergency Plan:

- The mining operations should be immediately stopped in case of any emergency. A siren will be sounded during emergency time.
- An emergency assembly point will be created and all the workers will guide visitors or contractors to approach assembly point.
- Emergency vehicle (Ambulance) will be available in the nearby place, in proximity to the three mines and will rush to the emergency control centre at the blowing of emergency siren. The driver of emergency vehicle will follow the instructions of Incident Controller/Site Main Controller.
- Workers will be trained for the precautions to be taken during natural disasters like heavy rain, floods, earthquake and cyclone.
- All escape routes from mines to the assembly point or any other safe location will be made and the escape plan will be displayed in many places in the mine area

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7.3.4 Emergency Control:

- Shut down of mining operations: Raising the alarm or siren followed by immediate safe shut down of the power supply, and isolation of affected areas.
- Treatment of injured: First aid and hospitalization of injured persons
- Protection of environment and property: During mitigation, efforts will be made to prevent impacts on environment and property to the extent possible.
- Preserving all evidences and records: This will be done to enable a thorough investigation of the true causes of the emergency.
- Ensuring safety of personnel prior to restarting of operations: Efforts required will be made to ensure that work environment is safe prior to restarting the work.

7.3 Natural Resource Conservation

There are no natural resources within the premises. The conservation strategies for energy will be followed in the proposed mine lease area. The pollutants of the mine will be minimized by adopting appropriate mitigation measures as mentioned Chapter 5 to prevent the effects on nearest water bodies. No surface runoff from the project site will be let into the nearest water bodies.

7.4 Resettlement and Rehabilitation:

The proposed Mine lease area is private land of Tmt.S.Azhagu. There is no displacement of the population within the project area and adjacent nearby area and hence Rehabilitation & Resettlement is not applicable.

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8 Project Benefits

8.1 General

This chapter covers the benefits accruing to the locality, neighborhood, region and nation as a whole. It brings out the details of benefits by way of improvements in the physical infrastructure, social infrastructure, employment potential and other tangible benefits.

8.1.1 Physical Benefits

The opening of the proposed project will enhance the following physical infrastructure facilities in the adjoining areas:

- a. **Market:** Generating useful economical resource for construction. Due to demand supply chain, excavated mineral (Rough stone & Gravel) will sold in the market in the affordable price.
- b. **Infrastructure:** The excavated rough stone will be used for *Laying Roads, Building & Construction Projects, Bridges.*
- c. **Enhancement of Green Cover & Green Belt Development:** As a part of reclamation plan, native tree species will be planted along the safety boundary (0.20.9 Ha) of the mine lease area. A suitable combination of trees that can grow fast and also have good leaf cover will be adopted to develop the green belt. It is proposed to plant 305 numbers of native species along with some fruit bearing and medicinal trees during the mining plan period.

8.2 Social Benefits

The mining in the area will create rural employment. During site visit, it has been observed that the economic conditions of the villages in the study area is quite normal. After the development of the proposed mine, it will improve the livelihood of local people and also provide the indirect employment opportunities. The rough stone for the infrastructural development in the area will be made available from the local markets at reasonably lower price.

As a part of CER, 2% of the project cost i.e., 5 Lakhs will be allocated. The detailed agenda, which is to be executed has been framed. The salient features of the programme are as follows:

- Levelling the floor inside the school perimeter by using Earth materials,
- Environmental books for library (in Tamil language),
- Greenbelt facilities and

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- Basic amenities such as safe drinking water and furniture to Panchayat Union Primary Schools in Nakkeerarvayal Village.

8.3 Project Cost / Investment Details

(a) Project cost / investment cost :

Sl. No	DETAILS	Cost of lakhs
i)	Land cost	Rs.4,88,000/-
ii)	Refilling/Fencing cost	Rs.1,50,000/-
iii)	Rest shelter	Rs.2,50,000/-
iv)	Sanitary facility	Rs.1,50,000/-
TOTAL		Rs.10,38,000/-

(b) Expenditure/ PRODUCTION COST

Machinery Cost: 20,00,000/-

(c) EMP (Estimation) Cost :

Environmental Management Plan Cost – **25,26,525/-** for the period of five years from the date of lease executed.

Investment Cost = Rs.10,38,000/-

Operational Cost = Rs.20,00,000/-

Total EMP Cost = Rs. 25,26,525/-

GRAND TOTAL PROJECT COST (A+B) = Rs. 30,38,000/- (THIRTY LAKHS AND THIRTY-EIGHT THOUSAND RUPEES ONLY)

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9 Environmental Management Plan

9.1 Introduction

This chapter comprehensively presents the Environmental Management Plan (EMP), which includes the administrative and technical setup, summary matrix of EMP, the cost involved to implement the EMP, during various Mining activities and provisions made towards the same in the cost estimates of project. This chapter describes the proposed monitoring scheme as well as inter-organizational arrangements for effective implementation of the mitigation measures.

9.2 Subsidence

Mining will be carried out by opencast semi mechanized mining method with drilling & blasting as per mining plan approved by Department of Mining and Geology, Pudukkottai. Subsidence/slope failures are not envisaged because there are no loose strata overlying the deposit (mineral to be excavated). The bench height will be average 5m. The individual bench slope has been proposed to be kept at 60° from horizontal. Moreover, all safety standards/ safeguards will be implemented as per guidelines prescribed by Director General of Mines Safety.

9.3 Mine Drainage

9.1.1 *Storm water Management*

The following measures will be taken with respect to the prevailing site conditions.

- Storm water drains with silt traps of size 1m x 1m will be suitably constructed all along the periphery of the pit area to collect the run-off from the mine area and divert into the pit.
- All measures will be taken not to disturb the existing drainage pattern adjacent to the mine lease area.
- The storm water collected from the mine area will be utilized for dust suppression on haul roads, plantation within the premises, etc.,

9.1.2 *Drainage*

Local workers will be deployed for the project. But, urinals and Latrines will be provided and the same will be connected to septic tank followed by soak pit arrangement. No domestic waste will be deposited into the nearby area. Regular checking will be carried out to find any blockage due to silting or accumulation of loose materials. The drains will also be checked for any damage in lining / stone pitching, etc.

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9.1.3 Administrative and Technical Setup

The Environment Management Plan (EMP) will consist of all mitigation measures for each component of the environment due to the activities increased during mining operation to minimize adverse environmental impacts resulting from the activities of the project.

To carry out the above activities, Thiru.T. Tamilslevan will work in association with M/s. Ecotech Labs Pvt Ltd.

Table 9-1: Impacts and mitigation measures

S. No	Impacts on Environment	Activity / Aspect	Anticipated impacts	Mitigation measures	Budgetary Allocation
1.	Air	Fugitive Emission	During mining operation, fugitive dust and other air pollutants like particulate matter (PM10 & PM 2.5) will be generated.	- Planting of trees along the safety distance of the Mine Lease Area - Water will be sprinkled in the site as dust suppression measure.	Rs.50,000 Rs.1,50,000
2.	Water	Wastewater Generation	Improper management of Domestic wastewater in the Mine lease may create unhygienic conditions in the site thereby causing health impacts to the labors	Provision of urinals/Latrines along with septic tank followed by soak pit arrangement will be provided in the Mine Lease area for the proper management of wastewater.	Rs.1,00,000
3.	Noise	Mining activities like drilling, blasting, loading and transportation	Noise from the machinery can cause hypertension, high stress level, hearing loss, sleep disturbance etc due to prolonged exposure. Apart from Mining activities like drilling, blasting	Use of personal protective devices i.e., earmuffs and earplugs by workers, who are working in high noise generating areas.	Rs.20,000

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			may generate noise		
4.	Land	Improper management of Storm water Runoff	Storm water Runoff may result in Soil Erosion	Garland drainage of 1m x 1m will be provided to avoid storm water run- off.	Rs.1,00,000
5.	Social Responsibility	Mining workers	Unhygienic site sanitation facilities may cause health damage to workers.	The objective is to ensure health and safety of the workers with effective provisions for the basic facilities of sanitation, drinking water, safety of equipments or machinery etc. The following will be done in the site ✓ By complying with the safety procedures, norms and guidelines (as applicable) as outlined in the National Building Code of India, Bureau of Indian Standards. ✓ Provide adequate number of decentralized latrines and urinals ✓ Providing Septic tank along with Soak pit arrangement ✓ Providing First Aid room, conducting frequent health checkups to labor and conducting free medical camps ✓ Providing safety helmet, Gloves, Jacket & Boots ✓ Providing measures to prevent fires. Fire fighting extinguishers	Rs.25,000 Rs.30,000 Rs.1,00,000 Rs.36,000 Rs.50,000

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				and buckets of sand will be provided in the construction site	
6.	Building materials resource conservation	Building Material consumption	Use of farfetched construction materials than the locally available construction materials may lead to over exploitation of natural resources & increase in carbon footprint.	Use of locally available construction materials.	

Table 9-2: Budgetary Allocation for EMP during Mining

	Mitigation Measure	Provision for Implementation	Capital	Recurring
Air Environment	Compaction, gradation and drainage on both sides for Haulage Road	Rental Dozer & drainage construction on haul road @ Rs. 10,000/- per hectare; and yearly maintenance @ Rs. 10,000/- per hectare	15700	15700
	Fixed Water Sprinkling Arrangements + Water sprinkling by own water tankers	Fixed Sprinkler Installation and New Water Tanker Cost for Capital; and Water Sprinkling (thrice a day) Cost for recurring	300000	25000
	Air Quality will be regularly monitored as per norms within ML area & near Reserve forest with necessary permission	Yearly Compliance as per CPCB norms	0	40000
	Muffle blasting – To control fly rocks during blasting	Blasting face will be covered with sand bags / steel mesh / old tyres / used conveyor belts	0	0
	Wet drilling procedure / latest eco-friendly drill	Dust extractor @ Rs. 25,000/- per unit deployed as capital & @ Rs.	25000	2500

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	machine with separate dust extractor unit	2500 per unit recurring cost for maintenance		
	No overloading of trucks/tippers/tractors	Manual Monitoring through Security guard	0	5000
	Stone carrying trucks will be covered by tarpaulin	Monitoring if trucks will be covered by tarpaulin	0	10000
	Enforcing speed limits of 20 km/hr within ML area	Installation of Speed Governors @ Rs. 5000/- per Tipper/Dumper deployed	5000	0
	Regular monitoring of exhaust fumes as per RTO norms	Monitoring of Exhaust Fumes by Manual Labour	0	5000
	Regular sweeping and maintenance of approach roads for at least about 200 m from ML Area	Provision for 2 labours @ Rs.10,000/labour (Contractual) per Hectare	0	31400
	Installing wheel wash system near gate of quarry	Installation + Maintenance + Supervision	30000	10000
Water Environment	Source of noise will be during operation of transportation vehicles, HEMM for this proper maintenance will be done at regular intervals.	Provision made in Operating Cost	0	0
	Oiling & greasing of Transport vehicles and HEMM at regular interval will be done	Provision made in Operating Cost	0	0
	Adequate silencers will be provided in all the diesel engines of vehicles.	Provision made in Operating Cost	0	0
	It will be ensured that all transportation vehicles carry a fitness certificate.	Provision made in Operating Cost	0	0
	Safety tools and implements that are required will be kept	Provision made in OHS part	0	0

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	adequately near blasting site at the time of charging.			
	Ambient Noise will be regularly monitored as per norms within ML area & near Reserve forest with necessary permission	Yearly Compliance as per CPCB norms	0	20000
	Line Drilling all along the boundary to reduce the PPV from blasting activity and implementing controlled blasting.	Provision made in Operating Cost	0	0
	Proper warning system before blasting will be adopted and clearance of the area before blasting will be ensured.	Blowing Whistle by Mining Mate / Blaster / Compentent Person	0	0
	Provision for Portable blaster shed	Installation of Portable blasting shelter	30000	2000
	NONEL Blasting will be practiced to control Ground vibration and fly rocks	Rs. 30/- per 6 Tonnes of Blasted Material	0	100000
Waste Management	Waste management (Spent Oil, Grease etc.)	Provision for domestic waste collection and disposal through authorized agency	1000	5000
		Installation of dust bins	5000	2000
	Bio toilets will be made available outside mine lease on the land of owner itself	Provision made in Operating Cost	0	0
Implementation of EC, Mining Plan & DGMS Condition	Size 6' X 5' with blue background and white letters as mentioned in MoM Appendix II by the SEAC TN	Fixed Display Board at the Quarry Entrance as permanent structure mentioning Environmental Conditions	7000	1000

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	Workers will be provided with Personal Protective Equipment's	Provision of PPE @ Rs. 4000/- per employee with recurring based on wear and tear (say, @ Rs. 1000/- per employee)	40000	10000
	Health check up for workers will be provisioned	IME & PME Health check up @ Rs. 1000/- per employee	0	10000
	First aid facility will be provided	Provision of 2 Kits per Hectare @ Rs. 2000/-	0	3140
	Mine will have safety precaution signages, boards.	Provision for signages and boards made	10000	2000
	Barbed Wire Fencing to quarry area will be provisioned.	Per Hectare fencing Cost @ Rs. 2,00,000/- with Maintenance of Rs 10,000/- per annum	314000	10000
	No parking will be provided on the transport routes. Separate provision on the south side of the hill will be made for vehicles /HEMMs. Flaggers will be deployed for traffic management	Parking area with shelter and flags @ Rs. 50,000/- per hectare project and Rs. 10,000/- as maintenance cost	78500	10000
	Installation of CCTV cameras in the mines and mine entrance	Camera 4 Nos, DVR, Monitor with internet facility	2000	5000
	Implementation as per Mining Plan and ensure safe quarry working	Mines Manager (1 st Class / 2 nd Class / Mine Foreman) under regulation 34 / 34 (6) of MMR, 1961 and Mining Mate under regulation 116 of MMR, 1961 @ 40,000/- for Manager & @ 25,000/- for Foreman / Mate	0	540000
Green Belt Development	Green belt development - 500 trees per one hectare (200 Inside Lease Area & 300 Outside Lease Area)	Site clearance, preparation of land, digging of pits / trenches, soil amendments, transplantation of saplings @ 200 per plant (capital) for plantation	62800	9420

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		inside the lease area and @ 30 per plant maintenance (recurring)		
		Avenue Plantation @ 300 per plant (capital) for plantation outside the lease area and @ 30 per plant maintenance (recurring)	141300	14130
Total			1083000	893290

Year	Cost (@ 5% per year inflation adjustment) in Rs.
1 st Year	833170
2 nd Year	392879
3 rd Year	412522
4 th Year	433149
5 th Year	454806
Total	2526525

Total EMP Cost for the period of five years – Rs. 25,26,525 (Twenty-five lakhs twenty six thousands and five hundred twenty five rupees only).

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10 Summary & Conclusion

This chapter summarizes the overall justification for implementation of the project and explains how the potential impacts are mitigated.

10.1 Introduction

Thiru.T.Tamilslevar site is a cluster of five mining project. The individual mine lease area is 0.61.0 Ha of Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry located at S.F.Nos. 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk in Pudukkottai District.

10.2 Project Overview

Table 10-1: Project Overview

S. No.	Description	Details
1	Project Name	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry
2	Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu
3	Mining Lease Area Extent	0.61.0 Ha
4	Location	S.F.Nos. 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk in Pudukkottai District
5	Latitude	10°12'32.75"N to 10°12'35.37"N
6	Longitude	78°42'32.49"E to 78°42'36.83"E
7	Topography	Plain terrain
8	Site Elevation above MSL	≈118.0 m from MSL
9	Topo Sheet No.	58-J/12
10	Minerals of Mine	Rough Stone and Gravel
11	Proposed production of Mine	Proposed capacity of Rough Stone: 25,250m ³ and Gravel: 11,118m ³
12	Ultimate depth of Mining	13m below ground level
13	Method of Mining	Open cast, mechanized mining
14	Water demand	2.0 KLD
15	Source of water	Water will be supplied through tankers supply

Project	<i>New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	<i>Draft EIA Report</i>
Project Proponent	<i>Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	
Project Location	<i>Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.</i>	

16	Manpower	Direct :10 nos, Indirect :8 nos
17	Mining Lease	Precise Area Communication Letter received from Assistant Director, Dept. Geology and Mining, Pudukkottai vide letter Rc.No.580/2022 (G&M) Mines dated 15.11.2022
18	Mining Plan Approval	Mining Plan was approved by the Assistant Director, Dept. of Geology & Mining, Pudukkottai vide letter Rc.No.580/2022 (G&M) dated 24.11.2022
19	Production details	Geological reserves of Rough stone:401310m ³ Proposed year wise recoverable reserves of Rough Stone: 25,250m ³ for five years
20	Boundary Fencing	7.5m barrier all along the boundary Fencing will be provided
21	Disposal of overburden	The over burden in the form of Gravel is 11,118m ³ of used for filling and leveling of low-lying areas of road projects and other infrastructure development work in and around the district.
22	Ground water	The ground Water Level is noticed at the depth of 70m to 75m below Ground Level by monitoring nearby bore hole, during the climatic conditions, the fluctuations of water level are 70m in Rainy seasons and 75m in summer seasons of this quarry area.
23	Habitations within 500m radius of the Project Site	There is no Habitation within 500m radius of the project site.
24	Drinking water	Water will be supplied through tankers from Thulaiyanur Village which is 1.33 km NEE from the proposed project site.

10.3 Justification of the proposed project

Project	<i>New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	<i>Draft EIA Report</i>
Project Proponent	<i>Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	
Project Location	<i>Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.</i>	

The said project plays a significant role in the domestic as well as infrastructural market. To achieve a huge infrastructure being envisaged by Government of India, particularly in road and housing sector, there is a need for basic building materials. The rough stone form the primary building material.

Rough stone is one of the most valuable natural building materials. Aggregates are mostly used for building roads and footpaths Aggregates – stone used for its strong physical properties – crushed and sorted into various sizes for use in concrete, coated with bitumen to make asphalt or used 'dry' as bulk fill in construction. Mostly used in roads, concrete and building products. Aggregates represent about 98% of quarry output, most of which is used in road construction, maintenance and repair. Much of this goes to the production of asphalt; the remainder is used 'dry' without the addition of other materials to provide a sturdy base for roads.

Since Pudukkottai, a city known for its small-scale industries and also the soil in the area near project site is not very fertile making it unsuitable for carrying out agricultural activities. The topography near the lease area is barren dry lands showing only less chance for crop growth and development of vegetation. In addition to that, geological reserves of rough stone is abundant in the lease area which is evident from the mine activities carried out in the nearby sites.

Table 10-2: Anticipate Impacts & Appropriate Mitigation Measures

S. No.	Potential Impact	Mitigation Measure
1	The main impact in the air environment is dust emission during various mining activities such drilling, blasting, excavation, loading and transportation. The dust emission may affect the quality of ambient air in the and around the mine area. The increased emission may cause respiratory & Cardiovascular problems in human health	Proper mitigation measures like water sprinkling on haul roads will be adopted to control dust emissions. To control the emissions regular preventive maintenance of equipments will be carried out on contractual basis. Plantation will be carried out along approach roads & mine premises.

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Project Location	<i>Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.</i>	

2	Waste water will be generated due to mining activity and from other domestic activities. These may contaminate the ground water leading to ground water. The mining activity may affect the ground water table	No waste water will be generated from the mining activity of minor minerals as the project only involves lifting of over burden from mine site. The wastewater generated from the domestic activity will be disposed off safely through the proposed septic tank. Mining will not intersect ground water table. Hence the water table will not be impacted due to the proposed project
3	Noise will be generated in the mine area during various mining activities such as blasting, drilling, excavation. During transportation of the mined out mineral, there may be noise generation due to the movement of vehicles. This may impact the health condition of the workers by creating headache	Periodical monitoring of noise will be done. No other equipments except the transportation vehicles and Excavator (as & when required) for loading will be allowed at site. Noise generated by these equipments shall be intermittent and does not cause much adverse impact. Plantation will be carried out along approach roads. The plantation minimizes propagation of noise and also arrest dust.
4	Solid waste will be generated from the mining activity as there will be refuse after 95% recovery and also generation of domestic waste	The 100% recovery is achieved by extracting the entire mineable reserve. Hence there will be no refuse generation due to the mining activity. Apart from that, a very meagre quantity of domestic waste will be generated in the project,

Project	<i>New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	<i>Draft EIA Report</i>
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		which will be handed over to the local body on daily basis.
5	During mining activities, there are chances of workers getting health issues or may be prone to accidents	Dust masks will be provided as additional personal protection equipment to the workers working in the dust prone area. Periodical trainings will be conducted to create awareness about the occupational health hazards due to activities like blasting, drilling, excavation. Workers health related problem if any, will be properly addressed.

<i>Project</i>	<i>New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	<i>Draft EIA Report</i>
<i>Project Proponent</i>	<i>Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	
<i>Project Location</i>	<i>Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.</i>	

11. Disclosure of Consultant

10.4 Introduction

This chapter presents the details of the environmental consultants engaged, their background and the brief description of the key personnel involved in the project. Specific studies on the mining project have been carried out by engaging engineers/experts of Ecotech Labs Pvt. Ltd, Chennai. Ecotech Labs Pvt. Ltd (ETL), Chennai is NABET accredited consultancy organization. ETL is equipped with in-house, spacious laboratory, accredited by NABL (National Accreditation Board for Testing & Calibration Laboratories), Department of Science & Technology, Government of India and MoEF & CC.

11.2 Eco Tech Labs Pvt. Ltd – Environment Consultant

Eco Tech Labs Pvt. Ltd is a multi-disciplinary testing and research laboratory in India. Eco Tech labs provides high quality services in environmental consultancy, engineering solution, chemical and microbiological laboratory analysis of food, water and environment (Air, Water, Soil) with highest accuracy.

11.1.1 The Quality policy

- We, at Eco Tech Labs Pvt. Ltd. engaged in providing Environmental consulting services and we are committed to strengthen our capabilities in all areas of our operations in line with customer requirements & expectations, applicable legal requirements & stakeholders expectations.
- We are committed to establish and maintain Quality Management System (QMS) for continual improvement in processes and Services
- We are committed to provide customized solutions in realistic, time bound and cost effective to achieve highest degree of customer satisfaction and Environmental improvement.
 - We shall establish, maintain & periodically review our documented management systems, objectives and performance in consultation with our employees and prevailing best practices.
 - Effective communication of organization's policy and objectives to employees and seeking feedbacks from all our employees and concerned stakeholders for continual improvement.

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Project Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu	
Project Location	Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	

Declaration by Experts contributing to the EIA of New Rough Stone Quarry- 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu at S.F.No. 543/3A, Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District, Tamil Nadu State

I, hereby, certify that I was a part of the EIA team in the following capacity that developed the above EIA.

EIA Coordinator: Dr. A. Dhamodharan



Dr. A. DHAMODHARAN
(NABET APPROVED EIA COORDINATOR)
NABET/EIA/2124/SA 0147
Environmental Consultant
Eco Tech Labs Pvt. Ltd
Plot No.48A, 2nd Main Road, Ram Nagar South Extn,
Pallikaranai, Chennai - 600 100.

Signature:

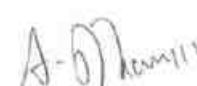
Period of involvement: 01.01.2023 to 30.03.2023

Contact information: M/s. Ecotech Labs Pvt Ltd.,

No. 48, 2nd Main Road, Ram Nagar South Extension,
Pallikaranai, Chennai – 600 100

S. No	Functional areas	Name of the experts	Involvement (Period and task)	Signature and date
1	AP	Mrs. K. Vijayalakshmi	1. Selection of Baseline Monitoring stations based on the wind direction. 2. Interpretation of Baseline data by comparing it with standards prescribed by CPCB against the type of area. 3. Identification of sources of air pollution and suggesting mitigation measures to minimize impact. Period: February – April 2021	

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2	WP	Dr. A. Dhamodharan	1. Selection of baseline Monitoring Locations for Ground water analysis and also identifying nearest surface water to be studied. 2. Interpretation of baseline data collected 3. Identification of impacts based on the baseline study conducted and also to the ground water and nearby surface water due to the proposed project 4. Preparation of suitable and appropriate mitigation plan. 5. Period: March 2021	
3	SHW	Dr. A. Dhamodharan	1. Identification of nature of solid waste generated. 2. Categorization of the generated waste and estimating the quantity of waste to be generated based on the per capita basis. Identification of impacts of SHW on Environment 3. Suggesting suitable mitigation measures by recommending appropriate disposal method for each category of waste generated 4. Topsoil and refuse management Period: March 2021	
4	SE	Mr. S. Pandian	1. Primary data collection through the census questionnaire 2. Obtaining Secondary data from authenticated sources and incorporating the same in EIA report. 3. Impact assessment & proposing suitable mitigation plan. 4. CSR budget allocation by discussing with the local body and allotting the same for need based activity. Period: March 2021	

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
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5	EB	Dr. A. Dhamodharan	1. Primary data collection through field survey and sheet observation for ecology and biodiversity 2. Secondary Collection through various authenticated sources 3. Prediction of anticipated impacts and suggesting appropriate mitigation measures. Period: April 2021	
6	HG	Dr. T. P. Natesan	1. Study of existing surface drainage arrangements in the core and buffer zone, impact due to mining on these drainage courses and suggestion of mitigative measures 2. Determination of groundwater use pattern, development of rainwater harvesting program. 3. Storm water management through garland drainage system. Period: April 2021	
7	GEO	Dr. T. P. Natesan	1. Field survey for assessing regional and local geology, aquifer distribution, Determination of groundwater use pattern, development of rainwater harvesting program. Period: April 2021	
8	SC	Dr. A. Dhamodharan	1. Interpretation of baseline report 2. Identification of possible impacts on soil, prediction of soil conservation and suggesting suitable mitigation measures. Period: April 2021	

Project	New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Tmt.S.Azhagu	
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9	AQ	Mrs. K. Vijayalakshmi	1. Collection of Meteorological data for the baseline study period 2. Plotting wind rose plot and thereby selecting the monitoring locations based on the wind pattern 3. Estimation of sources of air emissions and air quality modeling is done 4. Interpretation of the results obtained 5. Identification of the impacts and suggesting suitable mitigation measures. Period: February – April 2021	
10	NV	Mrs. Neha Singh	1. Selection of monitoring locations 2. Interpretation of baseline data 3. Prediction of impacts due to noise pollution and suggestion of appropriate mitigation measures Period: February – April 2021	
11	LU	Dr. T. P. Natesan	1. Collection of Remote sensing satellite data to study the land use pattern. 2. Primary field survey and limited field verification for land categorization in the study area 3. Preparation of Land use map using Satellite data for 10km radius around the project site. Period: April 2021	
12	RH	Mr. Pinaki Dasgupta	1. Identification of the risk 2. Interpreting consequence contours 3. Suggesting risk mitigation measures Period: April 2021	

Project	<i>New Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry – 0.61.0 Ha by Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	<i>Draft EIA Report</i>
Project Proponent	<i>Tmt.S.Azhagu</i>	
Project Location	<i>Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.</i>	

Declaration by the Head of the accredited consultant organization/ authorized person

I, Dr. A. Dhamodharan, hereby, confirm that the above-mentioned experts prepared the EIA report of mining project at Survey Numbers. 543/3A Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District. I also confirm that the consultant organization shall be fully accountable for any misleading information mentioned in this statement.

Signature:




Name: Dr. A. Dhamodharan

Designation: Managing Director

Name of the EIA consultant organization: M/s. Eco Tech Labs Private Limited

NABET Certificate No. & Issue Date: NABET/EIA/2124/RA 0147

ANNEXURE-I

**STANDARD TOR CONDITIONS WITH
ADDITIONAL TOR POINTS**



**THIRU. DEEPAK S. BILGI, I.F.S.
MEMBER SECRETARY**

**STATE LEVEL ENVIRONMENT IMPACT
ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY-TAMILNADU**

3rd Floor, Panagal Maaligai,
No.1, Jeenis Road, Saidapet,
Chennai - 600 015.
Phone No. 044-24359973
Fax No. 044-24359975

TERMS OF REFERENCE (ToR)

Lr No.SEIAA-TN/F.No.9721/SEAC/ToR-1433/2023 Dated: 24.04.2023

To

Thiru S Azhagu
W/O Sanmugam
2/43 A Thulaiyanur
Melur, Thirumayam
Pudukkottai.

Sir / Madam,

Sub: SEIAA, Tamil Nadu – Terms of Reference with Public Hearing (ToR) for the Proposed Rough stone quarry lease over an extent of 0.61.0 Ha in S.F.No: 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village of Thirumayam Taluk of Pudukkottai District Tamil Nadu by Tmt.S.Azhagu - under project category – “B1” and Schedule S.No.1(a) – ToR issued along with Public Hearing - preparation of EIA report – Regarding.

Ref: 1. Online proposal No. SIA/TN/MIN/ 413068 /2023, Dated: 03.01.2023.
2. Your application submitted for Terms of Reference dated: 10.01.2023.
3. Minutes of the 367th SEAC meeting held on 31.01.2023.
4. Minutes of the 614th SEIAA meeting held on 24.04.2023.

Kindly refer to your proposal submitted to the State Level Impact Assessment Authority for Terms of Reference.

The proponent, Thiru S Azhagu has submitted application for Terms of Reference (ToR) on 10.01.2023, in Form-I, Pre-Feasibility report for the Proposed Rough stone quarry lease over an extent

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of 0.61.0 Ha in S.F.No: 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village of Thirumayam Taluk of Pudukkottai District, Tamil Nadu.

Discussion by SEAC and the Remarks:-

Proposed Rough stone quarry lease over an extent of 0.61.0 Ha in S.F.No: 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village of Thirumayam Taluk of Pudukkottai District Tamil Nadu by Tmt.S.Azhagu - For Terms of Reference. (SIA/TN/MIN/ 413068 /2023, Dated: 03.01.2023)

The proposal was placed in this 367th meeting of SEAC held on 31.03.2023. The details of the project furnished by the proponent are available on the PARIVESH web portal (parivesh.nic.in).

The SEAC noted the following:

1. The project proponent, Tmt.S.Azhagu has applied seeking Terms of Reference for EIA study for the Proposed Rough stone quarry lease over an extent of 0.61.0 Ha in S.F.No: 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village of Thirumayam Taluk of Pudukkottai District Tamil Nadu.
2. The project/activity is covered under Category "B1" of Item 1(a) "Mining of Minerals Projects" of the Schedule to the EIA Notification, 2006, as amended.
3. The total production in the first 5 years not to exceed 25250 m³ of Rough stone & 11,118 m³ of Gravel for the proposed depth of 13m BGL.

Based on the presentation made by the proponent, SEAC recommended to grant of **Terms of Reference (ToR) with Public Hearing** subject to the following ToRs in addition to the standard terms of reference for EIA study for non-coal mining projects and details issued by the MOEF & CC to be included in EIA/EMP Report:

1. Proponent shall furnish the letter received from DFO concerned stating the proximity details of Reserve Forests, Protected Areas, Sanctuaries, Tiger reserve etc., up to a radius of 25 km from the proposed site.
2. Detailed study report on flora and fauna in and nearby the quarry site.
3. The Proponent shall develop greenbelt and garland drain around the boundary of the proposed quarry and the photographs indicating the same shall be shown during the EIA appraisal.
4. The Proponent shall carry out Bio diversity study through reputed Institution and the same shall be included in EIA Report.


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5. The proponent is requested to carry out a survey and enumerate on the structures located within the radius of (i) 50 m, (ii) 100 m, (iii) 200 m and (iv) 300 m (v) 500m shall be enumerated with details such as dwelling houses with number of occupants, whether it belongs to the owner (or) not, places of worship, industries, factories, sheds, etc indicating the ownership of the building, nature of construction, age of the building, number of residents, their profession and income, etc.
6. The Proponent shall submit a conceptual 'Slope Stability Assessment' for the proposed quarry during the appraisal while obtaining the EC.
7. The Proponent shall furnish the affidavit stating that the blasting operation in the proposed quarry is carried out by the statutory competent person as per the MMR 1961 such as blaster, mining mate, mine foreman, II/I Class mines manager appointed by the proponent.
8. The Proponent shall present a conceptual design for carrying out only controlled blasting operation involving line drilling in the proposed quarry such that the blast-induced ground vibrations are controlled.
9. The EIA Coordinators shall obtain and furnish the details of quarry/quarries operated by the proponent in the past, either in the same location or elsewhere in the State with video and photographic evidences.
10. If the proponent has already carried out the mining activity in the proposed mining lease area after 15.01.2016, then the proponent shall furnish the following details from AD/DD, mines,
11. What was the period of the operation and stoppage of the earlier mines with last work permit issued by the AD/DD mines?
12. Quantity of minerals mined out.
 - a. Highest production achieved in any one year
 - b. Detail of approved depth of mining.
 - c. Actual depth of the mining achieved earlier.
 - d. Name of the person already mined in that leases area.
 - e. If EC and CTO already obtained, the copy of the same shall be submitted.
 - f. Whether the mining was carried out as per the approved mine plan (or EC if issued) with stipulated benches.
13. All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High-Resolution Imagery/Topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology, lithology and geology of the mining


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lease area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).

14. The Proponent shall carry out Drone video survey covering the cluster, Green belt, fencing etc.,
15. The proponent shall furnish photographs of adequate fencing, green belt along the periphery including replantation of existing trees & safety distance between the adjacent quarries & water bodies nearby provided as per the approved mining plan.
16. The Project Proponent shall provide the details of mineral reserves and mineable reserves, planned production capacity, proposed working methodology with justifications, the anticipated impacts of the mining operations on the surrounding environment and the remedial measures for the same.
17. The Project Proponent shall provide the Organization chart indicating the appointment of various statutory officials and other competent persons to be appointed as per the provisions of Mines Act'1952 and the MMR, 1961 for carrying out the quarrying operations scientifically and systematically in order to ensure safety and to protect the environment.
18. The Project Proponent shall conduct the hydro-geological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of ground water pumping & open wells, and surface water bodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds etc. within 1 km (radius) along with the collected water level data for both monsoon and non-monsoon seasons from the PWD / TWAD so as to assess the impacts on the wells due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided.
19. The Proponent shall furnish the baseline data for the environmental and ecological parameters with regard to surface water/ground water quality, air quality, soil quality & flora/fauna including traffic/vehicular movement study.
20. The Proponent shall carry out the Cumulative impact study due to mining operations carried out in the quarry specifically with reference to the specific environment in terms of soil health, biodiversity, air pollution, water pollution, climate change and flood control & health impacts. Accordingly, the Environment Management plan should be prepared keeping the concerned quarry and the surrounding habitations in the mind.
21. Rain water harvesting management with recharging details along with water balance (both monsoon & non-monsoon) be submitted.


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22. Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.
23. Details of the land for storage of Overburden/Waste Dumps (or) Rejects outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be provided.
24. Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' (or) the Project areas which attracts the court restrictions for mining operations, should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the TNPCB (or) Dept. of Geology and Mining should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.
25. Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.
26. Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated.
27. A tree survey study shall be carried out (nos., name of the species, age, diameter etc.,) both within the mining lease applied area & 300m buffer zone and its management during mining activity.
28. A detailed mine closure plan for the proposed project shall be included in EIA/EMP report which should be site-specific.
29. Public Hearing points raised and commitments of the Project Proponent on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project and to be submitted to SEIAA/SEAC with regard to the Office Memorandum of MoEF& CC accordingly.
30. The Public hearing advertisement shall be published in one major National daily and one most circulated vernacular daily.
31. The Proponent shall produce/display the EIA report, Executive summary and other related information with respect to public hearing in Tamil Language also.
32. As a part of the study of flora and fauna around the vicinity of the proposed site, the EIA coordinator shall strive to educate the local students on the importance of preserving local flora and fauna by involving them in the study, wherever possible.


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33. The purpose of Greenbelt around the project is to capture the fugitive emissions, carbon sequestration and to attenuate the noise generated, in addition to improving the aesthetics. A wide range of indigenous plant species should be planted as given in the Appendix-I in consultation with the DFO, & Tamil Nadu Agriculture University. The plant species with dense/moderate canopy of native origin should be chosen. Species of small/medium/tall trees alternating with shrubs should be planted in a mixed manner.
34. Taller/one year old Saplings raised in appropriate size of bags, preferably eco-friendly bags should be planted as per the advice of local forest authorities/botanist/Horticulturist with regard to site specific choices. The proponent shall earmark the greenbelt area with GPS coordinates all along the boundary of the project site with at least 3 meters wide and in between blocks in an organized manner
35. A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the lease period.
36. A Risk Assessment and management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the lease period.
37. Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.
38. Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.
39. The Socio-economic studies should be carried out within a 5 km buffer zone from the mining activity. Measures of socio-economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.
40. Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.
41. Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.


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42. If any quarrying operations were carried out in the proposed quarrying site for which now the EC is sought, the Project Proponent shall furnish the detailed compliance to EC conditions given in the previous EC with the site photographs which shall duly be certified by MoEF&CC, Regional Office, Chennai (or) the concerned DEE/TNPCB.
43. The Proponent shall prepare the EMP for the entire life of mine and also furnish the sworn affidavit stating to abide the EMP for the entire life of mine.
44. Concealing any factual information or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this Terms of Conditions besides attracting penal provisions in the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

Appendix

List of Native Trees Suggested for Planting

1. *Aegle marmelos* – Vilvam
2. *Adenanthura pavonina* - Manjadi
3. *Albizia lebbek* – Vaagai
4. *Albizia amara* - Usil
5. *Bauhinia purpurea* - Mantharai
6. *Bauhinia racemosa* - Aathi
7. *Bauhinia tomentosa* – Iruvathi
8. *Buchanania axillaris* - Kattuma
9. *Borassus flabellifer* - Panai
10. *Butea monosperma* - Murukka maram
11. *Bobax ceiba* – Ilavu, Sevvilavu
12. *Calophyllum inophyllum* - Punnai
13. *Cassia fistula* - Sarakondrai
14. *Cassia roxburghii*- Sengondrai
15. *Chloroxylon sweitenia* - Purasa maram
16. *Cochlospermum religiosum* – Kongu, Manjal Ilavu
17. *Cordia dichotoma* – Mookuchali maram
18. *Creteva adansonii* – Mavalingum
19. *Dillenia indica* – Uva, Uzha
20. *Dillenia pentagyna* – Siru Uva, Sitruzha
21. *Diospyros ebenum* - Karungali


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22. *Diospyros chloroxylon* – Vaganai
23. *Ficus amplissima* – Kal Itchi
24. *Hibiscus tiliaceus* – Aatru poovarasu
25. *Hardwickia binata* – Aacha
26. *Holoptelia integrifolia* - Aayili
27. *Lannea coromandelica* - Odhiam
28. *Lagerstroemia speciosa* - Poo Marudhu
29. *Lepisanthus tetraphylla* - Neikottai maram
30. *Limonia acidissima* - Vila maram
31. *Litsea glutinosa* – Pisin pattai
32. *Madhuca longifolia* - Illuppai
33. *Manilkara hexandra* – Ulakkai Paalai
34. *Mimusops elengi* - Magizha maram
35. *Mitragyna parvifolia* - Kadambu
36. *Morinda pubescens* – Nuna
37. *Morinda citrifolia* – Vellai Nuna
38. *Phoenix sylvestre* - Eachai
39. *Pongamia pinnata* – Pungam
40. *Premna mollissima* – Munnai
41. *Premna serratifolia* – Narumunnai
42. *Premna tomentosa* - Purangai Naari, Pudanga Naari
43. *Prosopis cinerea* - Vanni maram
44. *Pterocarpus marsupium* - Vengai
45. *Pterospermum canescens* – Vennangu, Tada
46. *Pterospermum xylocarpum* - Polavu
47. *Puthranjiva roxburghii* – Puthranjivi
48. *Salvadora persica* – Ugaa Maram
49. *Sapindus emarginatus* - Manipungan, Soapu kai
50. *Saraca asoca* - Asoca
51. *Streblus asper* - Piraya maram
52. *Strychnos nuxvomica* – Yetti
53. *Strychnos potatorum* - Therthang Kottai

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54. *Syzygium cumini* - Naval
55. *Terminalia bellerica* - Thandri
56. *Terminalia arjuna* - Ven marudhu
57. *Toona ciliate* - Sandhana vembu
58. *Thespesia populnea* - Puvarasu
59. *Walsuratrifoliata* - valsura
60. *Wrightia tinctoria* - Veppalai
61. *Pithecellobium dulce* - Kodukkapuli

Discussion by SEIAA and the Remarks:-

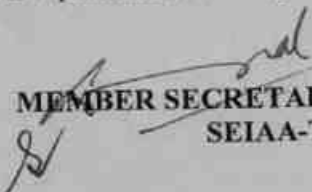
The subject was placed in 614th meeting of Authority held on 24.04.2023. The authority noted that the subject was appraised in 367th meeting of SEAC held on 31.03.2023. After detailed discussions, the Authority accepts the recommendation of SEAC and decided to grant Terms of Reference (ToR) along with Public Hearing under cluster for undertaking the combined Environment Impact Assessment Study and preparation of separate Environment Management Plan subject to the conditions as recommended by SEAC & normal conditions in addition to the conditions in 'Annexure B' of this minute.

1. The project proponent shall prepare mine closure plan considering mineable quantity of Topsoil, Weathered rock & mineral reject/waste. If any.
2. Copy of valid mining lease approval obtained from the competent Authority.
3. Copy of approved review of scheme of mining plan by the competent authority (Dept. of Geology and Mining / IBM).
4. Details of habitations around the proposed mining area and latest VAO certificate regarding the location of habitations within 300m radius from the periphery of the site.
5. The DFO letter stating that the proximity distance of Reserve Forests, Protected Areas, Sanctuaries, Tiger reserve etc., up to a radius of 25 km from the proposed site.

Annexure 'B'

Cluster Management Committee

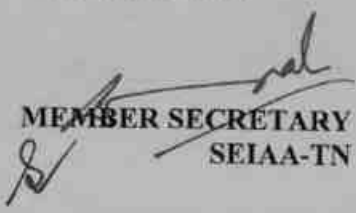
1. Cluster Management Committee shall be framed which must include all the proponents in the cluster as members including the existing as well as proposed quarry.
2. The members must coordinate among themselves for the effective implementation of EMP as committed including Green Belt Development, Water sprinkling, tree plantation, blasting etc.,


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3. The List of members of the committee formed shall be submitted to AD/Mines before the execution of mining lease and the same shall be updated every year to the AD/Mines.
4. Detailed Operational Plan must be submitted which must include the blasting frequency with respect to the nearby quarry situated in the cluster, the usage of haul roads by the individual quarry in the form of route map and network.
5. The committee shall deliberate on risk management plan pertaining to the cluster in a holistic manner especially during natural calamities like intense rain and the mitigation measures considering the inundation of the cluster and evacuation plan.
6. The Cluster Management Committee shall form Environmental Policy to practice sustainable mining in a scientific and systematic manner in accordance with the law. The role played by the committee in implementing the environmental policy devised shall be given in detail.
7. The committee shall furnish action plan regarding the restoration strategy with respect to the individual quarry falling under the cluster in a holistic manner.
8. The committee shall furnish the Emergency Management plan within the cluster.
9. The committee shall deliberate on the health of the workers/staff involved in the mining as well as the health of the public.
10. The committee shall furnish an action plan to achieve sustainable development goals with reference to water, sanitation & safety.
11. The committee shall furnish the fire safety and evacuation plan in the case of fire accidents.

Impact study of mining

12. Detailed study shall be carried out in regard to impact of mining around the proposed mine lease area covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued from reputed research institutions on the following
 - a) Soil health & soil biological, physical land chemical features .
 - b) Climate change leading to Droughts, Floods etc.
 - c) Pollution leading to release of Greenhouse gases (GHG), rise in Temperature, & Livelihood of the local people.
 - d) Possibilities of water contamination and impact on aquatic ecosystem health.
 - e) Agriculture, Forestry & Traditional practices.
 - f) Hydrothermal/Geothermal effect due to destruction in the Environment.
 - g) Bio-geochemical processes and its foot prints including environmental stress.


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h) Sediment geochemistry in the surface streams.

Agriculture & Agro-Biodiversity

13. Impact on surrounding agricultural fields around the proposed mining Area.
14. Impact on soil flora & vegetation around the project site.
15. Details of type of vegetations including no. of trees & shrubs within the proposed mining area and. If so, transplantation of such vegetations all along the boundary of the proposed mining area shall committed mentioned in EMP.
16. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study the biodiversity, the natural ecosystem, the soil micro flora, fauna and soil seed banks and suggest measures to maintain the natural Ecosystem.
17. Action should specifically suggest for sustainable management of the area and restoration of ecosystem for flow of goods and services.
18. The project proponent shall study and furnish the impact of project on plantations in adjoining patta lands, Horticulture, Agriculture and livestock.

Forests

19. The project proponent shall detailed study on impact of mining on Reserve forests free ranging wildlife.
20. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on forest, vegetation, endemic, vulnerable and endangered indigenous flora and fauna.
21. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on standing trees and the existing trees should be numbered and action suggested for protection.
22. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on protected areas, Reserve Forests, National Parks, Corridors and Wildlife pathways, near project site.

Water Environment

23. Hydro-geological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of ground water pumping & open wells, and surface water bodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds etc. within 1 km (radius) so as to assess the impacts on the nearby waterbodies due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided, covering the entire mine lease period.
24. Erosion Control measures.


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25. Detailed study shall be carried out in regard to impact of mining around the proposed mine lease area on the nearby Villages, Water-bodies/ Rivers, & any ecological fragile areas.
26. The project proponent shall study impact on fish habitats and the food WEB/ food chain in the water body and Reservoir.
27. The project proponent shall study and furnish the details on potential fragmentation impact on natural environment, by the activities.
28. The project proponent shall study and furnish the impact on aquatic plants and animals in water bodies and possible scars on the landscape, damages to nearby caves, heritage site, and archaeological sites possible land form changes visual and aesthetic impacts.
29. The Terms of Reference should specifically study impact on soil health, soil erosion, the soil physical, chemical components and microbial components.
30. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study on wetlands, water bodies, rivers streams, lakes and farmer sites.

Energy

31. The measures taken to control Noise, Air, Water, Dust Control and steps adopted to efficiently utilise the Energy shall be furnished.

Climate Change

32. The Environmental Impact Assessment shall study in detail the carbon emission and also suggest the measures to mitigate carbon emission including development of carbon sinks and temperature reduction including control of other emission and climate mitigation activities.
33. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on climate change, temperature rise, pollution and above soil & below soil carbon stock.

Mine Closure Plan

34. Detailed Mine Closure Plan covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.

EMP

35. Detailed Environment Management Plan along with adaptation, mitigation & remedial strategies covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.
36. The Environmental Impact Assessment should hold detailed study on EMP with budget for Green belt development and mine closure plan including disaster management plan.

Risk Assessment


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37. To furnish risk assessment and management plan including anticipated vulnerabilities during operational and post operational phases of Mining.

Disaster Management Plan

38. To furnish disaster management plan and disaster mitigation measures in regard to all aspects to avoid/reduce vulnerability to hazards & to cope with disaster/untoward accidents in & around the proposed mine lease area due to the proposed method of mining activity & its related activities covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.

Others

39. The project proponent shall furnish VAO certificate with reference to 300m radius regard to approved habitations, schools, Archaeological sites, Structures, railway lines, roads, water bodies such as streams, odai, vaari, canal, channel, river, lake pond, tank etc.
40. As per the MoEF& CC office memorandum F.No.22-65/2017-IA.III dated: 30.09.2020 and 20.10.2020 the proponent shall address the concerns raised during the public consultation and all the activities proposed shall be part of the Environment Management Plan.
41. The project proponent shall study and furnish the possible pollution due to plastic and microplastic on the environment. The ecological risks and impacts of plastic & microplastics on aquatic environment and fresh water systems due to activities, contemplated during mining may be investigated and reported.

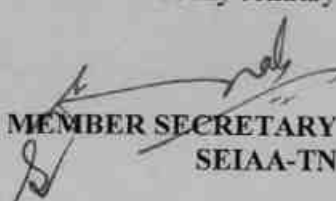
A. STANDARD TERMS OF REFERENCE

- 1) Year-wise production details since 1994 should be given, clearly stating the highest production achieved in any one year prior to 1994. It may also be categorically informed whether there had been any increase in production after the EIA Notification 1994 came into force, w.r.t. the highest production achieved prior to 1994.
- 2) A copy of the document in support of the fact that the Proponent is the rightful lessee of the mine should be given.
- 3) All documents including approved mine plan, EIA and Public Hearing should be compatible with one another in terms of the mine lease area, production levels, waste generation and its management, mining technology etc. and should be in the name of the lessee.
- 4) All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery/ topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology and geology of the area should be provided. Such an


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Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).

- 5) Information should be provided in Survey of India Topo sheet in 1:50,000 scale indicating geological map of the area, geomorphology of land forms of the area, existing minerals and mining history of the area, important water bodies, streams and rivers and soil characteristics.
- 6) Details about the land proposed for mining activities should be given with information as to whether mining conforms to the land use policy of the State; land diversion for mining should have approval from State land use board or the concerned authority.
- 7) It should be clearly stated whether the proponent Company has a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be spelt out in the EIA Report with description of the prescribed operating process/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/ violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions? The hierarchical system or administrative order of the Company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the EC conditions may also be given. The system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the Company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large, may also be detailed in the EIA Report.
- 8) Issues relating to Mine Safety, including subsidence study in case of underground mining and slope study in case of open cast mining, blasting study etc. should be detailed. The proposed safeguard measures in each case should also be provided.
- 9) The study area will comprise of 10 km zone around the mine lease from lease periphery and the data contained in the EIA such as waste generation etc. should be for the life of the mine / lease period.
- 10) Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.
- 11) Details of the land for any Over Burden Dumps outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be given.
- 12) Certificate from the Competent Authority in the State Forest Department should be provided, confirming the involvement of forest land, if any, in the project area. In the event of any contrary


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claim by the Project Proponent regarding the status of forests, the site may be inspected by the State Forest Department along with the Regional Office of the Ministry to ascertain the status of forests, based on which, the Certificate in this regard as mentioned above be issued. In all such cases, it would be desirable for representative of the State Forest Department to assist the Expert Appraisal Committees.

- 13) Status of forestry clearance for the broken up area and virgin forestland involved in the Project including deposition of Net Present Value (NPV) and Compensatory Afforestation (CA) should be indicated. A copy of the forestry clearance should also be furnished.
- 14) Implementation status of recognition of forest rights under the Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 should be indicated.
- 15) The vegetation in the RF / PF areas in the study area, with necessary details, should be given.
- 16) A study shall be got done to ascertain the impact of the Mining Project on wildlife of the study area and details furnished. Impact of the project on the wildlife in the surrounding and any other protected area and accordingly, detailed mitigative measures required, should be worked out with cost implications and submitted.
- 17) Location of National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Ramsar site Tiger/ Elephant Reserves/(existing as well as proposed), if any, within 10 km of the mine lease should be clearly indicated, supported by a location map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden. Necessary clearance, as may be applicable to such projects due to proximity of the ecologically sensitive areas as mentioned above, should be obtained from the Standing Committee of National Board of Wildlife and copy furnished.
- 18) A detailed biological study of the study area [core zone and buffer zone (10 km radius of the periphery of the mine lease)] shall be carried out. Details of flora and fauna, endangered, endemic and RET Species duly authenticated, separately for core and buffer zone should be furnished based on such primary field survey, clearly indicating the Schedule of the fauna present. In case of any scheduled-I fauna found in the study area, the necessary plan along with budgetary provisions for their conservation should be prepared in consultation with State Forest and Wildlife Department and details furnished. Necessary allocation of funds for implementing the same should be made as part of the project cost.
- 19) Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' or the Project areas likely to come under the 'Aravali Range', (attracting court restrictions for mining operations), should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities,


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such as the SPCB or State Mining Department should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.

- 20) Similarly, for Coastal Projects, a CRZ map duly authenticated by one of the authorized agencies demarcating LTL, HTL, CRZ area, location of the mine lease with respect to CRZ, coastal features such as mangroves, if any, should be furnished. (Note: The Mining Projects falling under CRZ would also need to obtain approval of the concerned Coastal Zone Management Authority).
- 21) R&R Plan/compensation details for the Project Affected People (PAP) should be furnished. While preparing the R&R Plan, the relevant State/National Rehabilitation & Resettlement Policy should be kept in view. In respect of SCs /STs and other weaker sections of the society in the study area, a need based sample survey, family-wise, should be undertaken to assess their requirements, and action programmes prepared and submitted accordingly, integrating the sectoral programmes of line departments of the State Government. It may be clearly brought out whether the village(s) located in the mine lease area will be shifted or not. The issues relating to shifting of village(s) including their R&R and socio-economic aspects should be discussed in the Report.
- 22) One season (non-monsoon) [i.e. March-May (Summer Season); October-December (post monsoon season) ; December-February (winter season)] primary baseline data on ambient air quality as per CPCB Notification of 2009, water quality, noise level, soil and flora and fauna shall be collected and the AAQ and other data so compiled presented date-wise in the EIA and EMP Report. Site-specific meteorological data should also be collected. The location of the monitoring stations should be such as to represent whole of the study area and justified keeping in view the pre-dominant downwind direction and location of sensitive receptors. There should be at least one monitoring station within 500 m of the mine lease in the pre-dominant downwind direction. The mineralogical composition of PM10, particularly for free silica, should be given.
- 23) Air quality modeling should be carried out for prediction of impact of the project on the air quality of the area. It should also take into account the impact of movement of Vehicles for transportation of mineral. The details of the model used and input parameters used for modeling should be provided. The air quality contours may be shown on a location map clearly indicating the location of the site, location of sensitive receptors, if any, and the habitation. The wind roses showing pre-dominant wind direction may also be indicated on the map.
- 24) The water requirement for the Project, its availability and source should be furnished. A detailed


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- water balance should also be provided. Fresh water requirement for the Project should be indicated.
- 25) Necessary clearance from the Competent Authority for drawl of requisite quantity of water for the Project should be provided.
 - 26) Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.
 - 27) Impact of the Project on the water quality, both surface and groundwater, should be assessed and necessary safeguard measures, if any required, should be provided.
 - 28) Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided. In case the working will intersect groundwater table, a detailed Hydro Geological Study should be undertaken and Report furnished. The Report inter-alia, shall include details of the aquifers present and impact of mining activities on these aquifers. Necessary permission from Central Ground Water Authority for working below ground water and for pumping of ground water should also be obtained and copy furnished.
 - 29) Details of any stream, seasonal or otherwise, passing through the lease area and modification / diversion proposed, if any, and the impact of the same on the hydrology should be brought out.
 - 30) Information on site elevation, working depth, groundwater table etc. Should be provided both in AMSL and bgl. A schematic diagram may also be provided for the same.
 - 31) A time bound Progressive Greenbelt Development Plan shall be prepared in a tabular form (indicating the linear and quantitative coverage, plant species and time frame) and submitted, keeping in mind, the same will have to be executed up front on commencement of the Project. Phase-wise plan of plantation and compensatory afforestation should be charted clearly indicating the area to be covered under plantation and the species to be planted. The details of plantation already done should be given. The plant species selected for green belt should have greater ecological value and should be of good utility value to the local population with emphasis on local and native species and the species which are tolerant to pollution.
 - 32) Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated. Projected increase in truck traffic as a result of the Project in the present road network (including those outside the Project area) should be worked out, indicating whether it is capable of handling the incremental load. Arrangement for improving the infrastructure, if contemplated (including action to be taken by other agencies such as State Government) should be covered. Project Proponent shall conduct


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Impact of Transportation study as per Indian Road Congress Guidelines.

- 33) Details of the onsite shelter and facilities to be provided to the mine workers should be included in the EIA Report.
- 34) Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and Restoration of mined out areas (with plans and with adequate number of sections) should be given in the EIA report.
- 35) Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.
- 36) Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.
- 37) Measures of socio economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.
- 38) Detailed Environmental Management Plan (EMP) to mitigate the environmental impacts which, should inter-alia include the impacts of change of land use, loss of agricultural and grazing land, if any, occupational health impacts besides other impacts specific to the proposed Project.
- 39) Public Hearing points raised and commitment of the Project Proponent on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project.
- 40) Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.
- 41) The cost of the Project (capital cost and recurring cost) as well as the cost towards implementation of EMP should be clearly spelt out.
- 42) A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report.
- 43) Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.
- 44) Besides the above, the below mentioned general points are also to be followed:-
 - a) Executive Summary of the EIA/EMP Report
 - b) All documents to be properly referenced with index and continuous page numbering.


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- c) Where data are presented in the Report especially in Tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated.
- d) Project Proponent shall enclose all the analysis/testing reports of water, air, soil, noise etc. using the MoEF&CC/NABL accredited laboratories. All the original analysis/testing reports should be available during appraisal of the Project.
- e) Where the documents provided are in a language other than English, an English translation should be provided.
- f) The Questionnaire for environmental appraisal of mining projects as devised earlier by the Ministry shall also be filled and submitted.
- g) While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the Proponents and instructions for the Consultants issued by MoEF&CC vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II (I) dated 4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry, should be followed.
- h) Changes, if any made in the basic scope and project parameters (as submitted in Form-I and the PFR for securing the TOR) should be brought to the attention of MoEF&CC with reasons for such changes and permission should be sought, as the ToR may also have to be altered. Post Public Hearing changes in structure and content of the draft EIA/EMP (other than modifications arising out of the P.H. process) will entail conducting the PH again with the revised documentation.
- i) As per the circular no. J-11011/618/2010-IA.II (I) dated 30.5.2012, certified report of the status of compliance of the conditions stipulated in the Environment Clearance for the existing operations of the project, should be obtained from the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, as may be applicable.
- j) The EIA report should also include (i) surface plan of the area indicating contours of main topographic features, drainage and mining area, (ii) geological maps and sections and (iii) sections of the mine pit and external dumps, if any, clearly showing the land features of the adjoining area.

In addition to the above, the following shall be furnished:-

The Executive summary of the EIA/EMP report in about 8-10 pages should be prepared incorporating the information on following points:

1. Project name and location (Village, District, State, Industrial Estate (if applicable)).
2. Process description in brief, specifically indicating the gaseous emission, liquid effluent and


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solid and hazardous wastes.

3. Measures for mitigating the impact on the environment and mode of discharge or disposal.
4. Capital cost of the project, estimated time of completion.
5. The proponent shall furnish the contour map of the water table detailing the number of wells located around the site and impacts on the wells due to mining activity.
6. A detailed study of the lithology of the mining lease area shall be furnished.
7. Details of village map, "A" register and FMB sketch shall be furnished.
8. Detailed mining closure plan for the proposed project approved by the Geology of Mining department shall be submitted along with EIA report.
9. Obtain a letter /certificate from the Assistant Director of Geology and Mining standing that there is no other Minerals/resources like sand in the quarrying area within the approved depth of mining and below depth of mining and the same shall be furnished in the EIA report.
10. EIA report should strictly follow the Environmental Impact Assessment Guidance Manual for Mining of Minerals published February 2010.
11. Detail plan on rehabilitation and reclamation carried out for the stabilization and restoration of the mined areas.
12. The EIA study report shall include the surrounding mining activity, if any.
13. Modeling study for Air, Water and noise shall be carried out in this field and incremental increase in the above study shall be substantiated with mitigation measures.
14. A study on the geological resources available shall be carried out and reported.
15. A specific study on agriculture & livelihood shall be carried out and reported.
16. Impact of soil erosion, soil physical chemical and biological property changes may be assumed.
17. Site selected for the project - Nature of land - Agricultural (single/double crop), barren, Govt./ private land, status of is acquisition, nearby (in 2-3 km.) water body, population, with in 10km other industries, forest , eco-sensitive zones, accessibility, (note - in case of industrial estate this information may not be necessary)
18. Baseline environmental data - air quality, surface and ground water quality, soil characteristic, flora and fauna, socio-economic condition of the nearby population
19. Identification of hazards in handling, processing and storage of hazardous material and safety system provided to mitigate the risk.
20. Likely impact of the project on air, water, land, flora-fauna and nearby population
21. Emergency preparedness plan in case of natural or in plant emergencies


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22. Issues raised during public hearing (if applicable) and response given
23. CER plan with proposed expenditure.
24. Occupational Health Measures
25. Post project monitoring plan
26. The project proponent shall carry out detailed hydro geological study through intuitions/NABET Accredited agencies.
27. A detailed report on the green belt development already undertaken is to be furnished and also submit the proposal for green belt activities.
28. The proponent shall propose the suitable control measure to control the fugitive emissions during the operations of the mines.
29. A specific study should include impact on flora & fauna, disturbance to migratory pattern of animals.
30. Reserve funds should be earmarked for proper closure plan.
31. A detailed plan on plastic waste management shall be furnished. Further, the proponent should strictly comply with, Tamil Nadu Government Order (Ms) No.84 Environment and forests (EC.2) Department dated 25.06.2018 regarding ban on one time use and throw away plastics irrespective of thickness with effect from 01.01.2019 under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. In this connection, the project proponent has to furnish the action plan.

Besides the above, the below mentioned general points should also be followed:-

- a. A note confirming compliance of the TOR, with cross referencing of the relevant sections / pages of the EIA report should be provided.
- b. All documents may be properly referenced with index, page numbers and continuous page numbering.
- c. Where data are presented in the report especially in tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated.
- d. While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the proponents and instructions for the consultants issued by MoEF & CC vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II (I) dated 4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry should also be followed.
- e. The consultants involved in the preparation of EIA/EMP report after accreditation with Quality Council of India (QCI)/National Accreditation Board of Education and Training (NABET) would need to include a certificate in this regard in the EIA/EMP reports prepared by them and


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data provided by other organization/Laboratories including their status of approvals etc. In this regard circular no F. No.J -11013/77/2004-IA-II(I) dated 2nd December, 2009, 18th March 2010, 28th May 2010, 28th June 2010, 31st December 2010 & 30th September 2011 posted on the Ministry's website <http://www.moef.nic.in/> may be referred.

- After preparing the EIA (as per the generic structure prescribed in Appendix-III of the EIA Notification, 2006) covering the above mentioned points, the proponent will take further necessary action for obtaining environmental clearance in accordance with the procedure prescribed under the EIA Notification, 2006.
- The final EIA report shall be submitted to the SEIAA, Tamil Nadu for obtaining Environmental Clearance.
- The TORs with public hearing prescribed shall be **valid for a period of three years** from the date of issue, for submission of the EIA/EMP report as per OMNo.J-11013/41/2006-IA-II(I)(part) dated 29th August, 2017.


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Copy to:

1. The Additional Chief Secretary to Government, Environment, Climate Change and Forests Department, Govt. of Tamil Nadu, Fort St. George, Chennai - 9.
2. The Chairman, Central Pollution Control Board, Parivesh Bhavan, CBD Cum-Office Complex, East Arjun Nagar, New Delhi - 110 032.
3. The Chairman, Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board, 76, Mount Salai, Guindy, Chennai - 600 032.
4. The APCCF (C), Regional Office, MoEF & CC (SZ), 34, HEPC Building, 1st & 2nd Floor, Cathedral Garden Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai - 34.
5. Monitoring Cell, IA Division, Ministry of Environment, Forests & CC, Paryavaran Bhavan, CGO Complex, New Delhi - 110 003.
6. The District Collector, Pudukottai District.
7. Stock File.

TOR Reply of Proposed Rough stone & Gravel Quarry Over an Extent of 4.54.0 Ha

COMPLIANCE OF TOR CONDITIONS

Point wise compliance of ToR points issued by SEIAA, TN vide letter No. SEIAA-TN/F. No. 9721/SEAC/ToR-1433/2023 Dated: 24.04.2023 for Mining of Minor Minerals in the Mine of “Proposed Rough stone & Gravel Quarry Over an Extent of 0.61.0 Ha at S.F.No. 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District, Tamil Nadu State.

ToR Ref.	Description	Response	Page Ref. in EIA Report
1	Year-wise production details since 1994 should be given, clearly stating the highest production achieved in any one year prior to 1994. It may also be categorically informed whether there had been any increase in production after the EIA Notification, 1994 came into force w.r.t. the highest production achieved prior to 1994.	This is a fresh mining project of Proposed Rough stone and Gravel quarry. Precise Area Communication Letter received from Assistant Director, Dept. Geology and Mining, Pudukkottai vide letter Rc.No.580/2022 (G&M) Mines dated 15.11.2022. Mining Plan was approved by the Assistant Director, Dept. of Geology & Mining, Pudukkottai vide letter Rc.No.580/2022 (G&M) dated 24.11.2022. As area is being exploited for the first time hence Year-wise production details since 1994 and before 1994 are not relevant or applicable.	Chapter-2 Table No.2.9 Page No.47

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		<table><tr><th>Year</th><th>Rough stone (m³)</th><th>Gravel (m³)</th></tr><tr><td>I</td><td>6300</td><td>5559</td></tr><tr><td>II</td><td>6300</td><td>5559</td></tr><tr><td>III</td><td>6000</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>IV</td><td>6650</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>Total</td><td>25250</td><td>11118</td></tr></table> Proposed Production of Rough Stone & Gravel for five years is proposed in the EIA/EMP in chapter no-2.	Year	Rough stone (m³)	Gravel (m³)	I	6300	5559	II	6300	5559	III	6000	-	IV	6650	-	Total	25250	11118	
Year	Rough stone (m³)	Gravel (m³)																			
I	6300	5559																			
II	6300	5559																			
III	6000	-																			
IV	6650	-																			
Total	25250	11118																			
2.	A copy of document in support of the fact that the Proponent is the rightful lessee of the mine should be given.	The mine lease area of 0.61.0 hectare in Thulaiyanur Village for Rough stone and Gravel quarry approved by Assistant Director, Dept. of Geology & Mining, Pudukkottai vide Rc.No.580/2022 (G&M) dated 24.11.2022.	Annexure-III																		
3	All documents including approved mine plan, EIA and public hearing should be compatible with one another in terms of the mine lease area, production levels, waste generation and its management and mining technology and should be in the name of the lessee.	All the documents i.e., Mining Plan, EIA and public hearing are compatible with each other in terms of ML area production levels, waste generation and its management and mining technology are compatible with one another. The mining plan of the project site has been submitted to The Assistant Director, Dept. of Geology & Mining, Pudukkottai.	Annexure-VI Chapter- II																		

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4	All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High-Resolution Imagery / topo sheet should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).	Details of coordinates of all corners of proposed mining lease area have been incorporated in mining plan and Chapter 2 of EIA/ EMP Report.	Chapter-2, Fig no. 2.2 Page. no. 38
5	Information should be provided in Survey of India Topo sheet in 1:50,000 scale indicating geological map of the area, important water bodies, streams and rivers and soil characteristics	Topo map as attached in Chapter-2	Chapter-2, Fig no. 2.4 Page. no. 39
6.	Details about the land proposed for mining activities should be given with information as to whether conforms to the land use policy of the state; land diversion for mining should have approval from State land use board or the concerned authority	Details about the land proposed for mining activities given in Chapter 2.	Chapter-2 Page 41
7	It should be clearly stated whether the proponent company has a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be spelt out in the EIA report with description of the prescribed operating process/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/	Noted.	

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	violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions? The hierarchical system or administrative order of the Company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the EC conditions may also be given. The system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the Company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large may also be detailed in the EIA report.		
8	Issues relating to Mine Safety, including subsidence study in case of underground mining and slope study in case of open cast mining, blasting study etc. should be detailed. The proposed safeguard measures in each case should also be provided.	It is an open cast mining project. Blasting details are incorporated in chapter 2	Chapter-2, Page no.49
9	The study area will comprise of 15 km zone around the mine lease from lease periphery and the data contained in the EIA such as waste generation etc should be for the life of the mine / lease period.	Study area comprises of 15 km radius from the mine lease boundary. Key Plan showing core zone (ML area).	Chapter-2 Fig no. 2.5 Page no.40
10	Land use of the study	Land Use of the study area	Chapter-2,

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	area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.	delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, National Park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlement and other ecological features has been prepared and incorporated in Chapter-3 of EIA/EMP Report. There is no wildlife sanctuary and national park, migratory routes of fauna in the study area.	Table no. 2.4 Page no.41
11	Details of the land for any Over Burden Dumps outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be given.	The over burden in the form of Gravel is 11118m³ of used for filling and levelling of low lying areas of road projects and other infrastructure development work in and around the district	Chapter-2, Page no.48
12	Certificate from the Competent Authority in the State Forest Department should be provided, confirming the involvement of forest land, if any, in the project area. In the event of any contrary claim by the Project Proponent regarding the status of forests, the site may be inspected by the State Forest Department along with the	Complied. The proposed mining lease area is not falling under forest land.	

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	Regional Office of the Ministry to ascertain the status of forests, based on which, the Certificate in this regard as mentioned above be issued. In all such cases, it would be desirable for representative of the State Forest Department to assist the Expert Appraisal Committees.		
13	Status of forestry clearance for the broken-up area and virgin forestland involved in the Project including deposition of net present value (NPV) and compensatory afforestation (CA) should be indicated. A copy of the forestry clearance should also be furnished.	The proposed mining lease area is not falling under forest land.	
14	Implementation status of recognition of forest rights under the Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 should be indicated.	Not Applicable. There is no involvement of forest land in the project area.	
15	The vegetation in the RF / PF areas in the study area, with necessary details, should be given.	Details of flora have been discussed in Chapter-3 of the EIA/EMP Report.	Chapter-3 Pg No. 94

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16	A study shall be got done to ascertain the impact of the Mining Project on wildlife of the study area and details furnished. Impact of the project on the wildlife in the surrounding and any other protected area and accordingly detailed mitigative measures required, should be worked out with cost implications and submitted.	There is a relatively poor sighting of animals in the core and buffer areas of the mining lease is anticipated	
17	Location of National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Tiger/Elephant Reserves/ (existing as well as proposed), if any, within 10km of the mine lease should be clearly indicated, supported by a location map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden. Necessary clearance, as may be applicable to such projects due to proximity of the ecologically sensitive areas as mentioned above, should be obtained from the Standing Committee of National Board of Wildlife and copy furnished	There is no National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Tiger / Elephant Reserves / Critically Polluted areas within 15 km radius of the mining lease area.	
18	A detailed biological study of the study area [core zone and buffer zone (10 km radius of the periphery of the mine lease)] shall be carried out. Details of flora and	Details biological study (flora & fauna) within 10 km radius of the project site have been incorporated in Chapter-3 of EIA/ EMP Report.	

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	fauna, duly authenticated, separately for core and buffer zone should be furnished based on such primary field survey, clearly indicating the Schedule of the fauna present. In case of any scheduled-I fauna found in the study area, the necessary plan for their conservation should be prepared in consultation with State Forest and Wildlife Department and details furnished. Necessary allocation of funds for implementing the same should be made as part of the project cost.	No flora & fauna listed in scheduled I have been found in study area so there is no need of conservation plan. However, all care will be taken for protection of flora & fauna, if any in the lease hold area.	Chapter – 3 Pg No. 103
19	Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' or the Project areas likely to come under the 'Aravali Range', (attracting court restrictions for mining operations), should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the SPCB or State Mining Dept. Should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.	The proposed mining lease area is not falling under critically polluted area.	
20	Similarly, for coastal projects, A CRZ map duly authenticated by one of the authorized agencies	There is no Coastal Zone within 15km radius of the project site.	

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	demarcating LTL, HTL, CRZ area, location of the mine lease w.r.t CRZ, coastal features such as mangroves, if any, should be furnished. (Note: The Mining Projects falling under CRZ would also need to obtain approval of the concerned Coastal Zone Management Authority)		
21	R&R Plan/compensation details for the Project Affected People (PAP) should be furnished. While preparing the R&R Plan, the relevant State/National Rehabilitation & Resettlement Policy should be kept in view. In respect of SCs /STs and other weaker sections of the society in the study area, a need based sample survey, family wise, should be undertaken to assess their requirements, and action programmes prepared and submitted accordingly, integrating the sectoral programmes of line departments of the State Government. It may be clearly brought out whether the village located in the mine lease area will be shifted or not. The issues relating to shifting of Village	There is no Rehabilitation and resettlement is involved. Land classified as Patta land	

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	including their R&R and socio-economic aspects should be discussed in the report.		
22	One season (non-monsoon) and (Summer Season), (Post monsoon) primary baseline data on ambient air quality CPCB Notification of 2009 water quality, noise level, soil and flora and fauna shall be collected and the AAQ and other data so compiled presented date-wise in the EIA and EMP Report. Site-specific meteorological data should also be collected. The location of the monitoring stations should be such as to represent whole of the study area and justified keeping in view the pre- dominant downwind direction and location of sensitive receptors. There should be at least one monitoring station within 500m of the mine lease in the pre-dominant downwind direction. The mineralogical composition of PM10, particularly for free silica, should be given.	Baseline data collected during Pre-Monsoon Season and Monsoon (January to March 2023) has been incorporated in EIA/EMP report. The key plan of monitoring station has been discussed in Chapter-4. Locations of the monitoring stations have been selected keeping in view the pre- dominant downwind direction and location of the sensitive receptors and also that they represent whole of the study area.	Chapter 3

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23	Air quality modelling should be carried out for prediction of impact of the project on the air quality of the area. It should also take into account the impact of movement of vehicles for transportation of mineral. The details of the model used and input parameters used for modelling should be provided. The air quality contours may be shown on a location map clearly indicating the location of the site, location of sensitive receptors, if any, and the habitation. The wind roses showing predominant wind direction may also be indicated on the map.	Air quality modelling & Impact of Air quality will be furnished in Final EIA report. Transportation of mineral during operation of mines will be done by road & MDR 833 through dumpers and the impact of movement of vehicles are incorporated in EIA/EMP report. Air quality modelling & Impact of Air quality will be furnished in Final EIA report.	Chapter-4 Page No.114
24	The water requirement for the Project, its availability and source should be furnished. A detailed water balance should also be provided. Fresh water requirement for the Project should be indicated.	Total water requirement: 2.0 KLD Dust Suppression: 0.5 KLD Domestic Purpose: 1.0 KLD Plantation :0.5 KLD Domestic Water will be sourced from nearby Melur which is about 1.37 Km-NNW of the area.	Chapter-2 Page no.53
25	Necessary clearance from the Competent Authority for drawl of requisite quantity of water for the Project should be provided.	Not Applicable Water will be taken from nearby villages	

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26	Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.	At the last stage of mining operation, almost complete area will be worked to restore the land to its optimum reclamation for future use as water reservoir.	
27	Impact of the project on the water quality, both surface and groundwater should be assessed and necessary safeguard measures, if any required, should be provided.	Impact of the project on the water quality & its mitigation measures has been incorporated in Chapter-4 of EIA/EMP report.	Chapter-4 Page No.112
28	Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided. In case the working will intersect groundwater table, a detailed Hydro Geological Study should be undertaken and Report furnished. Necessary permission from Central Ground Water Authority for working below ground water and for pumping of ground water should also be obtained and copy furnished.	Maximum working depth: 13m for proposed five years. The ground water table is reported as 70m – 75m below surface ground level in nearby wells of this area. Now, the present quarry shall be proposed above the water table and hence, quarrying may not affect the ground water So mine working will not be intersecting the ground water table.	Chapter-2 Page no. 38
29	Details of any stream, seasonal or otherwise, passing through the lease area and modification / diversion proposed, if any, and the impact	There is no any stream crossing in the proposed quarry.	Executive Summary

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	of the same on the hydrology should be brought out.		
30	Information on site elevation, working depth, groundwater table etc. Should be provided both in AMSL and bgl. A schematic diagram may also be provided for the same.	Highest elevation: 118.0m from MSL The ground Water Level is noticed at the depth of 70m to 75m BGL.	Chapter-2 Table no. 2.2 Page no. 38
31	A time bound Progressive Greenbelt Development Plan shall be prepared in a tabular form (indicating the linear and quantitative coverage, plant species and time frame) and submitted, keeping in mind, the same will have to be executed up front on commencement of the project. Phase-wise plan of plantation and compensatory afforestation should be charted clearly indicating the area to be covered under plantation and the species to be planted. The plant species selected for green belt should have greater ecological value and should be of good utility value to the local population with emphasis on local and native species and the species which are tolerant pollution	Green Belt Development plan is proved given in Chapter 2.	Chapter-2
32	Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project	Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the project has	Chapter-3

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	should be indicated. Projected increase in truck traffic as a result of the Project in the present road network (including those outside the Project area) should be worked out, indicating whether it is capable of handling the incremental load. Arrangement for improving the infrastructure, if contemplated (including action to be taken by other agencies such as State Government) should be covered. Project proponent shall conduct impact of Transportation study as per Indian Road Congress Guidelines	been assessed. There shall not be much impact on local transport. Traffic density from the proposed mining activity has been incorporated in EIA/EMP report.	Page No.107
33	Details of the onsite shelter and facilities to be provided to the mine workers should be included in the EIA report.	Adequate infrastructure & other facilities shall be provided to the mine workers. Details are given in chapter-2 of EIA/EMP	Chapter-2
34	Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and Restoration of mined out areas (with plans and with adequate number of sections) should be given in the EIA report.	Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and restoration sectional plates are given in Mining Plan followed by Scheme of mining.	Mining plates Annexure VII
35	Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination	Suitable measure will be adopted to minimize occupational health impacts of the project. The project shall have positive impact on local environment. Details are given in	Chapter-10 Pg No. 145

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	and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project in the mining area may be detailed	chapter-10 of EIA/EMP.	
36	Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.	Suitable measure will be adopted to minimize occupational health impacts of the project.	Chapter-10 Pg No. 145
37	Measures of socio-economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.	Suitable measures have been discussed in Chapter 4	Chapter-4 Pg No. 118
38	Detailed environmental management plan to mitigate the environmental impacts which, should inter-alia include the impacts of change of land use, loss of agricultural and grazing land, if any, occupational health impacts besides other impacts specific to the proposed Project.	Environment Management Plan has been described in detail in Chapter-9 of the EIA/EMP Report.	Chapter-9 Pg No. 136
39	Public hearing points raised and commitment of the project proponent on the same along with	Public Hearing proceedings will be furnished in Final EIA report	

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	time bound action plan to implement the same should be provided and incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project.														
40	Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the project should be given.	Not applicable No. litigation is pending against the project in any court.													
41	The cost of the project (capital cost and recurring cost) as well as the cost towards implementation of EMP should clearly be spelt out.	<table><tr><th>S. No</th><th>Description</th><th>Cost</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Fixed Asset Cost</td><td>10,38,000/-</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Operational Cost</td><td>20,00,000 /-</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Total</td><td>30,38,000/-</td></tr></table> EMP Cost: 25,26,525/-	S. No	Description	Cost	1	Fixed Asset Cost	10,38,000/-	2	Operational Cost	20,00,000 /-		Total	30,38,000/-	Chapter-8 Pg No. 135
S. No	Description	Cost													
1	Fixed Asset Cost	10,38,000/-													
2	Operational Cost	20,00,000 /-													
	Total	30,38,000/-													
42	A Disaster Management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report.	Disaster Management and Risk Assessment has been incorporated in Chapter-7	Chapter-7 Pg No. 127												
43	Benefits of the project if the project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the project shall clearly indicate environmental, social economic, employment potential etc.	Benefits of the project has incorporated	Chapter-8 Pg No. 135												
44	Besides the above, the below mentioned general points are also to be followed:														

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(a)	Executive Summary of the EIA/EMP report	Executive Summary of EIA Report is given from page No.15-28	
(b)	All documents to be properly referenced with index and continuous page numbering.	Complied	
(c)	Where data are presented in the report especially in tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated.	Complied	
(d)	Project Proponent shall enclose all the analysis/testing reports of water, air, soil, noise etc. using the MoEF & CC NABL accredited laboratories. All the original analysis/testing reports should be available during appraisal of the project.	Complied	
(e)	Where the documents provided are in a language other than English, an English translation should be provided.	Complied	
(f)	The Questionnaire for environmental appraisal of mining projects as devised earlier by the Ministry shall also be filled and submitted.	The complete questionnaire has been prepared	
(g)	While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the proponents and instructions for the	The EIA report has been prepared and complying with the circular issued by MoEF vide O.M.	

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	consultants issued by MoEF vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA. II(I) dated 4th August 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry, should also be followed.	No. J-11013/41/2006-IA. II(I) dated 4th August 2009.	
(h)	Changes, if any made in the basic scope and project parameters (as submitted in Form-I and the PFR for securing the TOR) should be brought to the attention of MoEF with reasons for such changes and permission should be sought, as the TOR may also have to be altered. Post Public Hearing changes in structure and content of the draft EIA/EMP (other than modifications arising out of the P.H. process) will entail conducting the PH again with the revised documentation	There are no changes in prepared EIA as per submitted Form-1 & PFR	
(i)	As per the circular no. J-11011/618/2010-IA. II(I) dated 30.5.2012, report on the status of compliance of the conditions stipulated in the environment clearance for the existing operations of the project by the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment & Forests, if applicable.	Will be complied after grant environment clearance from SEIAA, Tamilnadu	

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(j)	The EIA report should also include (i) surface plan of the area indicating contours of main topographic features, drainage and mining area, (ii) geological maps and sections (iii) sections of mine pit and external dumps, if any clearly showing the features of the adjoining area.	All Sectional Plates of Quarry is enclosed in Mining Plan.	
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Additional ToR Compliance

S.No.	Condition	Compliance
1.	Proponent shall furnish the letter received from DFO concerned stating the proximity details of Reserve forests, Protected Areas, Sanctuaries, Tiger reserve etc., upto a radius of 25 km from the proposed site.	The DFO letter will be submitted with final EIA report.
2.	Detailed study report on flora and fauna in and nearby the quarry site.	Noted. Agreed to comply
3.	The proponent shall develop greenbelt and garland drains around the proposed quarry and the photographs indicating the same shall be shown during EIA appraisal.	Noted. Agreed to comply.
4.	The proponent shall carry out Bil diversity study through reputed Institution and the same shall be included in EIA Report	Noted. Agreed to comply
5.	The proponent is requested to carry out a survey and enumerate on the structures located within the radius of (i) 50m, (ii) 100m, (iii) 200m, (iv) 300m shall be enumerated with details such as dwelling houses with number of occupants, whether it belongs to the owner (or) not, places of worship, industries, factories, sheds, etc. indicating the ownership of the building, nature of construction, age of the building, number of residents, their profession and income, etc.	Noted. Agreed to comply
6.	The Proponent shall submit a conceptual 'Slope Stability Assessment' for the proposed quarry during the appraisal while obtaining the EC.	Slope stability report will be submitted with Final EIA.

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7.	The PP shall furnish the affidavit stating that the blasting operation in the proposed quarry is carried out by the statutory competent person as per the MMR 1961 such as blaster, mining mate, mine foreman, II/I Class mines manager appointed by the proponent.	The PP will furnish the affidavit stating that the blasting operation in the proposed quarry is carried out by the statutory competent person as per the MMR 1961 such as blaster, mining mate, mine foreman, II/I Class mines manager appointed by the proponent
8.	The PP shall present a conceptual design for carrying out only controlled blasting operation involving line drilling and muffle blasting in the proposed quarry such that the blast-induced ground vibrations are controlled as well as no fly rock travel beyond 30m from the blast site.	Noted. Agree to comply.
9.	The EIA Coordinator shall obtain and furnish the details of quarry/quarries operated by the proponent in the past, either in the same location or elsewhere in the State with video and Photographic evidence.	It is a fresh quarry and newly operated by the proponent.
10.	If the proponent has already carried out the mining activity in the proposed mining lease area after 15.01.2016, then the proponent shall furnish the following details from AD/DD, mines,	It is a fresh quarry.
11.	What was the period of the operation and stoppage of the earlier mines with the last work permit issued by the AD/DD mines?	It is a Fresh quarry
12.	Quantity of minerals mines out. a. Highest production achieved in any one year. b. Details of approved depth of mining. c. Actual depth of the mining achieved earlier.	It is a Fresh quarry

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	d. Name of the person already mined in that leases area. e. If EC and CTO already obtained, the copy of the same shall be submitted. Whether the mining was carried out as per the approved mine plan (or EC if issued) with stipulated benches.	
13.	All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High-Resolution Imagery/Topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology, lithology and geology of the mining lease area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological feature of the study area (core and buffer zone)	Complied. All corners with coordinates of the mine lease area have attached with EIA report in chapter 2
14.	The Project Proponent shall carry out Drone video survey covering survey covering the cluster, green belt, fencing etc.,	Drone video survey will be submitted in final EIA report.
15.	The proponent shall furnish photographs of adequate fencing, greenbelt along periphery including replantation of existing trees & safety distance between the adjacent quarries & water bodies nearby provided as per the approved mining plan.	Noted. Agreed to comply.
16.	The Project Proponent shall provide the details of mineral reserves and mineable reserves, planned production capacity, proposed working methodology with justification, the anticipated impacts of the mining operations on the surrounding environment and the remedial measures for the same	The details of Geological reserves, Mineable reserves and Yearwise production reserves are tabulated in Chapter 2. The mining methodology and impacts are follow as on prescribed norms by Government.

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17.	The PP shall provide the Organization chart indicating the appointment of various statutory officials and other competent persons to be appointed as per the provisions of Mines Act'1952 and the MMR, 1961 for carrying out the quarrying operations scientifically and systematically in order to ensure safety and to protect the environment.	Complied. Manpower requirements table attached in EIA report chapter 2
18.	The PP shall conduct the hydro-geological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of ground water pumping & open wells, and surface Water bodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds etc., within 1km (radius) along with the collected water level data for both monsoon and non-monsoon seasons from the PWD/TWAD so as to assess the impacts on the wells due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided.	Hydro geological study report will be submitted along final EIA report.
19.	The proponent shall furnish the baseline data for the environmental and ecological parameters with regard to surface water/ground water quality, air quality, soil quality & flora/fauna including traffic/vehicular movement study.	The proponent has furnished the baseline data for the environmental and ecological parameters with regard to surface water/ground water quality, air quality, soil quality & flora/fauna including traffic/vehicular movement study details attached in EIA report chapter 3
20.	The Proponent shall carry out the Cumulative impact study due to mining operations carried out	Noted.

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	in the quarry specifically with reference to the specific environment in terms of soil health, biodiversity, air pollution, water pollution, climate change and flood control & health impacts. Accordingly, the Environment Management plan should be prepared keeping the concerned quarry and the surrounding habitations in the mind.	Agree to comply.
21.	Rainwater harvesting management with recharging details along with water balance (both monsoon & non-monsoon) be submitted.	Noted. Agree to comply.
22.	Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given	Current land use of the study area has attached in EIA report chapter 3. Operational and post operational land use will be submitted.
23.	Details of the land for storage of Overburden/Waste dump (or) Rejects outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be provided.	The over burden in the form of Gravel is 63168m ³ of used for filling and leveling of low lying areas of road projects and other infrastructure development work in and around the district
24.	Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' (or) the Project areas which attracts the court restrictions for mining operations, should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such	The proposed mining lease area is not falling under critically polluted area.

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	as the TNPCB (or) Dept. of Geology and Mining should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered	
25.	Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.	The ultimate pit at the end of the mining operation will be used for rainwater storage, the stored water will be used for green belt development and further the stored water will be used for domestic purposes (other than drinking) after proper treatment.
26.	Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated.	Traffic impact assessment has given in EIA report chapter 3.
27.	A tree survey study shall be carried out (nos., name of the species, diameter, etc.,) both within the mining lease applied area & 300m buffer zone and its management during mining activity.	No tree species were found inside the project site. only few shrubs and thorny bushes were present. Tree survey study details given in EIA report chapter 3.
28.	A detailed mine closure plan for the proposed project shall be included in EIA/EMP report which should be site-specific.	Noted. The mine plan and mine closure plan has been approved by the Assistant Director, Department of Mining and Geology, Pudukkottai District
29.	Public hearing points raised and commitments of the PP on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project and to be submitted to SEIAA/SEAC with regard to the Office Memorandum of MoEF & CC accordingly.	Noted and will be complied in Final EIA report.
30.	The Public hearing advertisement shall be	The Public hearing advertisement will

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	published in on major National daily and one most circulated vernacular daily	be published in one major National daily and one most circulated vernacular daily.
31.	The PP shall produce/display the EIA report, Executive summary and other related information with respect to public hearing Tamil Language also.	Noted
32.	As a part of the study of flora and fauna around the vicinity of the proposed site, the EIA coordinator shall strive to educate the local students on the importance of preserving local flora and fauna by involving them in the study, wherever possible.	Noted. Agree to comply
33.	The purpose of green belt around the project is to capture the fugitive emissions, carbon sequestration and to attenuate the noise generated, in addition to improving the aesthetics. A wide range of indigenous plant species should be planted as given in the appendix-I in consultation with the DFO, State Agriculture University and local school/college authorities. The plant species with dense/moderate canopy of native origin should be chosen. Species of small/medium/tall trees alternating with shrubs should be planted in a mixed manner.	Around 2250 (450 per year) trees will be planted around the site. The list of trees to be planted are given below: Neem, Pungam, Poovarasu, Naval, Mantharai, Arasa Maram, Magizham, Vilvam, vaagai, Marudha maram, Thandri, Poovarasu, Quaker buttons, Thethankottai maram, Manjadi, Usil, Aathi, Panai, Uzha, Illuppai, Eachai, Vanni Maram
34.	Taller/one year old Saplings raised in appropriate size of bags, preferably eco-friendly bags should be planted as per the advice of local forest authorities/ botanist/Horticulturist with regard to site specific choices. The proponent shall earmark the greenbelt area with GPS coordinates all along	The green belt plan enclosed with mining plates in Annexure VII

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	the boundary of the project site with at least 3 meter wide and in between blocks in an organized manner.	
35.	A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the lease period.	Disaster management plan has prepared and enclosed in Chapter 7.
36.	A Risk Assessment and management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the lease period.	Risk assessment and management plan has prepared and enclosed in chapter 7.
37.	Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.	Suitable measure will be adopted to minimize occupational health impacts of the project. The project shall have positive impact on local environment. Details are given in chapter-10 of EIA/EMP.
38.	Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.	Public health implication and remedial measures is given in EIA/EMP report.
39.	The Socio-economic studies should be carried out within a 5km buffer zone from the mining activity. Measures of socio-economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative	The socio-economic study has been discussed in chapter 3.

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	dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.	
40.	Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given	No. litigation is pending against the project in any court.
41.	Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.,	Benefits of the project has incorporated in EIA report chapter 8
42.	If any quarrying operations were carried out in the proposed quarrying site for which now the EC is sought, the Project Proponent shall furnish the detailed compliance to EC conditions given in the previous EC with the site photographs which shall duly be certified by MoEF&CC, Regional Office, Chennai (or) the concerned DEE/TNPCB	It is a fresh quarry.
43.	The PP shall prepare the EMP for the entire life of mine and also furnish the sworn affidavit stating to abide the EMP for the entire life of mine.	Noted. Agree to comply.
44.	concealing any factual information or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the Condition mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this Terms of conditions besides attracting penal provisions in the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986	Noted.

Additional ToR by SEIAA

1	The project proponent shall prepare mine closure plan considering mineable quantity of Topsoil, Weathered rock & mineral reject/waste. If any	Noted Agreed to comply.
2	Copy of valid mining lease approval obtained	Noted.

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	from the competent Authority.	Agree to comply.
3	Copy of approved review of scheme of mining plan by the competent authority (Dept. of Geology and Mining/IBM).	It is a fresh quarry, Approved mining plan and mine closure plan has submitted.
4	Details of habitations around the proposed mining area and latest VAO certificate regarding the location of habitation within the 300m radius from the periphery of the site.	VAO certificate stating that There is no habitation within the radius of 300m has submitted.
5	The DFO letter stating that the proximity distance of Reserve Forests, Protected Areas, Sanctuaries, Tiger reserve etc., up to a radius of 25 km from the proposed site.	Noted. Agreed to comply.
Annexure 'B'		
1	Cluster Management Committee shall be framed which must include all the proponents in the cluster as members including the existing as well as proposed quarry.	Noted All the proponents in the cluster is discussed in Chapter-2
2	The members must coordinate among themselves for the effective implementation of EMP as committed including Green Belt Development, Water sprinkling, tree plantation, blasting etc.,	Green belt development, water sprinkling, tree plantation is discussed in chapter 2
3	The List of members of the committee formed shall be submitted to AD/Mines before the execution of mining lease and the same shall be updated every year to the AD/Mines.	Agreed to comply
4	Detailed Operational Plan must be submitted which must include the blasting frequency with respect to the nearby quarry situated in the cluster, the usage of haul roads by the individual quarry in the form of route map and network.	Agreed to comply and will be submitted with final EIA report.

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5	The committee shall deliberate on risk management plan pertaining to the cluster in a holistic manner especially during natural calamities like intense rain and the mitigation measures considering the inundation of the cluster and evacuation plan	Risk management plan is discussed in Chapter-7
6	The Cluster Management Committee shall form Environmental Policy to practice sustainable mining in a scientific and systematic manner in accordance with the law. The role played by the committee in implementing the environmental policy devised shall be given in detail.	Agreed to comply. It will be furnished in final EIA report.
7	The committee shall furnish action plan regarding the restoration strategy with respect to the individual quarry falling under the cluster in a holistic manner.	Agreed to comply. It will be furnished in final EIA report.
8	The committee shall furnish the Emergency Management plan within the cluster.	Emergency management plan is discussed in chapter 7.
9	The committee shall deliberate on the health of the workers/staff involved in the mining as well as the health of the public.	Health of workers and staff is discussed in chapter 9.
10	The committee shall furnish an action plan to achieve sustainable development goals with reference to water, sanitation & safety.	
11	The committee shall furnish the fire safety and evacuation plan in the case of fire accidents.	
Impact study of mining		
12	Detailed study shall be carried out in regard to impact of mining around the proposed mine lease area covering the entire mine lease period as per	The biodiversity has been studied and discussed in chapter 3. The soil erosion map 10km

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	precise area communication order issued from reputed research institutions on the following. a) Soil health & bio-diversity b) Climate change leading to Droughts, Floods etc., c) Pollution leading to release Greenhouse gases (GHG), rise in Temperature & Livelihood of the local people. d) Possibilities of water containment and impact on aquatic ecosystem health. e) Agriculture, Forestry & Traditional practices. f) Hydrothermal/Geothermal effects due to destruction in the Environment. g) Bio-geochemical processes and its foot prints including environmental stress h) Sediment geochemistry in the surface streams Sediment geochemistry in the surface streams.	surrounding the project site has been given in chapter 3. The detailed study will be carried out and will be enclosed in the Draft EIA Report.
Agriculture & Agro-Biodiversity		
13	Impact on surrounding agricultural fields around the proposed mining area.	There is no agricultural fields around the proposed mining area
14	Impact on soil flora & vegetation around the project site	Impact on soil flora & vegetation around the project site discussed in Chapter-4
15	Details of type of vegetations including no. of trees & shrubs within the proposed mining area and. If so, transplantation of such vegetations all along the boundary of the proposed mining area shall committed mentioned in EMP.	The detailed study will be carried out and will be furnished in the Final EIA Report.

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16	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study the biodiversity, the natural ecosystem, the soil micro flora, fauna and soil seed banks and suggest measures to maintain the natural Ecosystem	Obtained and same has been attached as Annexure.
17	Action should specifically suggest for sustainable management of the area and restoration of ecosystem for flow of goods and services	Noted and public hearing details will be included along with final EIA report.
18	The project proponent shall study and furnish the impact of project on plantations in adjoining patta lands, Horticulture, Agriculture and livestock.	Noted and will be complied in Final EIA report.

Forests

19	The project proponent shall detailed study on impact of mining on Reserve forests free ranging wildlife.	The biodiversity has been studied and discussed in chapter 3.
20	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on forest, vegetation, endemic, vulnerable and endangered indigenous flora and fauna.	The biological environment impacts, and its mitigation measures has been given in Chapter 4
21	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on standing trees and the existing trees should be numbered and action suggested for protection.	There is no existing trees in the project site and surrounding the project site. Only thorny shrubs were present.
22	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on protected areas, Reserve Forests, National Parks, Corridors and Wildlife pathways, near project site.	The water environment impacts and its mitigation measures has been given in Chapter 4

Water Environment

23	Hydro-geological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of	The EMP details has been given in Chapter 8
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	ground water pumping & open wells, and surface water bodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds etc. within 1 km (radius) so as to assess the impacts on the nearby waterbodies due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided, covering the entire mine lease period.	
24	Erosional Control Measures.	Noted and will be complied in Final EIA report.
25	Detailed study shall be carried out in regard to impact of mining around the proposed mine lease area on the nearby Villages, Water bodies/ Rivers, & any ecological fragile areas.	There is no Reserve Forest within 1 km radius of the Project Site. Hence our project will not cause any damage to reserve forest. Also, we have received letter from DFO indicating the nearest reserve forest and attached with Annexures. There is no protected areas, National Parks, Corridors and Wildlife pathways near project site.
26	The project proponent shall study impact on fish habitats and the food WEB/ food chain in the water body and Reservoir.	Noted and will be complied in Final EIA report.
27	The project proponent shall study and furnish the details on potential fragmentation impact on natural environment, by the activities.	Noted. Agree to comply.
28	The PP shall study and furnish the impact on aquatic plants and animals in water bodies and	Noted. Agree to comply.

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	possible scars on the landscape, damages to nearby caves, heritage site and archaeological sites possible landform changes visual and aesthetic impacts	
29	The Terms of Reference should specifically study impact on soil health, soil erosion, the soil physical, chemical components and microbial components.	Noted. Agree to comply.
30	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study on wetlands, water bodies, rivers streams, lakes and farmer sites	Environmental Impact Assessment study is detailed in Chapter 3.
Energy		
31	The measures taken to control Noise, Air, Water, Dust Control and steps adopted to efficiently utilise the Energy shall be furnished.	Noted. Agree to comply.
Climate Change		
32	The Environmental Impact Assessment shall study in detail the carbon emission and also suggest the measures to mitigate carbon emission including development of carbon sinks and temperature reduction including control of other emission and climate mitigation activities	Agreed to comply
33	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on climate change, temperature rise, pollution and above soil & below soil carbon stock.	A Risk Assessment and management Plan will be prepared and included in the final EIA/EMP Report.
Mine Closure Plan		
34	Detailed Mine Closure Plan covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued	Mine closure plan has been attached along with mining plates as Annexure.

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EMP		
35	Detailed Environment Management Plan along with adaptation, mitigation & remedial strategies covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued	Environment Management Plan has been described in detail in Chapter-10 of the Draft EIA/EMP Report.
36	The Environmental Impact Assessment should hold detailed study on EMP with budget for Green belt development and mine closure plan including disaster management plan.	
Risk Assessment		
37	To furnish risk assessment and management plan including anticipated vulnerabilities during operational and post operational phases of Mining.	A Risk Assessment and management Plan will be prepared and included in the final EIA/EMP Report.
Disaster Management Plan		
38	To furnish disaster management plan and disaster mitigation measures in regard to all aspects to avoid/reduce vulnerability to hazards & to cope with disaster/untoward accidents in & around the proposed mine lease area due to the proposed method of mining activity & its related activities covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.	A disaster management Plan will be prepared and included in the final EIA/EMP Report.
Others		
39	The project proponent shall furnish VAO certificate with reference to 300m radius regard to approved habitations, schools, Archaeological sites, Structures, railway lines, roads, water bodies such as streams, odal, vaari, canal, channel, river, lake pond, tank etc.	VAO certificate is enclosed as Annexure.

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40	As per the MoEF& CC office memorandum F.No 12-65/2017-IA III dated: 30.09.2020 and 20.10.2020 the proponent shall address the concerns raised during the public consultation and all the activities proposed shall be part of the Environment Management Plan	Agreed to comply
41	The project proponent shall study and furnish the possible pollution due to plastic and microplastic on the environment. The ecological risks and impacts of plastic & microplastics on aquatic environment and freshwater systems due to activities, contemplated during mining may be investigated and reported.	Agreed to comply

ANNEXURE-II

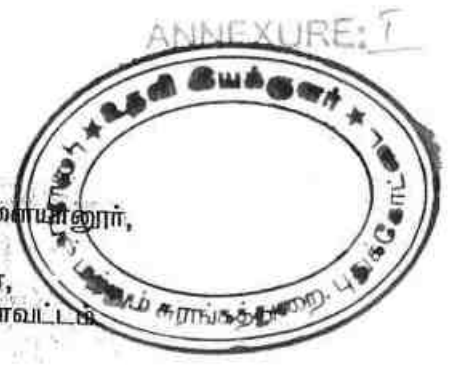
PRECISE AREA COMMUNICATION LETTER

அனுப்புநர்

திரு.கி.விஜயராகவன், எம்.எஸ்ஸி,
உதவி இயக்குநர்,
புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை,
புதுக்கோட்டை.

பெறுநர்

திருமதி. அழகு,
க/பெ.சண்முகம்,
எண்.2/43-A, துளையானூர்,
மேலூர் அஞ்சல்,
திருமயம் தாலுகா,
புதுக்கோட்டை மாவட்டம்.



ந.க.எண்.580/2022(பு.ம.சு) நாள் 15.11.2022

அய்யா,

பொருள் : கனிமங்கள் மற்றும் சுரங்கங்கள் - புதுக்கோட்டை மாவட்டம் - திருமயம் வட்டம் - துளையானூர் கிராமம் - பட்டா புல எண்.543/3A-ன் மொத்தப்பரப்பு 0.61.0 ஹெக்டேரில் கல்குவாரி குத்தகை உரிமம் கோரி திருமதி.அழகு க/பெ.சண்முகம் என்பவர் விண்ணப்பம் செய்தது - வரைவு சுரங்கத்திட்டம் சமர்ப்பிக்க அறிவுறுத்துதல் - தொடர்பாக.

- பார்வை : 1. திருமதி.அழகு க/பெ.சண்முகம் என்பவரின் விண்ணப்பம் நாள்: 23.08.2022.
2. வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர், புதுக்கோட்டை, அவர்களின் கடிதம் ப.மு.அ3/6188/2022 நாள்: 31.10.2022.
3. உதவி புவியியலாளர், புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, புதுக்கோட்டை அவர்களின் அறிக்கை நாள்: 08.11.2022.
4. மற்றும் தொடர்புடைய ஆவணங்கள்.

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புதுக்கோட்டை மாவட்டம், திருமயம் வட்டம், துளையானூர் கிராமம், பட்டா புல எண்.543/3A-ன் மொத்தப்பரப்பு 0.61.0 ஹெக்டேரில் கல்குவாரி குத்தகை உரிமம் கோரி திருமதி.அழகு க/பெ.சண்முகம் என்பவர் அனுமதி கோரி விண்ணப்பம் செய்துள்ளார்.

பார்வை 2 மற்றும் 3ல் கண்டுள்ளவாறு வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர், புதுக்கோட்டை, உதவி புவியியலாளர், புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, புதுக்கோட்டை மற்றும் தனிவருவாய் ஆய்வாளர் (கனிமம்) ஆகியோர் புலத்தணிக்கை மேற்கொண்டு திருமயம் வட்டம், துளையானூர் கிராமம் பட்டா புல எண்.543/3A-ன் மொத்தம் 0.61.0 ஹெக்டேரில் கல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்க அனுமதி வழங்கலாம் என பரிந்துரை செய்துள்ளனர்.

எனவே, திருமதி.அழகு க/பெ.சண்முகம் என்பவருக்கு திருமயம் வட்டம், துளையானூர் கிராமம் பட்டா புல எண்.543/3A-ன் மொத்தம் 0.61.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பினை 1959-ம் வருடாந்திய தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிம சலுகை விதிகள், விதி எண்.19 & 20-ன் கீழ் 5 வருட காலங்களுக்கு கல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி குத்தகை உரிமம் அனுமதி வழங்க உகந்த புலமாக கருதி அறிவிப்பு செய்யப்படுகிறது.

மேலும், திருமதி. அழகு க/பெ.சண்முகம், என்பவர் மூன்று மாத காலத்திற்குள் வரைவு சுரங்கத்திட்ட அறிக்கை (Draft Mining Plan) கீழ்க்கண்ட நிபந்தனைகளுக்குட்பட்டு தயார் செய்து புதுக்கோட்டை மாவட்ட புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, உதவி இயக்குநரிடம் ஒப்புதல் பெற்றும், மேலும், தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிம சலுகை விதிகள் 41 & 42-ன் படி ஏற்பளிக்கப்பட்ட சுரங்கத்திட்ட அறிக்கை மற்றும் மாவட்ட சுற்றுச்சூழல் தாக்க மதிப்பீட்டு ஆணையத்திடமிருந்து தடையின்மைச்சான்று பெற்றும் சமர்ப்பிக்குமாறு அறிவுறுத்தப்படுகிறது.

1. ~~அங்கிலாள்ள பட்டா புலங்களுக்கு 7.5 மீட்டர் பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளி விடவேண்டும்.~~
2. கிழக்குப்பகுதியில் புல எண்.542/1-ல் அமைந்துள்ள அரசு புறம்போக்கு வண்டிப்பாதைக்கு 10மீ பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளிவிடவேண்டும்.


15/11/22
உதவி இயக்குநர்,
புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை,
புதுக்கோட்டை

15/11/22

ANNEXURE-III
MINING PLAN APPROVED LETTER

From

To

Thiru.K.Vijayaragavan,M.Sc.,
Assistant Director,
Geology and Mining,
Pudukkottai.

Tmt.S.Azhagu,
W/o.Sanmugam,
No.2/43-A, Thulaiyanur,
Melur Post,
Thirumayam Taluk,
Pudukkottai District.

Rc.No. 580/2022 (G&M) dated 24.11.2022

Sir,

Sub: Mines and Quarries – Minor Minerals – Pudukkottai District – Thirumayam Taluk – Thulaiyanur village in S.F.Nos.543/3A, - over an extent of 0.61.0 Hects., of patta lands - Rough stone & Gravel quarry lease – draft mining plan submitted to Tmt.S.Azhagu - Approval of mining plan - Regarding.

Ref: 1.Application of Tmt.S.Azhagu, W/o.Shanmugam, dt 23.08.2022.
2.Precise area communication in Rc.No.580/2022(G&M) dated 15.11.2022.
3. Letter from Tmt.S.Azhagu, W/o.Shanmugam letter dt.15.11.2022.

In the reference 1st cited, Tmt.S.Azhagu, W/o.Shanmugam, No.2/43-A, Thulaiyanur, Melur post, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District has applied for the grant of lease to quarry rough stone & Gravel, over an extent of 0.61.0 hec in patta land in S.F.No.543/3A of Thulaiyanur village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District under Rule 19(1) of Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959.

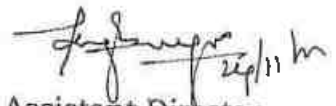
2) The precise area has been communicated to the applicant under reference 2nd cited above, based on the recommendations of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Pudukkottai and the Assistant Geologist of Geology and Mining, Pudukkottai and Special Revenue Inspector (Mines), Pudukkottai.

3) In exercise of powers delegated under Rule 42 of Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959, I hereby approve the mining plan submitted by Tmt.S.Azhagu, W/o.Shanmugam for grant of lease to quarry rough stone & gravel, over an extent of 0.61.0 hec in patta land in S.F.No.543/3A of Thulaiyanur village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District for a period of five years and the proposed mineable reserves of rough stone and gravel after leaving safety distance is arrived as **29,500M³** and **11,118M³** to the proposed depth of 18m. This approval is subject to the following conditions:-

- (i). That the mining plan is approved without prejudice to any other Law applicable to the quarry lease from time to time whether such Laws are made by

the Central Government, State Government or any other authority.

- (ii). This approval of the mining plan does not in any way imply the approval of the Government in terms of any other provisions of the Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Act, 1957, or any other connected laws including Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980, Forest Conservation Rules, 1981, Environment Protection Act, 1980, Indian Explosives Act, 1884(Central Act IV of 1884) and the rules made there under the Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959.
- (iii). That the mining plan is approved without prejudice to any other order or direction from any court of competent jurisdiction.
- (iv). That the mining plan is approved without prejudice to any other Law applicable to the quarry lease from time to time whether such Laws are made by the Central Government, State Government or any other authority.


Assistant Director,
Geology and Mining,
Pudukkottai.

Encl: 2 copies of Approved Mining Plan.

Copy submitted to :

- 1. The Chairman,
State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Chennai
- 2. The Commissioner of Geology and Mining, Industrial Estate, Guindy,
Chennai- 32.

ANNEXURE-IV
500M Radius letter

From
Thiru.K.Vijayaragavan,M.Sc.,
Assistant Director,
Geology and Mining,
Pudukkottai.

To
Tmt.S.Azhagu,
W/o.Sanmugam,
No.2/43-A, Thulaiyanur,
Melur Post,
Thirumayam Taluk,
Pudukkottai District.

Sir,

Rc.No.580/2022 (G&M) dated 24.11.2022

Sub : Mines and Minerals - Minor Mineral - Pudukkottai District
- S.F.Nos.543/3A, of Thulaiyanur village, Thirumayam
Taluk, over an extent of 0.61.0 Hects - Rough stone &
gravel -Quarry Lease Application preferred by
Tmt.S.Azhagu - Reg.

Ref : 1. Application of Tmt.S.Azhagu, W/o.Shanmugam,
dt 23.08.2022.
2.Precise area communication in Rc.No.580/2022(G&M)
dated 15.11.2022.
3. Letter from Tmt.S.Azhagu, W/o.Shanmugam letter
dt.15.11.2022.

With reference to your letter in the reference 3rd cited, the details of
existing and lease expired quarries located within 500m radius from the
proposed Rough stone & gravel quarry, over an extent of 0.61.0 Hects in patta
S.F.No.543/3A of Thulaiyanur village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai
District are as follows:

1) Existing Other Quarries:

S. N o	Name of the Lessee / Permit Holder	Village & Taluk	S.F.No	Extent	Lease period
1.	Thiru.S.Ramaiah, S/o.Sankarapillai, Thulaiyanur village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	409 (Q.No.2)	0.72.0	14.11.2018 to 13.11.2023
2.	Thiru.S.Ramaiah, S/o.Sankarapillai, Thulaiyanur village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	409 (Q.No.3)	0.70.0	14.11.2018 to 13.11.2023
3.	M/s.Eswar Enterprises, No.1, Nakkeerar Street, Karaikudi, Sivagangai (Dt)	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	409 (Q.No.4)	0.67.0	21.02.2020 to 20.02.2025
Total				2.09.0	

Proposed Area

S. No	Name of the applicant	Village &Taluk	S.F.No	Extent
1	Tmt.S.Azhagu, W/o.Sanmugam, No.2/43-A, Thulaiyanur, Melur Post, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	543/3A	0.61.0

2	Thiru.A.Chinniah, S/o.Alagappan, No.217, , Thulaiyanur, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	407/2	0.75.5
Total				1.36.5

3) Lease Expired

S. No	Name of the Lessee / Permit Holder	Village & Taluk	S.F.No	Extent	Lease period
1	R.M.Subbiah	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	543(pt)	1.21.5	23.01.2014 to 22.01.2019
2	Tmt.C.Chitra, W/o.AL.Chinnaiah,	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	407/2 (part)	0.70.0	20.09.2011 to 19.09.2016
3	Valaiyanvayal Grama Kalludaikum Thozhilalargal Nala Sangam,Valaiyanvaya l	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	432/2 (Q.No.1) (Govt. Land)	0.40.0	30.10.2017 to 29.10.2022
4	Thiru.K.Ramaiah	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	409 (part)	1.20.0	30.08.2017 to 29.08.2022
5	Thiru.K.Subbaiah,	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	432/2 (part) (Q.No.1) (N) (Govt. Land)	0.40.0	02.01.2017 to 01.01.2022
Total				3.91.5	

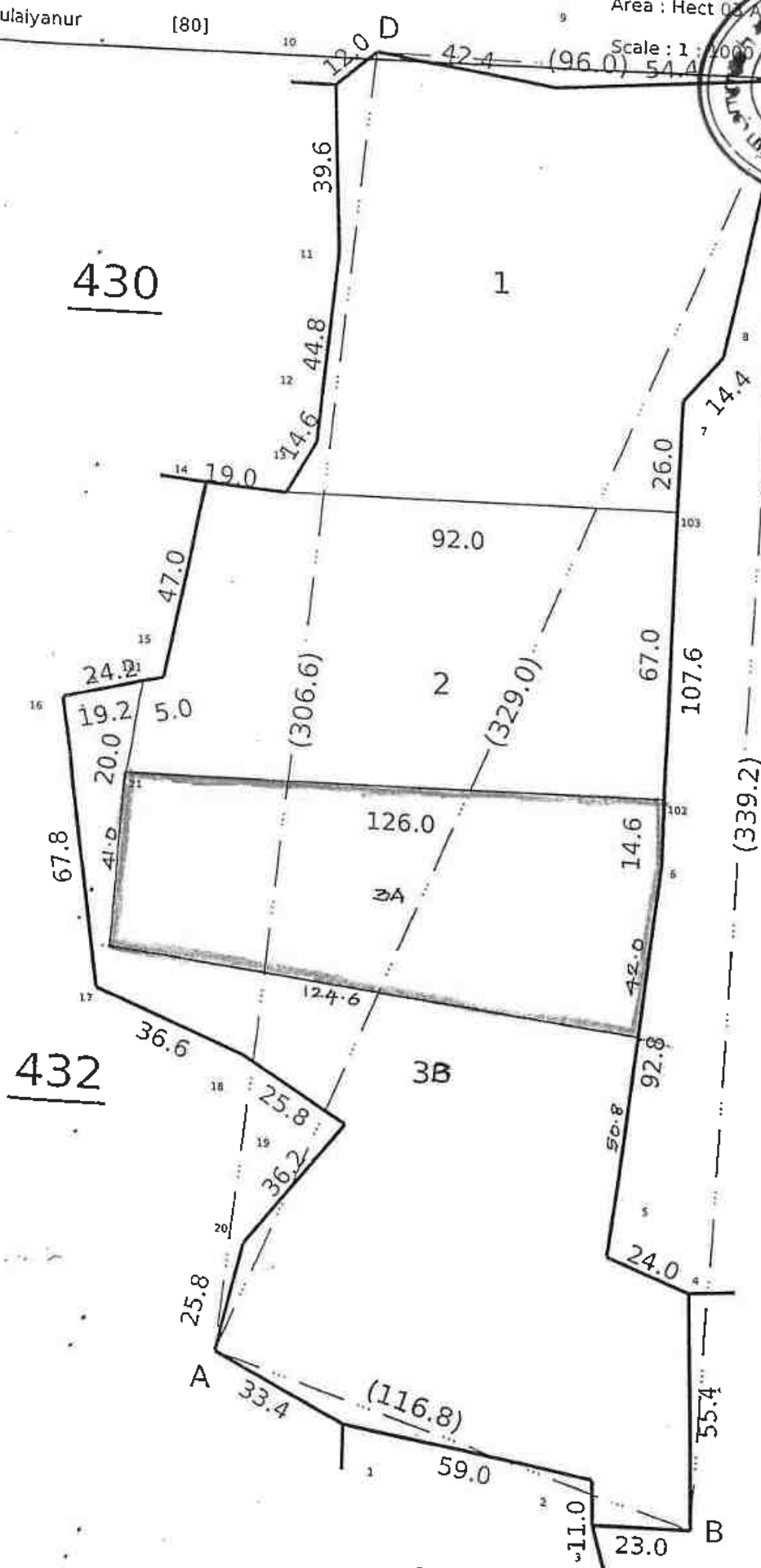
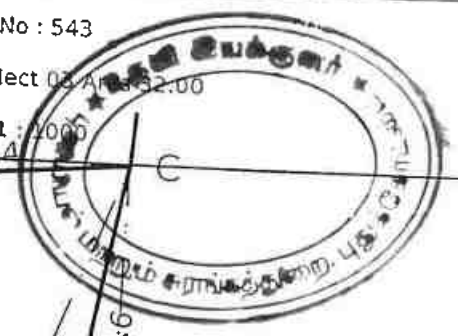

Assistant Director,
Geology and Mining,
Pudukkottai


Officer

ANNEXURE-V
FMB, A REGISTER, VILLAGE MAP

Location : Pudukkottai
 District : THIRUMAYAM
 Village : Thulaiyanur

409 Survey No : 543
 Area : Hect 03 Acre 32.00
 Scale : 1 : 1000



கல் சுவாமிநாதர்
 கையெழுத்திட்டுள்ள
 இம் டீவரன் 543/3A





தமிழக அரசு

வருவாய்த் துறை

நில உரிமை விபரங்கள் : இ. எண் 10(1) பிரிவு

மாவட்டம் : புதுக்கோட்டை

வட்டம் : திருமயம்

வருவாய் கிராமம் : துளையானூர்

பட்டா எண் : 6759

உரிமையாளர்கள் பெயர்

1. சுப்பையா மகன் அழகுராஜ்

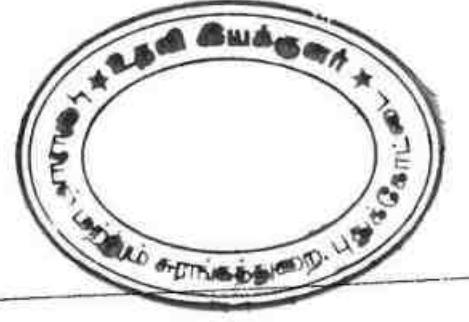
புல எண்	உட்பிரிவு	புன்செய்		நன்செய்		மற்றவை		குறிப்புரைகள்
		பரப்பு	தீர்வை	பரப்பு	தீர்வை	பரப்பு	தீர்வை	
		ஹெக் - ஏர்	ரூ - பை	ஹெக் - ஏர்	ரூ - பை	ஹெக் - ஏர்	ரூ - பை	
543	3A	0 - 61.00	2.25	--	--	--	--	2022/0105/22/158557- -2022/22/04/000375SD -- 29-07-2022
		0 - 61.00	2.25					

குறிப்பு2-:



- மேற்கண்ட தகவல் / சான்றிதழ் நகல் விவரங்கள் மின் பதிவேட்டிலிருந்து பெறப்பட்டவை. இவற்றை தாங்கள் <https://eservices.tn.gov.in> என்ற இணைய தளத்தில் 22/04/080/06759/80037 என்ற குறிப்பு எண்ணை உள்ளீடு செய்து உறுதி செய்துகொள்ளவும்.
- இத் தகவல்கள் 05-08-2022 அன்று 05:45:57 PM நேரத்தில் அச்சடிக்கப்பட்டது.
- கைப்பேசி கேமராவின் 2D barcode படிப்பான் மூலம் படித்து 3G/GPRS வழி இணையதளத்தில் சரிபார்க்கவும்

அ-பதிவேடு விவரங்கள்



மாவட்டம் : புதுக்கோட்டை

வட்டம் : திருமயம்

கிராமம் : துளையானூர்

1. புல எண்	543	9. மண் வயனமும் ரகமும்	7 - 2
2. உட்பிரிவு எண்	3A	10. மண் தரம்	4
3. பழைய புல உட்பிரிவு எண்	543-3	11. தீர்வை (ரூ - ஹெ) ஏர்)	3.71
4. பகுதி	P	12. பரப்பு (ஹெக்டேர் - ஏர்)	0 - 61.00
5. அரசு / ரயத்துவாரி	ரயத்துவாரி	13. மொத்த தீர்வை (ரூ - பை)	2.25
6. நிலத்தின் வகை	பஞ்சை	14. பட்டா எண்	6759
7. பாசன ஆதாரம்	-	15. குறிப்பு	-
8. இரு போகமா	-	16. பெயர்	1.அழகுராஜ்

குறிப்பு 1:



1.

மேற்கண்ட தகவல் / சான்றிதழ் நகல் விவரங்கள் மின் பதிவேட்டிலிருந்து பெறப்பட்டவை.
இவற்றை தாங்கள் <http://eservices.tn.gov.in> என்ற இணைய தளத்தில் 70037 என்ற
குறிப்பு எண்ணை உள்ளீடு செய்து உறுதி செய்துகொள்ளவும்.

புதுச்சேரி மாநகரம்

উদ্ভিদ

பிரபலம் தனக்கு

62111 JUL 2 1965

மாதுல் போகும்.

380/82-R.F. III-A-10-40,00,000 Cps.-GBP.-Mdu.-7,- 2017,

ANNEXURE-VI MINING PLAN REPORT & PLATES

MINING PLAN FOR THULAIYANUR ROUGH STONE & GRAVEL QUARRY



(Prepared under Rule 19 & 20, 41 & 42 Tamilnadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules. 1959
And amended Minor Mineral Conservation and Development Rules, 2010)

Lease in Consent Patta Land

(Period: (Five) 5 Years only

IN

LOCATION OF THE LEASE APPLIED AREA

EXTENT : 0.61.0 Ha
S.F.No : 543/3A
VILLAGE : THULAIYANUR
TALUK : THIRUMAYAM
DISTRICT : PUDUKKOTTAI
STATE : TAMIL NADU

Applicant

Tmt. S. Azhagu,
W/o. Sanmugam,
No. 2/43-A, Thulaiyanur,
Melur Post, Thirumayam Taluk,
Pudukkottai District - 622 507

Prepared by

V.RADHAKRISHNAN.M.Sc.
Recognised Qualified Person
RQP/MAS/119/98/A
No.48/49, Renga Nagar 1ST Cross,
Ayyappa Nagar, K.K.Nagar Post,
Trichy District - 620 021.
Tamil Nadu State.

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LIST OF ANNEXURES



Sl. No.	Description	Annexure No.
1	Precise Area Communication Letter issued from the District Collector	I
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3	Land Documents (Patta, Adangal, A. Register, etc.,)	III
4	Registered Consent Documents	IV
5	Copy of Identity Proof	V
6	Copy of RQP Certificate	VI

LIST OF PLATES

Sl. No.	Description	Plate No	Scale
1	Location Plan	I	Not to scale
2	Key Plan	II	Not to scale
3	Topo Sketch of quarry lease area for 10Km Radius.	III	1:100000
4	Satellite Imagery	IV	1:10000
5	Environmental Management Plan	V	1:10000
6	Quarry Lease and Surface Plan	VI	Plan-1:1000
7	Topography, Geological Plan & Section Year wise Development, Production Plan & Sections	VII, VII-A & VII-B	Plan-1:1000 SecHor-1:1000; Ver-1:500
8	Conceptual Plan and Sections	VIII & VIII-A	Plan-1:1000 Sec Hor-1:1000; Ver-1:500

CONSENT LETTER FROM THE MINE OWNER

The Mining Plan in respect of **Rough stone & Gravel quarry** over an extent of **0.61.0** hectares of **Consent Patta Land** in S.F.No.543/3A of **Thulaiyanur** Village, **Thirumayam** Taluk, **Pudukkottai** District and Tamilnadu State has been prepared by Thiru.V.Radhakrishnan, M.Sc., Registration Number. RQP/MAS/119/98/A

I request the *Assistant Director*, Department of Geology and Mining, Pudukkottai District to make further correspondence regarding modifications of the Mining Plan with the said Recognised Qualified Person on this following address.

V.RADHAKRISHNAN.M.Sc.,
Recognised Qualified Person
Reg.No.RQP/MAS/119/98/A
No.48/49, Renga Nagar 1ST Cross,
Ayyappa Nagar, K.K.Nagar Post,
Trichy District – 620 021.
Tamil Nadu State.

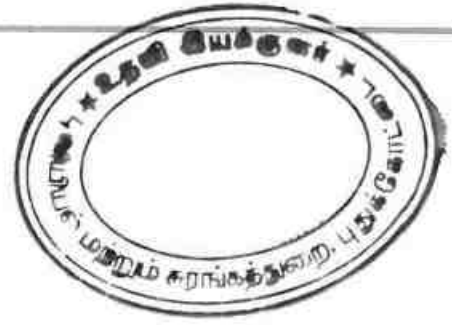
I hereby undertake that all modifications so made in the Mining Plan by the Recognised Qualified Person may be deemed to have been made with my knowledge and Own and shall be acceptable to me and building on me in all respects.

7 S. Azhagu
Signature of the Applicant
(S. Azhagu)

Place : Pudukkottai

Date : 21.11.2022

Tmt. S. Azhagu,
W/o. Sanmugam,
No. 2/43-A, Thulaiyanur,
Melur Post, Thirumayam Taluk,
Pudukkottai District - 622 507



DECLARATION

The Mining Plan in respect of **Rough stone & Gravel quarry** over an extent of 0.61.0 hectares of Consent Patta Land in S.F.No. 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District and Tamil Nadu State has been prepared with my consultation and I have understood the contents and agree to implement the same in accordance with the Mining Laws.

> S. Azhagu

Signature of the Applicant
(S. Azhagu)

Place : Pudukkottai

Date : 21-11-22

V.RADHAKRISHNAN.M.Sc.

Recognised Qualified Person,

Reg.No. RQP/MAS/119/98/A

No.48/49, Renga Nagar 1ST Cross,

Ayyappa Nagar, K.K.Nagar Post,

Trichy District – 620 021.

Tamil Nadu State.



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that, the provisions of Minor Minerals Conservation and Development Rules, 2010 (MMCDR) have been observed in the Mining Plan for the grant of **Rough stone & Gravel quarry** lease over an extent of 0.61.0hectares of Consent Patta Land in S.F.No. 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District, Tamil Nadu State applied by **Tmt. S. Azhagu.**

Wherever specific permission / exemptions / relaxations or approvals are required, the applicant will approach the concerned authorities of State and Central Government for granting such permissions etc.,

Certified

Signature of Recognised Qualified Person

V. RADHAKRISHNAN, M.Sc.,

RECOGNISED QUALIFIED PERSON

Reg. No. RQP/MAS/119/98/A

Place : Trichy

Date : 21-11-22

V.RADHAKRISHNAN.M.Sc.

Recognised Qualified Person,

Reg.No. RQP/MAS/119/98/A

No.48/49, Renga Nagar 1ST Cross,

Ayyappa Nagar, K.K.Nagar Post,

Trichy District – 620 021.

Tamil Nadu State.



CERTIFICATE

Certified that, in preparation of Mining Plan for **Rough stone & Gravel quarry** over an extent of 0.61.0 hectares of Consent Patta Land in S.F.No. 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District and Tamilnadu State.

Tmt. S. Azhagu covers all the provisions of Mines Act, Rules, and Regulations etc., made there under and whenever specific permission are required, the Applicant will approach the Director General of Mines Safety, Pudukkottai. The standards prescribed by DGMS in respect of Mines Health will be strictly implemented.

Certified

Signature of Recognised Qualified Person

V. RADHAKRISHNAN, M.Sc.,

RECOGNISED QUALIFIED PERSON

Reg. No. RQP/MAS/119/98/A

Place : Trichy

Date : 21-11-22

CERTIFICATE



Certified that I am V. Radhakrishnan, M.Sc., residing at address No.48/49, Renga Nagar 1ST Cross, Ayyappa Nagar, K.K.Nagar Post, Trichy District – 620 021. Tamil Nadu State, holding a Post Graduate Degree in Geology (M.Sc., Geology) from Annamalai University, Chidambaram and I worked in the field of Geology in s role of Geologist.

IBM Rule 15 (I) (a) and (b) of Minerals (Other than Atomic and Hydro Carbons Energy Minerals) Concession Rule, 2016 stipulates the eligibility for preparing Mining plans as “(I) (a) a post graduate degree in Geology granted by a university established” and (I) (b) “Professional experience of five years of working in a supervisory capacity in the field of mining after obtaining the degree”. Since my qualification and experience are satisfied the Rule (I) (a) and (I) (b) of 15 of the said Rules, I am eligible to prepare Mining Plans for both Major and Minor Minerals.

Accordingly, I am prepared this Mining Plan for the grant of Rough stone & Gravel quarry over an extent of 0.61.0 hectares of Consent Patta Land in S.F.No. 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District, Since the Mining Plan is prepared as per the provisions contained in Rule 15(I)(a) and (I)(b) of Minerals (Other than Atomic and Hydro Carbons Energy Minerals) Concession Rule, 2016.

Certified
V. RADHAKRISHNAN, M.Sc.,
RECOGNISED QUALIFIED PERSON
Reg. No. RQP/MAS/119/98/A

MINING PLAN FOR MINOR MINERAL

ROUGH STONE & GRAVEL QUARRY



*(Prepared under 19 & 20, 41 & 42 Tamilnadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959
And amended Minor Mineral Conservation and Development Rules, 2010)*

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1. The present Mining Plan and Environmental Management Plan are prepared for **Tmt. S. Azhagu**, W/o. Sanmugam, residing at No. 2/43-A, Thulaiyanur, Melur Post, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District - 622 507
2. The applicant proposed to quarry Rough stone & Gravel quarry in Consent Patta Land, over an extent of 0.61.0 Ha at S.F.No. 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, and Pudukkottai District for a period of (Five) 5 Years Rough stone & Gravel only. The excavated Rough stone is used for building's basement stones and also used for crushing units and Gravel is used for filling and leveling of low lying areas of road projects and other infrastructure development work in and around the district.
3. The application was meritoriously processed and precise area communication letter issued by the District Collector, Pudukkottai District has passed an order vide R.c.No.580/2022 (G&M) dated 15.11.2022. The applicant to submit the Mining Plan and to get approval from the Assistant Director, Department of Geology & Mining, Pudukkottai District and to obtain Environmental Clearance from State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Tamil Nadu State, as per EIA Notification 2006 and its amendments vide MOEF and Climate Change Notification. S.O.141 (E) dated 15.01.2016.
4. Geological Resources is estimated at 4,01,310m³ of Rough stone and 18,522m³ Gravel upto a depth of 68.0m and Mineable Reserves is estimated at 11,118m³ of Gravel & 29,500m³ of Rough stone upto a depth of 18.0m (max) below ground level. The proposed quarry area should be maintain the safety distance of 10m for the Government Poramboke Cart Track in S.F.No.542/1 on eastern side and 7.5m for the Adjoining Patta land from the lease applied area as indicated in precise area communication letter and relevant mining laws in force.



5. **Production Schedule** is proposed an average production of 29,500m³ of Rough stone & 11,118m³ Gravel up to a depth of 18.0m (Max) (3.0m Gravel and 15.0m Rough stone) for the period of **(Five) 5 Years** only.
6. Safety measures under mechanized loading as per the provisions of Reg.106(2)(b) of Metalliferous Mines Regulation-1961, Labour welfare Amenities as per the Mines Rules -1955 and amended DGMS circular shall be taken care of in preparation of Mining Plan

ENVIRONMENTAL PARAMETERS,

- (i) **Forest Conservation Act, 1980:** The area does not attract the reserved forest around 10Kms radius.
- (ii) **Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972:** The area does not attract the wild life sanctuary around 10Kms radius.
- (iii) **The Coastal Regulation Zone (CRZ) Notification 2011:** The area does not attract the Coastal zone around 10kms radius.
- (iv) **Infrastructure around 500m radius :** Nil

I. ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES TO BE ADOPTED SHALL BE,

- 1) Dust Control at source while *wet drilling* and *controlled blasting*.
- 2) Dust suppression at loading point and transport haul roads.
- 3) Noise Control in Blasting, control of fly rock missiles and Vibration by doing peak particle velocity with in standard as prescribed by the DGMS and MOEF.
- 4) Unnecessary land degradation should be avoided or damaged land should be reclaimed or rehabilitated.
- 5) Avoid uneven rat hole mining and follow scientific and systematic mining by safe bench system of open cast mining.
- 6) Mining near major fracture zones if any should be avoided to control ground water fluctuation in the adjacent agricultural lands.
- 7) Emission test of vehicles should be in tack to maintain minimum emission level of fuel gases.
- 8) Noise level should not exceed *80db* and the vehicles should use only permitted Air Horn while on road near residential areas.
- 9) Safety zones as prescribed by the Department of Geology and Mining from adjacent infrastructures should be strictly to adhere to.
- 10) Any other conditions as stipulated by the concerned authorities should be followed to protect the Environment and Ecology of the area.



2.0. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY



The area applied for lease is a Rough stone & Gravel quarry in Consent Patta Land at Survey Number – 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, and Pudukkottai District.

- a. The proposed Total Movable Reserves –11,118m³ of Gravel & 29,500m³ of Rough stone formation.
- b. **Production Schedule** is proposed an average production of **29,500m³ of Rough stone & 11,118m³ of Gravel** up to a depth of **18.0m(Max)** (3m Gravel and 15.0m Rough stone) for the period of (Five) 5 Years only
- c. Total extent of the area –**0.61.0 Ha**
- d. Proposed Lease Period –(Five) 5 Years only
- e. Existing depth of mining – It is a fresh and virgin land
- f. Proposed Depth of mining – 18.0m(Max) (3.0m Gravel and 15.0m Rough stone)
- g. Method of mining / level of mechanization - Opencast, Semi-mechanized Mining with a bench height of 5.0m & width of 5.0m is proposed and involves shallow Jackhammer drilling, Slurry blasting is proposed for this quarrying operation.
- h. Types of Machineries used in the quarry –Jack hammer 30-32mm dia,
Tractor mounted compressor attached with Jack hammer.
Excavator of 0.9m³ bucket capacity is attached with Rock breaker is proposed to deploy for quarrying operation. Total consumption of Diesel for Rough stone & Gravel is around= **25,450** Liters of HSD for the entire period of life of the quarry.
- i. No Trees will be uprooted due to this quarrying operation.
- j. The existing road from the main road to quarry is in good condition and the Same will be maintained and utilized for Transportation of Rough stone & Gravel.
- k. There is no Export of this quarrying Rough stone & Gravel.



- l. Topo sketch covering 10Km,500m radius around the proposed area with markings of Habitations, Water bodies like Streams, Rivers, Roads, ~~Water structure like~~ Bridges, Wells, Archeological, Historical importance, Places of worship is marked and enclosed as Plate No. IV & V
- m. The diagram showing the Mining area, dimensions of the Pit, proposed depth of mining for the mining plan period are enclosed as Plate No -VII
- n. The lease applied area is 10Km away from the Inter State boundary, protected area under Wildlife Production Act 1972, critically polluted area as identified by CPCB and notified Eco sensitive areas.
- o. There are no wastages anticipated during this quarry operation, hence waste dump is not proposed in this lease applied area.
- p. Around 18 Employees are deploying in this quarrying operation.

1. The lease applied area is bounded by all corners and the coordinates are clearly marked in Plate no - VI

Table -1

BOUNDARY CO-ORDINATES		
LABEL	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
1	10° 12' 34.09" N	78° 42' 32.42" E
2	10° 12' 35.37" N	78° 42' 32.79" E
3	10° 12' 34.51" N	78° 42' 36.83" E
4	10° 12' 34.04" N	78° 42' 36.74" E
5	10° 12' 32.75" N	78° 42' 36.28" E
WGS - 84 DATUM		

PART - A



3.0. GENERAL INFORMATION:

3.1. Name of the Applicant with Address, contact no, email etc.,

Name : **Tmt.S. Azhagu,**
W/o. Sanmugam,
No. 2/43-A, Thulaiyanur,
Melur Post, Thirumayam Taluk,
District : **Pudukkottai**
State : **Tamilnadu**
Pin code : **622 507**
Contact : **9443707157**

3.2. Status of the Applicant (Individual / Company / Firm)

The applicant is a Private Individual.

3.3. Mineral which the Applicant intends to mine

Rough stone & Gravel only.

3.4. Precise area communication Letter details received from the competent authority of the government.

Precise area communication letter issued from the District
Collector, Pudukkottai vide R.c.No.580/2022 (G&M) dated 15.11.2022

3.5. Period of permission / lease to be granted

The applicant has applied permission for Five years. The Assistant Director, Geology and Mining consider grant for a lease period of (Five) 5 Years only.

3.6. Name and Address of the RQP/Authorized person for preparing the Mining Plan

Name : **V.RADHAKRISHNAN. M.Sc.,**
Address : **No.48/49, Renga Nagar 1ST Cross,**
Ayyappa Nagar, K.K.Nagar Post,
Trichy District – 620 021.
Tamil Nadu State.
Mobile Number : **9600702959**
Registration Number : **RQP/MAS/119/98/A**

4.0. LOCATION:

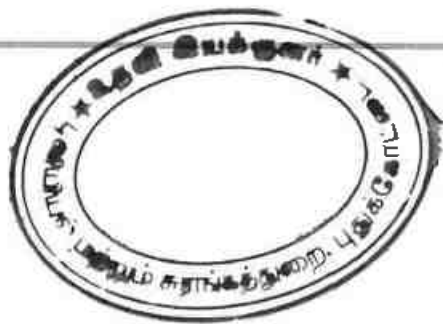


Table No: 2

State	Tamil Nadu
District	Pudukkottai
Taluk	Thirumayam
Village	Thulaiyanur
S.F.No	543/3A
Extent in (Ha)	0.61.0Hectare

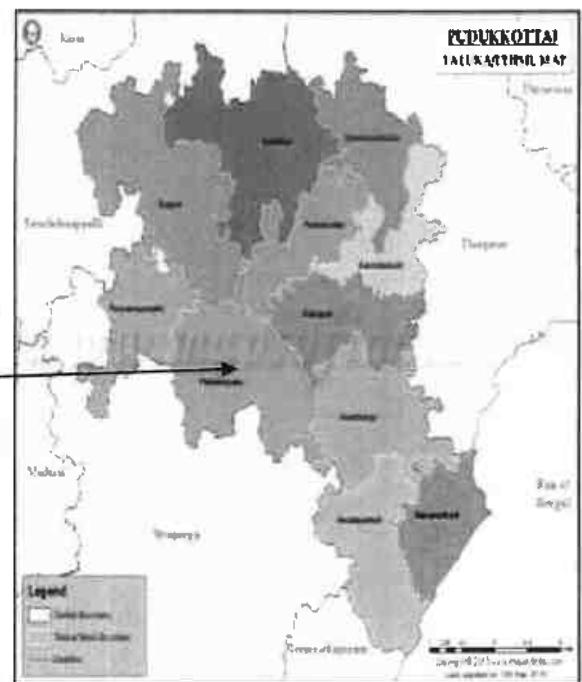
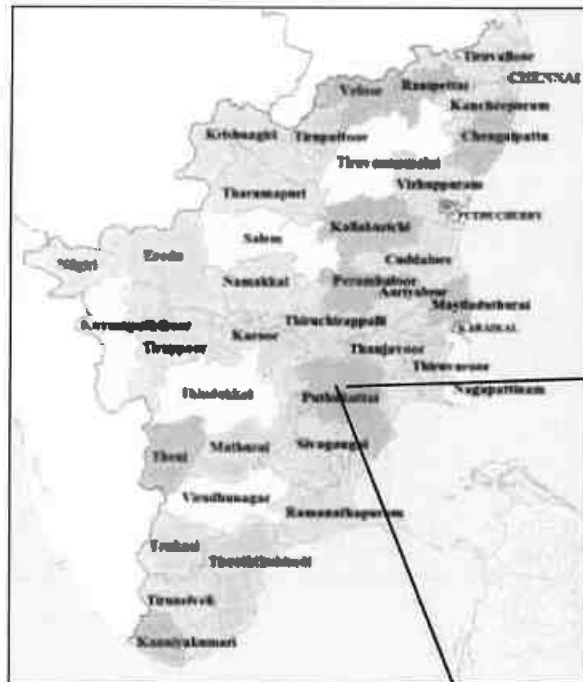
4.1. Details of Existence of public road /railway line, if any nearby and approximate distance.

Table No: 3

S.No	Description	Place	Distance (Km)	Direction
1	Bus stop	Thirumayam	5.0	NE
2	Post Office	Thirumayam	5.0	NE
3	Police Station	Thirumayam	5.0	NE
4	Fire service	Thirumayam	5.0	NE
5	Railway Station	Thirumayam	5.0	NE
6	Government Hospital	Thirumayam	5.0	NE
7	Government School	Thirumayam	5.0	NE
8	Airport	Trichy	61.0	N



Location site of Tmt. S. Azhagu, Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk,
Pudukkottai District.



Classification of the Area (Ryotwari / Poramboke / Patta/ others)

- It is an Applicant Consent Patta Land and non-agricultural land



a. Ownership / Occupancy of the applied area (Surface rights)

- It is Consent Patta land registered in the name of Thiru. S. Azhaguraj vide Patta No – 6759
- The applicant has got surface rights Please refer Annexure-IV

b. Toposheet No. with Latitude and Longitude

Toposheet No: 58– J / 12

Latitude : 10°12'32.75"N to 10°12'35.37"N

Longitude : 78°42'32.49"E to 78°42'36.83"E

5.0. GEOLOGY AND MINERAL RESERVES

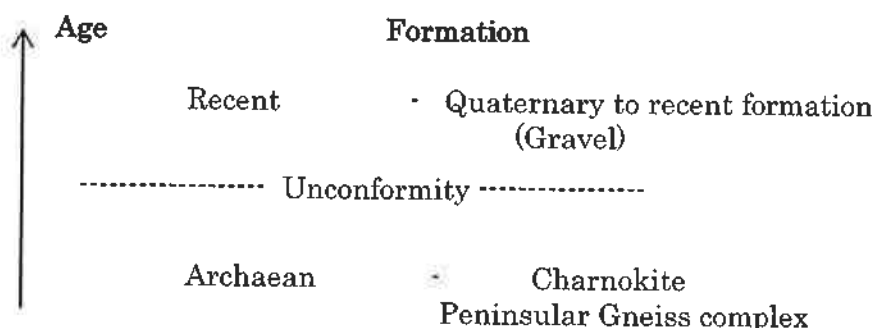
5.1. Topography:

- ❖ The lease applied area is exhibits Plain terrain topography covered by gravel and rough stone formation.
- ❖ The Rough stone and gravel formation is clearly visible to nearby quarried pit of the area gentle sloping towards southeastern side of the area, the altitude of the area is above 118.0m MSL.
- ❖ No major river is found nearby the lease applied area.
- ❖ Water Level is found at a depth of 70m to 75m below Ground Level, 70m in Rainy seasons and 75m in summer seasons by monitoring nearby bore hole.
- ❖ Temperature of the area is reported to be 18°C to a maximum of 42°C during summer.
- ❖ Rainfall of this area is about 800mm to 900mm during the both NE & SW monsoons.

5.2. General Geology of the area (with plans):

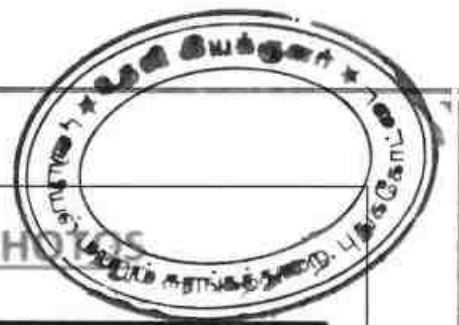
- ❖ The area is underlain by the wide range of metamorphic rocks of peninsular gneissic complex. These rocks are extensively weathered and overlain by the recent valley fills and alluvium at places.
- ❖ The geological formations found in the district are Archaean rocks like Gneisses, Granites, Charnokite basic granulites and calc-gneisses. The younger formations are Quartz veins and pegmatite.
- ❖ The rock type noticed in the area for lease is Charnokite which contains mostly Quartz and Feldspar with some ferromagnesian minerals.
- ❖ The Charnokite is part of peninsular Gneisses, a high grade metamorphic rock.
- ❖ The strike of the Charnokite formation is $N45^{\circ}W-S45^{\circ}E$ with dipping towards $SE30^{\circ}$.

The General Geological succession of the area is given as under.



5.3. Details of Exploration already carried out if any:

- ❖ There is no exploration carried out in this applied quarry area.
- ❖ State Geology and Mining Department Government of Tamilnadu has been carried out geological exploration and regional mapping study of the lease area.
- ❖ Geological Survey of India has carried out detailed mapping in Pudukkottai District.
- ❖ Besides the RQP and his Team members made a detailed geological study of the area the massive Rough stone & Gravel formation is clearly inferred from the visible in nearby quarried pit of the lease applied area.



PROPOSED QUARRY SITE PHOTOS



Close View of Lease Applied Area





5.3. a. Estimation of Reserves (Geological Resources with geological sections on a scale of 1:1000)

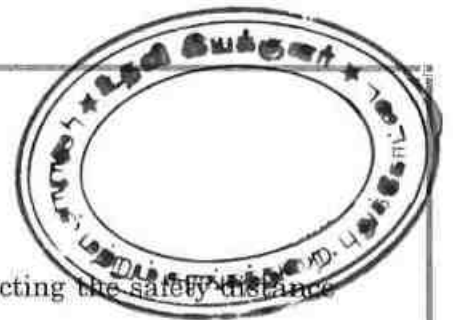
- ❖ As far as Rough stone & Gravel is concerned, the only practical method is the systematic geological mapping and delineation of Rough stone & Gravel within the field and careful evaluation of body lustre, physical properties, engineering properties, commercial aspects etc.,
- ❖ Totally Two sections have been drawn, One section drawn length wise as (X-Y) another Section drawn width wise as (A-B) to cover maximum area considered for lease.
- ❖ The Topographical, Geological plan and sections demarcated the commercial, marketable Rough stone & Gravel deposit has been prepared in Scale 1:1000 and Sections have been drawn with a scale of Hor 1:1000 and Ver 1:500 respectively.
- ❖ Please refer Plate No. VII, VII-A & VII-B as Rough stone & Gravel are terms of Cubic Meters (Volume) only and not for in terms of Tonnage calculations.

I. GEOLOGICAL RESOURCES :

The Geological Resources is estimated as 4,01,310m³ of Rough stone & 18,522m³ Gravel up to a depth of 68.0m (3.0m Gravel & 65m Rough stone).

Table No: 4

GEOLOGICAL RESOURCES						
Section	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Volume m ³	Geological Resources of Gravel in m ³	Geological Resources of Rough stone in m ³
XY-AB	126	49	3	18522	18522	
	126	49	65	401310		401310
TOTAL					18522	401310



II. AVAILABLE MINEABLE RESERVES:

The available Mineable Reserves are calculated by deducting the safety distance of 10m for the Government Poramboke Cart Track in S.F.No.542/1 on eastern side and 7.5m for the Adjoining Patta land from the lease area and bench loss as height 5.0m and width 5.0m.

Table No-5

MINEABLE RESERVES							
Section	Bench	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Volume in m ³	Gravel Formation in m ³	Mineable Reserves of Rough stone in m ³
XY-AB	118-115	109	34	3	11118	11118	
	115-110	105	30	5	15750		15750
	110-105	95	20	5	9500		9500
	105-100	85	10	5	4250		4250
GRAND TOTAL						11118	29500

The available Mineable Reserves is computed as **29,500m³** of Rough stone and **11,118m³** of Gravel formation at the rate of 100% recovery upto a depth of **18.0m (Max)** (3.0m Gravel & 15.0m Rough stone).



6.0. MINING

6.1. Method of Mining (Open cast / Underground)

Opencast method of semi mechanized mining with 5.0m vertical bench height and width 5.0m of the bench is not less than bench height.

However, as far as the quarrying of Rough stone & Gravel is concerned, observance of the provisions of Regulation 106 (2) (b) as above is seldom possible due to various inherent petro genetic factors coupled with mining difficulties. Hence it is proposed to obtain relaxation to the provisions of the above regulation from the Director of mines safety for which necessary provision is available with the regulation 106 (2) (b) of MMR-1961, under Mine Act-1952.

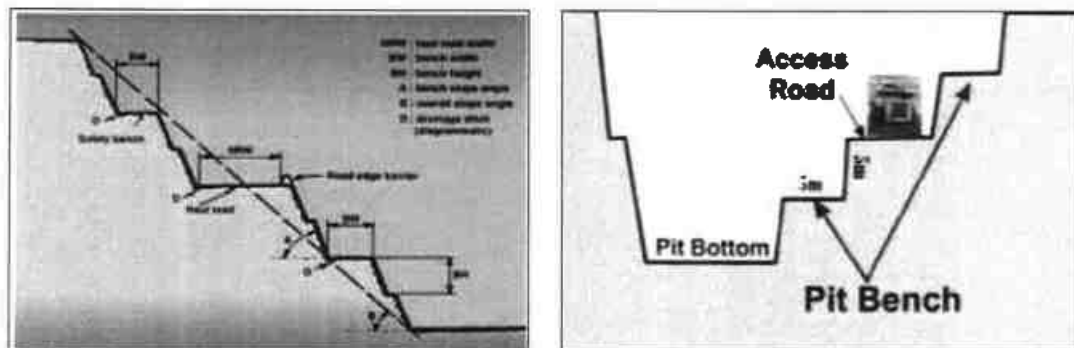
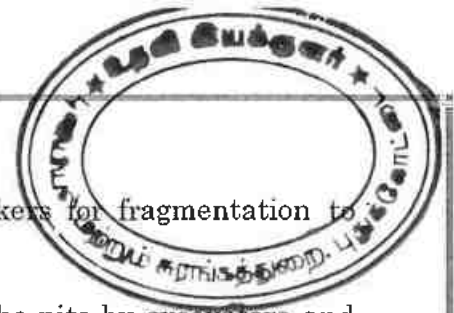


Figure shows Open pit Mining method

6.2. Mode of Working (Mechanized, Semi-mechanized, Manual)

- ❖ The Rough stone is proposed to quarry 5.0m bench height and 5.0m bench width with conventional opencast semi-Mechanized method. The quarrying operation involves manual Jackhammer drilling, Slurry explosives blasting, loading and transportation of Rough stone & Gravel to the needy nearby crusher units, road formation filling purpose of low lying area for road project works of residential and industrial customers.
- ❖ The production of Rough stone in this quarry involves the following method which is typical for Rough stone quarrying in contrast to other major mineral mining.
- ❖ The splitting of rock mass of considerable volume from the parent rock mass by jackhammer drilling and blasting ,hydraulic excavators are used for loading of Rough stone & Gravel from pithead to the needy crushers.



- ❖ The hydraulic excavators are attached with rock breakers for fragmentation to avoid secondary blasting.
- ❖ The primary boulders thus splitted are removed from the pits by excavators and further made to smaller sizes by rock breakers attached in excavators. It is a conventional opencast semi mechanized method of mining.

6.3. Proposed bench Height and Width

- ❖ The quarrying of Rough stone is proposed to the safely bench height of 5.0m and bench width of 5.0m.

6.4. Indicate the overburden/mineral production expected pit wise as detailed as below (Composite plan and section showing pit layout, dumps, disposal of waste if any etc.,)

The excavated Rough stone & Gravel will be directly loaded into Tippers to the needy crushers / Customers site. The Composite Plan, Development Plan and section indicating pit layout, Green belt development are shown in Plate No. VII.

III. RECOVERABLE RESERVES :

The Year wise Recoverable Reserves are calculated by deducting the safety distance of 10m for the Government Poramboke Cart Track in S.F.No.542/1 in eastern side and 7.5m for the Adjoining Patta land from the lease applied area and bench loss as height 5.0m and width 5.0m.

Table No: 6

YEARWISE DEVELOPMENT & PRODUCTION RESERVES								
Year	Section	Bench	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Volume in m³	Gravel Formation in m³	Recoverable Reserves of Rough stone in m³
I	XY-AB	118-115	109	17	3	5559	5559	
		115-110	105	12	5	6300		6300
TOTAL							5559	6300
II	XY-AB	118-115	109	17	3	5559	5559	
		115-110	105	12	5	6300		6300
TOTAL							5559	6300
III	XY-AB	115-110	105	6	5	3150		3150
		110-105	95	6	5	2850		2850
TOTAL								6000
IV	XY-AB	110-105	95	14	5	6650		6650
TOTAL								6650
V	XY-AB	105-100	85	10	5	4250		4250
TOTAL								4250
GRAND TOTAL							11118	29500

- Recoverable Reserves are estimated **29,500m³** of **Rough stone** and **11,118m³** of **Gravel** up to depth of **18.0m (Max)** (3.0m Gravel & 15.0m Rough stone) for the lease period of (Five) **5 Years** only.

Production quantity per day (1Load=6m³approx) (1Year=260 Working days)

Rough stone quantity = 29,500m³ / 4,916 Loads
 = 4,916 / 1300 days (5 years)
 = **24m³** or **4 Lorry Loads** per day

Gravel quantity = 11,118m³ / 1,853 Loads
 = 1,853 / 520 days (2 years)
 = **24m³** or **4 Lorry Loads** per day

The applicant ensures the total quantity of proposed reserves in benches will not exceed the quarrying operation. Besides the Rough stone & Gravel locked up in bench loss will be exploited after obtaining necessary permission from Director General of Mines Safety, Pudukkottai region by submit the relevant documents, appropriate safety plans and its necessary mitigation safety measures.

6.5. MACHINERIES TO BE USED

a. Mining

It is proposed to use the following machineries on rental basis for the development and production work in this quarrying operation,

S.No	Type	Dia Hole mm	Size capacity	Make	Motive Power
1	Jack Hammer	32	1.2m to 6m	Atlas Copco	Compressed air
2	Compressor	-	400psi	Atlas Copco	Diesel Drive

b. Loading

Manual loading (considerable Rough stone & Gravel accumulates the same will be loaded by Hired front end loader like JCB) Excavator of 0.90m³ bucket capacity (with Rock breaker attachment)

S.No	Type	Bucket capacity	Make	Motive Power
1	Excavator	0.90m ³	Tata Hitachi - 210	Diesel Drive

c. Transportation

Tippers/Trucks 10 /20Tons capacity (from the quarry to destination (customer/other buyers)

S.No	Type	Capacity	Make	Motive Power
1	Tippers	10/20 Tons	Tata Tipper	Diesel Drive

IMAGES OF MACHINERIES



EXCAVATOR



TATA TIPPER



JACK HAMMER



6.6. Energy

The Electricity for Mines office and Lights only at nights (working is restricted on day time only between 9 Am to 5 Pm). Diesel (HSD) will be used for quarrying machineries around **25,450 Liters of HSD** will be used for the entire project life. Diesel will be brought from nearby diesel pumps. Lightings on the Night time the power will be taken from nearby electric poles after obtaining permission from concerned authorities.

1. Gravel:

The Excavator will consume = 10 Liters / 1 hour
The Excavator will excavate = 60m³ of Gravel
Gravel quantity = 11,118 / 60= 185 hours
Diesel consume = 185 hours x 10 liters
Total diesel consumption= **1,850 Liters** of HSD will be utilized for this Gravel Quarry.

2. Rough stone :

The Excavator will consume = 16 Liters / 1 hour
The Excavator will excavate = 15.0m³ of Rough stone
Rough stone quantity = 29,500 / 20= 1,475 hours
Diesel consume = 1,475 hours x 16 liters
Total diesel consumption= **23,600 Liters** of HSD will be utilized for this Rough stone Quarry.

Total consumption for Rough stone & Gravel is around = **25,450 Liters** of HSD for the entire period of life

6.7. Disposal of Overburden/Waste

The over burden in the form of Gravel is 11,118m³ of used for filling and leveling of low lying areas of road projects and other infrastructure development work in and around the district.

6.8. Brief Note on Conceptual Mining Plan for the entire lease period

Conceptual Mining Plan is prepared with an object of (Five)5 Years of systematic development of bench lay outs, selection of ultimate pit limit, depth of quarrying, ultimate pit slope, selection of sites for construction of infrastructures etc.,

Ultimate pit size is designed based on certain practical factors such as the economical depth of mining, safety zones, permissible areas etc.,

Ultimate Pit dimension is given as under

Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in Max (m)
109	34	18.0m (3.0m Gravel & 15.0m Rough stone)

Afforestation has been proposed on all along the safety barrier by planting native species of Saplings. All the baseline information studies like Air Quality monitoring, Noise and Vibration monitoring, Water Analysis studies will be carried out every year as per the MOEF norms. It is proposed to engage any local institution to monitor the EIA and EMP studies during the course of quarrying operation after the grant of quarry lease.

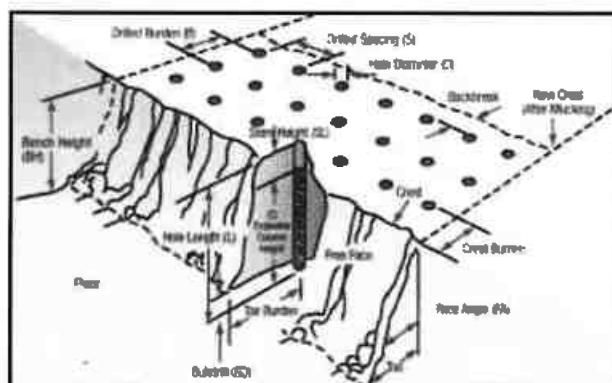
7.0. BLASTING

7.1. Blasting Pattern:

The massive formation shall be broken into pieces of portable size by drilling and blasting using jack hammers and shot hole blasting. Powder factor of explosives for breaking such hard rock shall be in the order of 6 to 7 Tonnes per K.g of explosives. Blasting parameters are as follows.

Drilling and blasting parameters are as follows

Diameter of the hole	: 30-32 mm
Spacing between holes	: 1.2m
Depth of each hole	: 1 to 1.5m
Burden for hole	: 1.0m
Inclination of hole	: 80° from the horizontal
Use of delay detonators	: 25 millisecond
Detonating fuse	: Detonating cord
Blasting Design	: Staggered " V " Pattern





7.2. Types of Explosives

Small dia, 45mm Slurry explosive are proposed to be used for shattering and heaving effect for removal and winning of Rough stone. No deep hole drilling or primary blasting is proposed

7.3. Measures proposed to minimize ground vibration due to blasting

- ❖ Controlled blasting measures will be adopted for minimizing ground vibration and fly of rocks. Shallow depth drilling and smooth blasting is proposed to carry out with minimum usage of explosive mainly to give shattering effect in Rough stone for easy excavation and control of fly rocks.
- ❖ The following steps shall be adopted to control ground vibration due to blasting. The minimum recommended delay time of 8ms was introduced to minimize ground vibration.
- ❖ In case of **electronic detonators**, which are inherently much more accurate **delays** (+/- 0.2 milliseconds delay) to minimizes the **ground vibration reduction in air, reduction over break, improved well fragmentation** and better **control of fly-rocks**.
- ❖ Use of Ammonium nitrate, fuel oil mixture for shot holes may be avoided because which cause for high fly of rocks in view critical diameter problem. Only high strength explosives like slurry will be used in the form of cartridge.

7.4. Storage of Explosives and safety measures to be taken while blasting.

- ❖ The Applicant is advised to engage an authorized explosive agency to carry out small amount of blasting and it will be supervised by the competent statutory Mining Mate /Foreman /Manager. The explosive agency should have the valid Blaster Certificate.
- ❖ He will blast holes in quarry site. After completion the blasting, the agency will take it out back the remaining quantity of explosives to the temporarily available the Magazine at the quarry site. **The blasting time of the day is proposed to be 1 PM to 2.30PM.**
- ❖ First Aid Box will be keeping ready at all the time in Mines Office room. Necessary precautionary announcement will be carried out before the blasting operation.



8.0. MINE DRAINAGE

8.1. Depth of Water Level

- ❖ The ground Water Level is noticed at the depth of 70m to 75m below Ground Level by monitoring nearby bore hole, during the climatic conditions, the fluctuations of water level is 70m in Rainy seasons and 75m in Summer seasons of this quarry area.
- ❖ The quarry operation is proposed upto a depth of **18.0m (Max)** (3.0m Gravel & 15.0m Rough stone). Hence the quarrying operation may not affect the ground water in any manner.
- ❖ It shall be ensured that quarrying shall not be carried out below ground water table under any circumstances.
- ❖ *If ground water table occurs/intervenes within the permitted depth, then also the quarrying shall be stopped.*

8.2. Arrangement and Places where the mine water is finally proposed to be discharged

- ❖ The ground water may not rise immediately in this type of mining. However, the rain water percolation and collection of from seepage shall be less than 300LPM and it will be pumped out periodically by a stand by diesel powered Centrifugal pump with 5HP Motor.
- ❖ The quality of water is potable and no contamination with any hazardous things.
- ❖ Hence, the water stored in quarrying pit will be pumped out the adjacent agricultural fields and further stored in old pit the water is used for Dust suppression/ Plantation purposes.

9.0. ECOLOGY AND BIODIVERSITY



The green belt in the lease area be developed taking into consideration the availability of area as the efficiency of green belt in pollution control mainly depends on tree species, its width, distance from pollution sources, side of the habitat from working place and tree height. The proposed green belt should be designed to control PM10, gaseous pollutants, noise, surface run off and soil erosion etc., While considering the above aspects due care should be taken for selecting the suitable characteristics plant species such as fast growing, locally suitable plant species, resistant to specific pollutant and those which would maintain the regional ecological balance, soil and hydrological conditions.



Flora as observed and identified in the field are covered by mostly Neem, Erukku, Panai trees, Palmira tree are found more on regional scale. The Applicant has developed trees like Neem, Pungam, Teak, Caesarians and Eucalyptus, regional trees etc., with Proper nursery garden and plantation on vacant land. The fauna species observed around the 500m radius of the project site is given in the table.

**List of Flora observed around the quarry site
(Flora Trees & Flora Shrubs)**



Table No: 7

Flora - Trees			
S.No	Tamil Name	Botanical Name	Photograph
1	Neem tree	Azadirachataindica	
2	Panai tree	Borassusflabellifer	
3	MulluMaram	Prosopisjuliflora	
4	Punga Maram	Millettia pinnata	
5	SavukkuMaram	Casuarinacunninghamiana	

Flora - Shrubs			
1	Korai	CyperusPangorei	
2	Avaram	Senna articulate	
3	Erukku	Calotropis	
4	Mookuthichedi	Tridaxprocumbens	
5	Musumusukkai	Melothria	



**List of Fauna observed around the quarry site
(Fauna Mammals & Fauna Avian)**

Table No: 8

Fauna Mammals			
S.No	Common Name	scientific name	Photograph
1	Anil	FunambulusPalmarum	
2	Thavalai	Cane toad	
3	Keeri	HerpestesEdwardsii	
4	Rabbit	Oryctolaguscuniculus	
Avian Fauna			
1	Crow	CorvusSplendens	
2	Myna	Acridotherestrictis	
3	Chittukuruvi	SaxicoloidesFulicatus	
4	Parunthu	Haliastur Indus	

10.0. OTHER PERMANENT STRUCTURES



10.1. *Habitations / Village Natham (300m)*

- ❖ There are no inhabited sites within the radius of 300m from the boundary of lease area under Rule 36(1-A) (a) TNMMCR 1959.
- ❖ The Nearest Village habitation is Periyakalver at the distance of 725m on Southwestern side of the lease area.
- ❖ The applicant ensures the quarrying operation will be carried out without any hindrance to the habitants and adjoining land owners.

10.2. *Power lines (HT/LT) (50m)*

- ❖ There is no HT/LT line within the radius of 50m.

10.3. *Water bodies (River, Pond, Lake, Odai, Channel etc.,) (50m)*

- ❖ There is a Kanmoi located at the distance of 120m on Southeastern side of the lease applied area.

10.4. *Archeological / Historical Monuments (500m)*

- ❖ There are no Archeological / Historical Monuments within a radius of 500m from the boundary of lease applied area.

10.5. *Existence of public road /(SH,NH others),Railway line if any (50m)*

- ❖ There is an existing road from the area leads Periyakalver road at the Western side of the area.
- ❖ SH- 201 Pudukkottaito Koppanapatti is located which is about 11.0 Km on the Northern side of the area.
- ❖ NH-36 Tirupattur to Thirumayam is located which is about 0.8 Km on the Southeastern side of the area.
- ❖ The Nearest Railway line is Thirumayam station line which is about 5.3Km on the Northeastern side of the area.

10.6. *Places of Worship (Temples, Church, Mosque etc.,) (500m)*

- ❖ There is no Places of Worship within a radius of 500m.

10.7. *Reserved Forest / Forest / Wild Life Sanctuary etc., (10Km)*

- ❖ There is no reserved forest within a radius of 10km.

10.8. *Any Other Structures : Nil*

11.0. EMPLOYMENT POTENTIAL & WELFARE MEASURES

11.1. Employment Potential (Management & Supervisory personal)

The following man powers are proposed carry out the day to day quarrying activities at the proposed production and also comply with the statutory provision of the MMR 1961.

Management and Supervisor:

- | | |
|--|--------|
| 1. Second Class Mines Manager (with valid statutory qualification) | : 1 No |
| 2. Mines Foreman (with valid statutory qualification) | : 1 No |
| 3. Mines Mate (with valid statutory qualification) | : 1 No |
| 4. Blaster | : 1 No |

Laborers, Skilled, Semi-Skilled & Un-skilled

- | | |
|--|----------------|
| a. Skilled (Operators- Excavator & Jackhammer) | : 3Nos |
| b. Semi-skilled (Driver) | : 3Nos |
| c. Unskilled (Musdoor/Labours, Cleaners & Watch man) | : 8Nos |
| Total | : 18Nos |

Allowing 10% absenteeism, the no. of men of roll will be around 16 Nos.

It is been ensured that, *Child Labours under 18 Years of age will not be engaged for any quarrying operation.*

Necessary Life Insurance policies will be taken by the applicant to all the employees up to the end of the lease period.

11.2. Welfare Measures

a. Drinking Water

- ❖ Drinking water is available from the nearby agriculture land owners or from water vendors in Periyakalver Village which is about 725m on Southwestern side of the lease applied area.

b. Sanitary facilities

- ❖ Semi-permanent latrines & urinals shall be maintained at convenient places for use of Labours as per the provisions of Rule (33) of the Mines Rules, 1955 separately for males and females. Washing facilities shall also be arranged as per Rule (36) of Mines Rules, 1955 and it will be maintained periodically.



c. First Aid Facility

- ❖ First Aid station as per provisions under Rule (44) of the Mines Rules, 1955 will be provided and First aid kits kept in mines office room, the qualified first aid personnel should be appointed or nominated to attend emergency first aid treatment.
- ❖ In case of eventuality, the victim will be given first aid immediately at the site and the injured person will be taken to the *Thirumayam* is about 5.3Km on Southeastern side. The competent and statutory of Foreman/Mate/Permit Manager will be incharge of the First aid.

d. Labour Health

- ❖ Periodic medical examination has to be arranged for occupational health once in a year in addition to attending medical treatment of occupational injuries under the Rule 45(A), Mines Rules, 1955.

e. Precautionary safety measures to the Laborers

Safety measures will be implemented to prevent access in the excavation area an un authorized persons as per Mine Act 1952 and MMR 1961.

- ❖ *Safety measures will be implemented as per Mines Act 1952, MMR 1961 AND Mines Rules 1955.*
- ❖ *Provisions of MMR 1961 shall be strictly followed and all mine roads shall be wider than the height of bench or equal to the height of the bench and have a gradient of not more than 1 in 16.*
- ❖ *The bench height will be 5.0m.*
- ❖ *Protective equipment like dust mask, ear-plugs/muffs, sand respirator (avoid silica dusts forms-Silicosis), reflector jackets, safety thick shoes, etc., as Personnel Productive Equipment (PPE) as per the circulars and amendments made for Mine Labour under the guidance of DGMS.*
- ❖ *Notice giving warning to prevent inadvertent entry of persons shall be displayed at all conspicuous places and in particular near mine entries.*
- ❖ *Danger signs shall be displayed near the excavations and proper signal bt siren alarm will be provide before blasting time to prevent any accident.*
- ❖ *Security guards will be provided.*
- ❖ Periodically medical checkup will be conducted for all workers for any mine health problems.
- ❖ Proper training and induction will be given by qualified and experienced safety officer to all employees about the safe and systematic quarrying operation.

- 
- ❖ The drillers and workers are sent for vocational training periodically to carry out the quarrying operations scientifically to safeguard the men machinery and mineral and to create awareness of conventional opencast quarrying operation.
 - ❖ In the event of temporary closer, approaches will be fenced off and notice board displayed.

f. Disaster Management and Risk Assessment

This should deal with action plan for risk accident like landslides. Subsidence, flood, fire, seismic activities, tailing dam failure etc. and emergency plan proposed for quick excavation. Ameliorative measures to be taken etc. The capability of applicant to meet such eventualities and the assistance to be required from the local authorities should be described.

- The mechanized mining activities in the area may involve any risk accident due to side falls/collapse, flying stones because of blasting etc.
- The complete mining operation will be carried out under the Management and control of experienced and with Mines Manager having Certificate of Competency to manage the mine granted by DGMS.
- All the provisions of Mines Act 1952, MMR 1961 and Mines Rules 1955, TNMCR 1959 and other laws applicable to mine will be strictly complied with.
- During heavy rainfall the mining activities will be suspended.
- All persons in supervisory capacity will be provided with communication facilities.
- Competent Persons will be provided FIRST AID kits which they will always carry.
- The Greenbelt Development will be formed in around the quarried out top benches and panchayat roads of the lease applied area.

g. care and Maintenance during Temporary Discontinuance

In case of any temporary discontinuance due to court order or due to statutory requirement or any other unforeseen circumstance following measures shall be taken for care, maintenance and monitoring of conditions.

- Notice of temporary discontinuance of work in mine shall be given to the DGMS as per MMR 1961.
- All the mining machinery shall be shifted to the safe place.
- Entrance to the mine or part of the mine, to be discontinued shall be fenced off. Fencing shall be as per the circular 11/1959 from DGMS.

PART - B



12.0. ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

12.1. Existing Land Use Pattern

The area is exhibit Plain Terrain topography. The applied area is dry barren land and devoid of agriculture and habitations and the area is not used for the specific vegetation. The surrounding area is practiced by the seasonal cultivation.

The existing Land use pattern is given as under

Table No-9

S. No.	Land Use	Present Area (Hect)	Area in use during the quarrying period (Hect)
1.	Quarrying Pit	Nil	0.36.0
2.	Infrastructure	Nil	0.02.0
3.	Roads	Nil	0.02.0
4.	Green Belt	Nil	0.20.9
5.	Unutilized	0.61.0	0.00.1
	Total	0.61.0	0.61.0

12.2. Water Regime

Water Level in this quarry area is noticed at a depth of 70m to 75m below Ground Level, observed nearby bore hole the quarrying of Rough stone & Gravel is proposed up to a depth of 18.0m(Max) (3.0m Gravel & 15.0m Rough stone). Hence, it will not affect the quality of ground water depletion of this area.

12.3. Flora and Fauna

The Thorny bushes are placed in quarry area and Neem, Pungam, Panai trees are noticed around the quarry area. Except acacia bushes, no other valuable trees are noticed in the lease applied area. Further, neither flora of botanical interest nor fauna of zoological interest is noticed in this area.

12.4. Climatic conditions

The area receives annual rainfall of about 800mm to 900mm and the rainy season is mainly from Oct – Dec receives rain both in south west and north east monsoon. The summer is hot with maximum temperature of 35°C and during Winter encounters a minimum temperature of 18°C.

12.5. Human Settlement

The nearest habitations with the population, approx. distance within 5.0Km radius from the proposed quarry site are as given under,

Table No-10

S. No	Name of the Village	Approximate distance	Direction from lease applied area	Approximate Habitations
1.	Sinnakalwail	1.6Km	North - West	112
2.	Tankanwadi	1.8Km	North - East	120
3.	Periyakalver	0.7 Km	South - West	165
4.	Mahur	2.2 Km	South - East	182

12.6. Plan for Air, Dust Suppression

The air quality will be affected by the Suspended Particulate Matter (SPM) generated by the blasting, jack hammer drilling, loading and unloading during the quarrying operation. The following mitigation measures will be carried out, Mist water spraying will be carried out by means of water sprinklers to suppress dust emission in the Haul roads. The native species of Neem, Pungam, Panai etc., will be planted along the lease boundary and Safety buffer zone. The quarried out materials will be fully covered by the Tarpaulin during transportation to avoid the spillage of materials. The Air quality will be monitored periodically as per the norms and mitigate measures carried out to prevent dust and air propagation in to the air Operators, those exposed directly to such conditions will be provide such as (PPE) Personnel Protective Equipment's like Dust mask, Ear plug, Helmet, Gloze etc., as per the Mines Act -1952.

The estimated budget for dust suppression would be around Rs.3,90,000/- for the period of 5 Years only.

Image of the water spray Vehicle





12.7. Plan for Noise Control

- ❖ The quarrying of Rough stone will be carried out by Shallow holes of 32mm diameter and 1.5meter depth of wet drilling and conventional low power explosives such as slurry explosives, ordinary safety fuse only. Hence the ground vibration and noise pollution will be very minimum and restricted within the quarry workings. However, periodical noise level monitoring and other mitigation measures will be carried out to reduce the noise level and vibration in and around the quarry site.
- ❖ Nowhere the noise level should exceed the permissible limit of 80db during the quarry working hours.
- ❖ The drivers will be strictly instructed to move the vehicle during the transportation not exceeding 40Km per Hour, Sentries with Red Flag & whistle will be posted in village junction and regulate traffic.
- ❖ The estimated budget for Noise level monitoring would be around Rs.20,000/- for the period of 5 Years only.

12.8. Environmental Impact Assessment Statement Describing Impact on mining on the next Five years

- ❖ The mining plan proposed is for a small production of Rough stone & Gravel without involving deep hole drilling and heavy blasting. Such limited mining activity is not likely to cause any impact adversely on environment as far as pollution of air, Water and noise is concerned, anyhow environmental impact studies will be conducted as per EIA notification issued by MOEF. It is B2 Category of mine.
- ❖ The estimated Cost would be around Rs. 3,70,000/- for a period of 5 Years only.

12.9. Proposal for Waste Management

There are no wastes anticipated during this Rough stone & Gravel quarry operation. The quarried out materials 100% will be utilized.

12.10. Proposal of Reclamation of Land affected during mining activities and at the end of mining (refilling/fencing etc.,)

In the proposed mining plan only a maximum depth of 18.0m (Max) (3.0m Gravel & 15.0m Rough stone) has been envisaged as workable depth for Safe & Economic mining during the lease period. Hence, after quarry reaches Ultimate Pit Limit (for this

lease period) of **18.0m (Max)** (3.0m Gravel & 15.0m Rough). *SI type Fencing* will be constructed around the quarried pits to prevent inherent entry of the public and cattle.

There is no proposal for refilling and rehabilitation. The Barbed wire fencing cost would be around **Rs.1,50,000/-**

12.11. Program for Afforestation:

The 7.5m & 10m safety distance along the lease boundary has been identified to be utilized for Afforestation in a phased manner as described below

Table – 11

Year	No. of Saplings proposed to be planted	Survival %	Area to be covered Sq.m	Name of the species	No. of Saplings expected to be grown
I	60	80%	382	Neem & Pungam	48
II	60	80%	360	Neem & Pungam	48
III	60	80%	585	Neem & Pungam	48
IV	60	80%	405	Neem & Pungam	48
V	60	80%	375	Neem & Pungam	48

- Nearly 2107 Sq.m area is proposed to use under Afforestation by planting 60Nos of Neem Saplings etc., every year in the spacing interval of (5m X 5m) with an anticipated survival rate of 80%.
- Appropriate native species of Neem, Pungan, Teak and Casuarinas Saplings will be planted approach roads, service roads, nearby villages, village roads, government school etc.,
- Saplings of local plants of regional tress will be planted as per the consultation of the local Forest Department.
- The Quarry Land use, Layout and Afforestation Plan are showing in Plate No. VII.



12.12. Proposed Financial Estimate / Budget for (EMP) Environment Management

Table - 12

S.No	Monitory and Analysis Description	Rate per location	No. of location	Total Charges for monitoring		
				6 months	Per Year	5 Years
1	Ambient Air quality monitoring	5000	4	20000	40000	2,00,000
2	Water sampling and analysis	10000	1	10000	20000	1,00,000
3	Noise level monitoring	500	4	2000	4000	20,000
4	Ground vibration monitoring	2500	2	5000	10000	50,000
Total EMP Cost				37000	74000	3,70,000

The Environment Monitoring EMP Studies Cost would be around Rs. 3,70,000/- for a period of 5 Years only.

I. Project Cost & Investment:

1) Land cost

The Land Value as per the Government Guideline cost is Calculated as follows
 $0.61.0 \text{ ha} \times \text{Rs.} 8,00,000/\text{ha} = \text{Rs.} 4,88,000/-$

2) Refilling/ Fencing

There is no proposal for Refilling, after the excavation of Rough stone & Gravel the quarried out land will be fenced with barbed wire fencing the cost would be around Rs.1,50,000/-

3) Laborers shed

Labours are proposed for quarrying Rough stone & Gravel. The machine Operators and workers are from nearby local villages, hence no cost is involved. Rest shelter will be constructed as semi-permanent structure at the cost of Rs.2,50,000/-

4) Sanitary facility

Sanitary facility will be constructed as semi-permanent structure, the cost will be around Rs.1,50,000/-



II. Machinery to be used :

The Machineries like Jack Hammer, Tractor mounted compressor, attached with Jack hammer, Excavator Of 0.9m³ bucket capacity attached with Rock Breaker are proposed to deploy for quarrying operation and Tippers/Trucks of 10/2Tons capacity will be used for the quarrying transportation for hired basis, the cost will be around **Rs.20,00,000/-**

I. Fixed Asset Cost :-

1. Land cost	= Rs. 4,88,000/-
2. Refilling/Fencing cost	= Rs. 1,50,000/-
3. Rest shelter	= Rs. 2,50,000/-
4. Sanitary Facility	= Rs. 1,50,000/-

II. Machinery Cost :- = Rs. 20,00,000/-

Total Project Cost = Rs. 30,38,000/-

III. Expenditure :

1) *Drinking Water facility and other utilities for the labourers*

18 Labours at the rate of Rs.2,500/- month for a period of (Five) 5 Years only, the cost will be around **Rs.1,50,000/-**

2) *Sanitary arrangement*

Sanitary maintenance at the cost of Rs.2000/- month the cost will be around **Rs.1,20,000/-** for a period of (Five) 5 Years only.

3) *Safety kits*

Rs.80,000 will be spent for the safety kits such as Helmet, Mine Goggles, Ear plugs, Ear muff, Dust Mask, Reflector jackets and safety Shoes.

4) *Water sprinkling (if necessary)*

Rs.6,500/- month will be spent for sprinkling the water on haul roads for Dust suppression; the cost will be around **Rs.3,90,000/-** for a period of (Five) 5 Years only.

5) *Afforestation etc.,*

Afforestation is proposed within safety zones of the lease applied area and plantations will be carried out on the nearby villages and village roads, Govt School after consultation with the Panchayat authorities. The cost estimate is around **Rs.50,000/-**



Expenditure :

1. Drinking water	= Rs. 1,50,000/-
2. Sanitary Arrangements	= Rs. 1,20,000/-
3. Safety kits	= Rs. 80,000/-
4. Water Sprinkling	= Rs. 3,90,000/-
5. Afforestation cost	= Rs. 50,000/-

Environment Monitoring / 5 Years :

1) Air Quality Sampling	= Rs. 2,00,000/-
2) Water Quality Sampling	=Rs. 1,00,000/-
3) Noise Level Monitoring	= Rs. 20,000/-
4) Ground vibration test	= Rs. 50,000/-

EMP Cost Total = Rs. 11,60,000/-

(Expenditure Including EMP Studies)

Total Project Cost =Rs.30,38,000/-

EMP Cost =Rs.11,60,000/-

12.13 Corporate Environment Responsibility (CER):

- ❖ The Applicant shall distribute Note books, Stationary items to nearby Govt Primary School and to conduct the Medical camp, Environment awareness program, etc., to nearby villages after consultation with local panchayat authorities.
- ❖ The Applicant shall ensure that a minimum of 2.0% from the Total project cost (Rs.60,760/-) for the entire lease period will be utilized for the CER Activities.
- ❖ *District Mineral Fund @10% of the Royalty shall be given to the Dept. of Geology and Mining.*

13.0. MINE CLOSURE PLAN



13.1. Steps proposed for phased restoration, reclamation of already mined out area.

- ❖ This conventional Systematic, Scientific and Eco- Friendly quarrying operation for a depth of **18.0m (Max)** (3.0m Gravel & 15.0m Rough stone) and not required any Backfill, Reclamation and Rehabilitation, the quarried out lands will be used for Water storage/ Recharge purpose.
- ❖ The mined out area will be fenced on top of open cast working with S1 Fencing to arrest the entry of cattle and public in to the quarry site.

13.2. Measures to be under taken on mine closure as per Act & Rules.

Measure will be taken as per Act & Rules. The quarried pit will be fenced by using Barbed wire fencing to prevent inherent entry of public and cattle.

13.3. Mitigation measures to be undertaken for safety and restoration/ reclamation of the already mined out area.

Air Quality:

- ❖ (Air quality will be degrade due to drilling, blasting, mining operation and transportation)
- ❖ Drilling will be carried out by Wet drilling mode to control the dust propagation into the air.
- ❖ Blasting will be carried out on limited scale.
- ❖ Mist Water spraying on haul roads is proposed to prevent the dust propagation into the air.

Noise and Vibration:

- ❖ (The noise will be formed due to the drilling, blasting, loading and movement of Vehicles, Machineries)
- ❖ The applicant has proposed to plant native species of Neem, saplings all along safety area to prevent Noise besides wet drilling will be practiced to prevent dust and spillage.
- ❖ All the Vehicles, Machineries will be maintained in good conditions as per RTO and TNPCB Norms to prevent Noise, Smoke and Vibration to maintain Noise levels below 80 dB(decibel).

Water Regime:

- ❖ The quarrying operation has proposed upto a maximum depth of 18.0m (Max) (3.0m Gravel & 15.0m Rough stone) is well above the ground water table (Summer 75m and Rainy seasons 70m) for a period of 5 Years only. Hence the ground water table will not affect in any manner.
- ❖ The seepage and rain water stored in quarrying pit will be drained out by 5 H.P motor pump and will be discharged through filter media to boundary barrier for afforestation and excess water will be sprayed on haul roads to prevent dust propagation in to the atmosphere.
- ❖ The Rough stone & Gravel quarry will not produce any harmful toxic effluence in the form of Solid, Liquid or Gas.

Human Health and Safety:

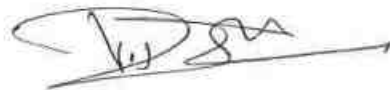
- ❖ All the labors are provided with Safety Equipment's like safety Helmet, Goggles, Ear muff, Ear Plug, Safety Jackets, Hand gloves, Thick Shoes etc., at applicant cost, as per the specifications of the Director of Mines Safety.
- ❖ The competent qualified person Foreman/Permit Mines Manager will provide First Aid will take care of small and minor injuries. If any accident happens, the Victim will be taken to the nearby hospital by the own vehicle which is always kept in the mines office. The nearest hospital is about 5.2Km on Northeastern side of *Thirumayam*.



14.0. ANY OTHER DETAILS INTEND TO FURNISH BY THE APPLICANT

- i. This Mining Plan for Rough stone & Gravel quarry is prepared under amended Rules 19(1), 41 & 42 of Tamilnadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules 1959.
- ii. The measures will be taken as per Mines Act & Mine Rules and Regulations and orders made there under shall be complied with, so that the safety of mine, machinery and mine workers will be protected.
- iii. It is expected that the mining will be done skillful, systematically, scientifically, and Eco-friendly quarrying operation.
- iv. There is no deep hole drilling and heavy blasting of this lease area.
- v. The Applicant will endeavor every attempt to quarry the Rough stone & Gravel economically without any wastage and to improve the environment and ecology.
- vi. Any violation pointed out by the inspecting authorities shall be rectified as per the guidelines of the Department.

Prepared by

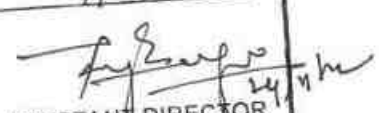


Signature of Recognised Qualified Person

Place : Trichy

Date : 21-11-22

This mining plan is approved in exercise of the powers conferred under Rule 41(2) and (5) TNMMCR 1959 and subject to the conditions / stipulations indicated in the mining plan approved letter
Rc.No: 580/22/42M Dated: 24-11-2022

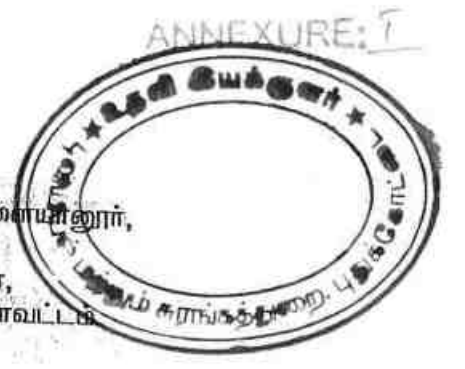

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
GEOLOGY AND MINING
PUDUKKOTTAI

அனுப்புநர்

திரு.கி.விஜயராகவன், எம்.எஸ்ஸி,
உதவி இயக்குநர்,
புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை,
புதுக்கோட்டை.

பெறுநர்

திருமதி. அழகு,
க/பெ.சண்முகம்,
எண்.2/43-A, துளையானூர்,
மேலூர் அஞ்சல்,
திருமயம் தாலுகா,
புதுக்கோட்டை மாவட்டம்.



ந.க.எண்.580/2022(பு.ம.சு) நாள் 15.11.2022

அய்யா,

பொருள் : கனிமங்கள் மற்றும் சுரங்கங்கள் - புதுக்கோட்டை மாவட்டம் - திருமயம் வட்டம் - துளையானூர் கிராமம் - பட்டா புல எண்.543/3A-ன் மொத்தப்பரப்பு 0.61.0 ஹெக்டேரில் கல்குவாரி குத்தகை உரிமம் கோரி திருமதி.அழகு க/பெ.சண்முகம் என்பவர் விண்ணப்பம் செய்தது - வரைவு சுரங்கத்திட்டம் சமர்ப்பிக்க அறிவுறுத்துதல் - தொடர்பாக.

- பார்வை : 1. திருமதி.அழகு க/பெ.சண்முகம் என்பவரின் விண்ணப்பம் நாள்: 23.08.2022.
2. வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர், புதுக்கோட்டை, அவர்களின் கடிதம் ப.மு.அ3/6188/2022 நாள்: 31.10.2022.
3. உதவி புவியியலாளர், புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, புதுக்கோட்டை அவர்களின் அறிக்கை நாள்: 08.11.2022.
4. மற்றும் தொடர்புடைய ஆவணங்கள்.

.....

புதுக்கோட்டை மாவட்டம், திருமயம் வட்டம், துளையானூர் கிராமம், பட்டா புல எண்.543/3A-ன் மொத்தப்பரப்பு 0.61.0 ஹெக்டேரில் கல்குவாரி குத்தகை உரிமம் கோரி திருமதி.அழகு க/பெ.சண்முகம் என்பவர் அனுமதி கோரி விண்ணப்பம் செய்துள்ளார்.

பார்வை 2 மற்றும் 3ல் கண்டுள்ளவாறு வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர், புதுக்கோட்டை, உதவி புவியியலாளர், புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, புதுக்கோட்டை மற்றும் தனிவருவாய் ஆய்வாளர் (கனிமம்) ஆகியோர் புலத்தணிக்கை மேற்கொண்டு திருமயம் வட்டம், துளையானூர் கிராமம் பட்டா புல எண்.543/3A-ன் மொத்தம் 0.61.0 ஹெக்டேரில் கல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்க அனுமதி வழங்கலாம் என பரிந்துரை செய்துள்ளனர்.

எனவே, திருமதி.அழகு க/பெ.சண்முகம் என்பவருக்கு திருமயம் வட்டம், துளையானூர் கிராமம் பட்டா புல எண்.543/3A-ன் மொத்தம் 0.61.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பினை 1959-ம் வருடாந்திய தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிம சலுகை விதிகள், விதி எண்.19 & 20-ன் கீழ் 5 வருட காலங்களுக்கு கல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி குத்தகை உரிமம் அனுமதி வழங்க உகந்த புலமாக கருதி அறிவிப்பு செய்யப்படுகிறது.

மேலும், திருமதி. அழகு க/பெ.சண்முகம், என்பவர் மூன்று மாத காலத்திற்குள் வரைவு சுரங்கத்திட்ட அறிக்கை (Draft Mining Plan) கீழ்க்கண்ட நிபந்தனைகளுக்குட்பட்டு தயார் செய்து புதுக்கோட்டை மாவட்ட புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, உதவி இயக்குநரிடம் ஒப்புதல் பெற்றும், மேலும், தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிம சலுகை விதிகள் 41 & 42-ன் படி ஏற்பளிக்கப்பட்ட சுரங்கத்திட்ட அறிக்கை மற்றும் மாவட்ட சுற்றுச்சூழல் தாக்க மதிப்பீட்டு ஆணையத்திடமிருந்து தடையின்மைச்சான்று பெற்றும் சமர்ப்பிக்குமாறு அறிவுறுத்தப்படுகிறது.

1. ~~அங்கிலாள்ள பட்டா புலங்களுக்கு 7.5 மீட்டர் பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளி விடவேண்டும்.~~
2. கிழக்குப்பகுதியில் புல எண்.542/1-ல் அமைந்துள்ள அரசு புறம்போக்கு வண்டிப்பாதைக்கு 10மீ பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளிவிடவேண்டும்.


15/11/22
உதவி இயக்குநர்,
புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை,
புதுக்கோட்டை

15/11/22

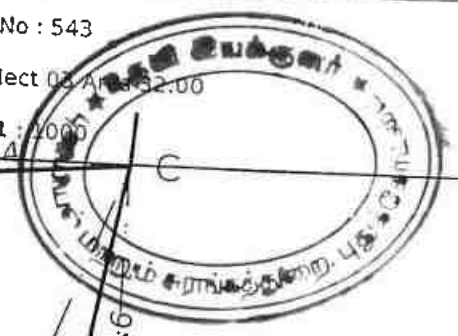
Location : Pudukkottai
 Block : THIRUMAYAM
 Village : Thulaiyanur

409

Survey No : 543

Area : Hect 03 Area 32.00

Scale : 1 : 1000



430

544

432

497

495

கல் சுவாமிநாதர்
 கையெழுத்திட்டுள்ள
 இம் டீவரன் 543/3A





தமிழக அரசு

வருவாய்த் துறை

நில உரிமை விபரங்கள் : இ. எண் 10(1) பிரிவு

மாவட்டம் : புதுக்கோட்டை

வட்டம் : திருமயம்

வருவாய் கிராமம் : துளையானூர்

பட்டா எண் : 6759

உரிமையாளர்கள் பெயர்

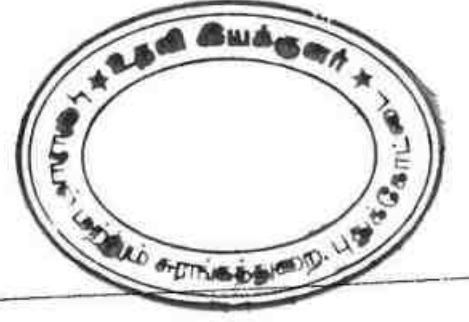
சுப்பையா		மகன்		அழகுராஜ்				
புல எண்	உட்பிரிவு	புன்செய்		நன்செய்		மற்றவை		குறிப்புரைகள்
		பரப்பு	தீர்வை	பரப்பு	தீர்வை	பரப்பு	தீர்வை	
		ஹெக் - ஏர்	ரூ - பை	ஹெக் - ஏர்	ரூ - பை	ஹெக் - ஏர்	ரூ - பை	
543	3A	0 - 61.00	2.25	--	--	--	--	2022/0105/22/158557- -2022/22/04/000375SD -- 29-07-2022
		0 - 61.00	2.25					

குறிப்பு2-:



- மேற்கண்ட தகவல் / சான்றிதழ் நகல் விவரங்கள் மின் பதிவேட்டிலிருந்து பெறப்பட்டவை. இவற்றை தாங்கள் <https://eservices.tn.gov.in> என்ற இணைய தளத்தில் 22/04/080/06759/80037 என்ற குறிப்பு எண்ணை உள்ளீடு செய்து உறுதி செய்துகொள்ளவும்.
- இத் தகவல்கள் 05-08-2022 அன்று 05:45:57 PM நேரத்தில் அச்சடிக்கப்பட்டது.
- கைப்பேசி கேமராவின் 2D barcode படிப்பான் மூலம் படித்து 3G/GPRS வழி இணையதளத்தில் சரிபார்க்கவும்

அ-பதிவேடு விவரங்கள்



மாவட்டம் : புதுக்கோட்டை

வட்டம் : திருமயம்

கிராமம் : துளையானூர்

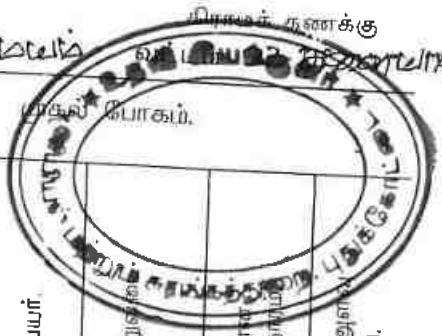
1. புல எண்	543	9. மண் வயனமும் ரகமும்	7 - 2
2. உட்பிரிவு எண்	3A	10. மண் தரம்	4
3. பழைய புல உட்பிரிவு எண்	543-3	11. தீர்வை (ரூ - ஹெ) ஏர்)	3.71
4. பகுதி	P	12. பரப்பு (ஹெக்டேர் - ஏர்)	0 - 61.00
5. அரசு / ரயத்துவாரி	ரயத்துவாரி	13. மொத்த தீர்வை (ரூ - பை)	2.25
6. நிலத்தின் வகை	பஞ்சை	14. பட்டா எண்	6759
7. பாசன ஆதாரம்	-	15. குறிப்பு	-
8. இரு போகமா	-	16. பெயர்	1.அழகுராஜ்

குறிப்பு 1:



1.

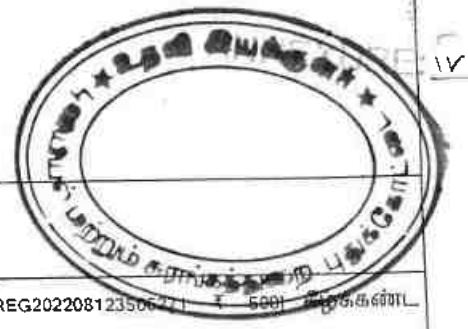
மேற்கண்ட தகவல் / சான்றிதழ் நகல் விவரங்கள் மின் பதிவேட்டிலிருந்து பெறப்பட்டவை.
இவற்றை தாங்கள் <http://eservices.tn.gov.in> என்ற இணைய தளத்தில் 70037 என்ற
குறிப்பு எண்ணை உள்ளீடு செய்து உறுதி செய்துகொள்ளவும்.



தலைவரின் அலுவலகம்						மாநிலப் பேரவை					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
நில அளவை எண்.	உட்கிரிவிடி எண்.	பாப்பு.	திர்வை.	ஒரு போகம் அல்லது இரண்டு போகம்.	செய்தியைத் தாராளமாகப் பெறும் எண்ணும் அல்லது அனுமோக தாராளமாகப் பெறும்.	நிலத்தின் எந்த பகுதியாகவது சாகுபடியாளரால் பயிரிடப்பட்டுள்ளதா.	எந்த மாதத்தில் பயிர் செய்யப்பட்டது எந்த மாதத்தில் அறுவடை செய்யப்பட்டது.	பயிரின் பெயர்.	பயிரான / குறுக்கையான பாப்பு.	உண்பையான பாப்பில் ஆதாரமான விளைச்சல் அளவு.	விளைச்சல் அளவு விழுக்காடு.
543	3A	0610		2-25 6759	சி.அழகராஜ் 19 ஜூன் 2017 மாண்புமிகு அமைச்சர் துளையானூர் வட்டம் கி.ம.ப. காலேரியா			தரிசி			



பதிவுத்துறை
இரசீது - ஆவணப்பதிவு



இரசீது எண் : 3912/2022
ஆவண எண் : R/ திருமயம்/ புத்தகம்-1/ 2912 / 2022

திருமதி அழகு அவர்களிடமிருந்து ₹ 500 (ரூபாய் ஐந்நூறு மட்டும்) இணைய வழி: REG202208123506211 ₹ 500 கட்டக்கூண்ட விவரப்படி பெற்றுக் கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

வ.எண்	விவரம்	தொகை (₹)
1	பதிவுக் கட்டணம்	300
2	கணினிக் கட்டணம்	100
3	குறுந்தகடுக் கட்டணம்	100
	செலுத்தப்பட்ட மொத்தத் தொகை	500

குறிப்பு: இந்த அசல் ஆவணம் உடனடியாக பக்க சான்று இடப்பட்டு ஒளி வருடல் செய்யப்பட்டு திரும்ப வழங்கப்படும். ஆகவே அசல் ஆவணத்தைத் திரும்பப் பெற தகுதி பெற்ற திரு / திருமதி /செல்வி திருமதி அழகு இது தொடர்பாக குறுஞ்செய்தி பெற்றவுடன் அசல் ரசீதை அளித்து அசல் ஆவணத்தை திரும்ப பெற்றுக்கொள்ளலாம். இதில் ஏதேனும் இடர்பாடுகள் இருப்பின் கட்டணமில்லா தொலைபேசி எண் 1800-102-5174 - ஐ தொடர்பு கொள்ளவும்.

திருமயம் அலுவலகம்

நாள்: 12/08/2022

சார்பதிவாளர்
பதிவு அலுவலர் கையொப்பம்
திருமயம்

உருவாக்கப்பட்ட ஆவண/ வரைவு ஆவணச் சுருக்க விவரங்கள்			
பயனர் பெயர்	முழுப் பெயர்	கைப்பேசி எண்	உருவாக்கப்பட்ட நாள்
Murugesan26 (குடிமக்கள்)	Murugesan	9790319390	12-08-22 01:43:58 PM

1. அசல் ஆவணத்தைத் திரும்பப் பெறும்போது உரிய நபரின் விரல் ரேகை பெறப்படுகிறதா என உறுதிசெய்து கொள்ளவும்.
2. ஆவணதாரர்கள் தங்களின் சரியான கைபேசி எண்ணைப் பதிவுக்கு தாக்கலாகும் ஆவணத்தில் தெரிவித்தால் ஆவணம்/சொத்தின் நிலை குறித்த குறுஞ்செய்தியை பெறலாம்.
3. ஆவணத்தை குறித்த காலத்தில் திரும்பப் பெற்றுக்கொள்ளத் தவறும் பட்சத்தில் பாதுகாப்பு கட்டணம் வசூலிக்கப்படும்.
4. பட்டா மாற்றம் தேவைப்படும் ஆவணங்களுக்கு பட்டா மாற்றம் செய்யக் கோரும் படிவம் இவ்வலுவலகத்தில் இருந்து இணையதளம் வழியாகவே வருவாய்த்துறைக்கு அனுப்பப்பட்டுள்ளது. அதன் ஒப்புக்கச் சீட்டை தங்களின் அசல் ஆவணத்தைத் திரும்பப் பெறும்போது கேட்டுப் பெற்றுக்கொள்ளவும்.

<https://tnreginet.gov.in> என்ற இணைய தளம் மூலம் வழங்கப்படும் சேவைகள்

- கட்டணமின்றி வில்லங்க விவரம் தரவிறக்கம் செய்யும் வசதி
- சார் பதிவாளர் அலுவலகம் நேரில் வராமல் இணையதளம் மூலம் சான்றிட்ட நகல்கள், வில்லங்க சான்று விபரங்கள் விண்ணப்பித்து மின்னஞ்சல் மூலம் சான்று பெறும் வசதி
- இணையதளம் மூலம் பொது மக்களே ஆவணம் உருவாக்கும் வசதி
- இணையதளம் மூலம் வழிகாட்டி மதிப்பை அறியும் வசதி, கட்டிட மதிப்பை கணக்கிடும் வசதி
- இணையதளம் மூலம் முத்திரைத் தீர்வை, பதிவுக் கட்டணம் உள்ளிட்ட கட்டணங்கள் செலுத்தும் வசதி
- பொதுமக்கள் நலன் சார்ந்த சுற்றறிக்கைகள்/அரசாணைகள் பதிவுத்துறையின் இணையதளத்தில் பார்வையிடும் வசதி.

भारतीय गैर न्यायिक

भारत INDIA

रु. 500

FIVE HUNDRED RUPEES

पाँच सौ रुपये

Rs. 500

INDIANONJUDICIAL

279



-2-

என்னவென்றால் புதுக்கோட்டை மாவட்டம் திருமயம் தாலுகா துலையானூர் கிராமத்தில் இதனடியிற் கண்ட சொத்தானது நம்மில் 1வது பார்ட்டியின் பெயரில் திருமயம் சார்பதிவாளர் அலுவலகத்தில் 05.07.2022ஆம் தேதியில் 1புத்தகம் 2022ஆம் ஆண்டின் 2407 எண்ணாகப் பதியப் பெற்ற தான செட்டில்மெண்ட் ஆவணத்தின்படி 1 வது பார்ட்டிக்கு பாத்தியம் ஏற்பட்டும் மற்றும் மேற்படி ஆவணத்தின்படி 1 வது பார்ட்டியின் பெயரில் 6759 எண்ணாகப் பட்டா ஏற்பட்டு 1வது பார்ட்டி சுவாதீனமாக ஆண்டு அனுபவித்து வருகின்ற இதனடியிற் சொத்து விவரத்தில் கண்டுள்ள புன்செய் நிலத்தை நம்மில் 2வது பார்ட்டிக்கு வருடம் 1க்கு 5000/- (ஐந்தாயிரம்) ரூபாய் வீதம் குத்தகைக்கு கொடுத்து குத்தகை முன்பணம் ஏதும் இல்லமால் 6 (ஆறு) வருட கால வாய்தா வரையில் இதனடியில் கண்ட சொத்தை நம்மில் 1 வது நபர் கிராவல் மண் மற்றும் கல் குவாரி தொழில் சம்மந்தமாக குத்தகைக்கு கொடுத்துள்ளார். நம்மில் 2 வது பார்ட்டி இதனடியில்கண்ட குத்தகை சொத்தை மாவட்ட ஆட்சியர் அவர்கள் அனுமதியுடனும் மற்றும் மேற்படி தொழில் ஆரம்பிக்க குத்தகை ஒப்பந்தம் செய்துகொண்ட பிறகு மேற்படி வாய்தா காலம் வரையில் மேற்படி தொழில் செய்து வரவேண்டியது.

இதனடியில் கண்ட குத்தகை சொத்தை மேற்படி குத்தகை வாய்தா காலம் முடியும் வரையில் நம்மில் 1 வது நபர் வேறு எந்தவித வில்லங்கத்திற்கும் உட்படுத்துவதில்லை எனவும் இதன்மூலம் ஒப்புக்கொண்டுள்ளார். குத்தகை ஒப்பந்தப் பத்திரத்தின் பிற நிபந்தனைகளுக்கும் நாம் இருவரும் கட்டுப்பட்டவர்கள் எனவும் நம்முள் ஒப்பு எழுதிக்கொண்ட குத்தகை ஒப்பந்தப் பத்திரம்.

குத்தகை விடுபவர்

குத்தகை பெறுவர்

S-298

1. புத்தகம் 2022ம் ஆண்டின் 2912ம் ஆவணம்
1) தாங்களே கொண்டது 1 வது தாள்

சார்பதிவாளர்
திருமயம்





-3-

சொத்துவிவரம்

புதுக்கோட்டை மாவட்டம் திருமயம் தாலுகா புதுக்கோட்டை ரீடி திருமயம் சட்டி திருமயம் பஞ்சாயத்து யூனியன் சேகரம் துளையானூர் பஞ்சாயத்து எல்லைக்குள்பட்ட துளையானூர் வட்டம் துளையானூர் கிராமம் பட்டா எண்.6759ல்

ரீசர்வே எண்	சட்டிவிசன்படி சர்வே எண்	புதிய சட்டிவிசன்படி சர்வே எண்	தன்மை	ஏர்ஸ்	ஏ.செ
543	543-3	543-3A	புன்செய்	0.61.0	1.51

ஆகக்கூடுதல் புன்செய் ஏர்ஸ் 0.61.0 ஏர்ஸ் நிலத்தில் தாங்கள் இன்றை தேதி முதல் வெருடங்களுக்கு கிராவல் மண், கல்குவாரி குத்தகை ஒப்பந்தம் செய்து கொண்டுள்ளோம்.

நான்கு எல்கை:

வடக்கு-புல எண்.543/2

தெற்கு-புல எண்.543/3ல் பகுதி புன்செய் நிலம்

குத்தகை விடுபவர்

குத்தகை பெறுவர்

1. புத்தகம் 2022ம் ஆண்டின் 29/2 ம் ஆவணம்
11. தாங்களே கொண்டது 3 வது தாள்

சார்பதிவாளர்
திருமயம்





-4-

கிழக்கு-புல எண்.542/1

மேற்கு-புல எண்.432

குத்தகை விநியவர்

[Handwritten signature]

குத்தகை பெறுவர்

S. சஞ்ச

சாட்சிகள்

1. *[Handwritten signature]* RM.சுப்பையா த/பெ. ராமன், எண்.2/43 வலையன்வயல், துல்லயானூர் வட்டம், திருமயம் தாலுகா, புதுக்கோட்டை மாவட்டம்.622507 (ஆதார் அடையாள அட்டை எண்.6933 5783 0584)

2. *[Handwritten signature]* L.சின்னத்துரை த/பெ. லெட்சுமணன், எண்.3/94 க.புதுவயல், கண்ணனூர் வட்டம், திருமயம் தாலுகா, புதுக்கோட்டை மாவட்டம்.622409 (ஆதார் அடையாள அட்டை எண்.8287 2335 2174)

ஆவணம் வரைவு தயார் செய்தவர்:



S. S. Sander.

ஆவண எழுத்தர் பெயர்: S.சர்புதீன்

முகவரி: எண்.7/61 சந்தைப்பேட்டை , திருமயம், திருமயம் தாலுகா, புதுக்கோட்டை மாவட்டம்.

கைபேசி எண்.9488138710

ஆவண எழுத்தர் உரிமம் எண்.B1/PUI/2007 திருமயம்.

...புத்தகம் 2022ம் ஆண்டின் 9912ம் ஆவணம்
...தாள்களை கொண்டது 4வது தாள்

[Handwritten signature]
சார்பதிவாளர்
திருமயம்



தமிழக அரசு

வருவாய்த் துறை

நில உரிமை விபரங்கள் : இ. எண் 10(1) பிரிவு

மாவட்டம் : புதுக்கோட்டை

வட்டம் : திருமயம்

வருவாய் கிராமம் : துளையாளூர்

பட்டா எண் : 6759

உரிமையாளர்கள் பெயர்

1. சுப்பையா

முகன்

அழகுராஜ்

புல எண்	உட்பிரிவு	புன்செய்		நன்செய்		மற்றவை		குறிப்புரைகள்
		பரப்பு	தீர்வை	பரப்பு	தீர்வை	பரப்பு	தீர்வை	
		ஹெக்ட - ஏர்	ரூ - பை	ஹெக்ட - ஏர்	ரூ - பை	ஹெக்ட - ஏர்	ரூ - பை	
543	3A	0 - 61.00	2.25	--	--	--	--	2022/0105/22/158557- -2022/22/04/000375SD -- 29-07-2022
		0 - 61.00	2.25					

குறிப்பு2 :

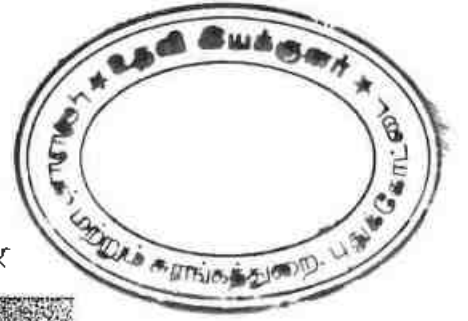


- | | |
|----|---|
| 1. | மேற்கண்ட தகவல் / சான்றிதழ் நகல் விவரங்கள் மின் பதிவேட்டிலிருந்து பெறப்பட்டவை. இவற்றை தாங்கள் https://eservices.tn.gov.in என்ற இணைய தளத்தில் 22/04/080/06759/80037 என்ற குறிப்பு எண்ணை உள்ளிடு செய்து உறுதி செய்துகொள்ளவும். |
| 2. | இத் தகவல்கள் 12-08-2022 அன்று 10:12:11 AM நேரத்தில் அச்சடிக்கப்பட்டது. |
| 3. | கைப்பேசி கேமராவின் 2D barcode படிப்பான் மூலம் படித்து 3G/GPRS வழி இணையதளத்தில் சரிபார்க்கவும் |

1. புத்தகம் 2022ம் ஆண்டின் 29/12-ம் ஆவணம்
1. தூங்குகளை கொண்டு 5 வது தூள்

சார்பதவாளர்
திருமயம்





இந்திய அரசாங்கம்
Unique Identification Authority of India
Government of India

பதிவு அடையாளம் / Enrollment No. 2007/10172025300

10
அழகுராஜ் சுப்பையா
AZHAGURAJ SUBBAYYA
S/O Subbaya
243 D VALAIYANVAYAL
MEALUR POST
Tiruvayanur
Tiruvankottai
Tamil Nadu 622507
9143707157
VIN346052251 T



உங்கள் ஆதார் எண் / Your Aadhaar No.

7821 4785 2573

ஆதார் - சாதாரண மனிதனின் அதிகாரம்



இந்திய அரசாங்கம்
Government of India

அழகுராஜ் சுப்பையா
AZHAGURAJ SUBBAYYA
தந்தை சுப்பையா
Father Subbaya
பிறந்தவரும் / Your Birth Date
ஆண்டில் / Male



7821 4785 2573

ஆதார் - சாதாரண மனிதனின் அதிகாரம்

(Signature)

புத்தகம் 2022ம் ஆண்டின் 2912 ம் ஆவணம்
தாள் 6
தாள் கொண்டு வந்து தான்

சார்பதிவாளர்
திருமயம்



இந்திய அரசாங்கம்

Government of India

அழகு சண்முகம்

Azhazu Sanmugam

தந்தை வெள்ளச்சாமி

Father: VELACHSAAMY

பிறந்தவருடம் / Year of Birth: 1978

பெண்பால் / Female



5216 2086 8979

ஆதார் - சாதாரண மனிதனின் அதிகாரம்



ஆதார்

Unique Identification Authority of India

முகவரி:

W/O சண்முகம், 2/43-A, மேலூர்

அஞ்சல். துலையாளூர்.

புதுக்கோட்டை, தமிழ்நாடு. 622507

Address

W/O Sanmugam, 2/43- A, -

MEALUR POST, Thulaiyanur,

Pudukkottai, Tamil Nadu. 622507

5216 2086 8979



1947
1800 300 1947



help@uidai.gov.in



www.uidai.gov.in

S-a-g-r

1. புத்தகம் 2022ம் ஆண்டின் 2912
1. தாள்களை கொண்டது 7 வது தாள்

சார்பதீவாளர்
தீரும்வகை



சீர்தர அரசு
Government of India

ராம சுப்பையா
Rm Subbiah
பிறந்த நாள்/DOB: 01/01/1964
ஆண்/ MALE
Mobile No. 9443707157

6933 5783 0584
VID:9154235962769485

எனது ஆதார், எனது அடையாளம்



உத்தர பிரதேச அரசு
Unique Identification Authority of India

முகவரி:
S/O ராமன், 2/43 D, வலையன்வயல், மேலூர்
அருள்மேல், துறையனூர், புதுக்கோட்டை
தமிழ்நாடு - 622507

Address
S/O Raman 2/43 D VALAIYANVAYAL MEALUR
POST Thuleyanur Pudukkottai Tamil Nadu -
622507

6933 5783 0584



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பி.ம. சுப்பையா.

1...புத்தகம் 2022ம் ஆண்டின் 2912...ம் ஆவணம்
1...தாங்களை கொண்டது 8...வது தாள்

சார்பதிவாளர்
திருமங்கலம்





சென்னை மாநகராட்சி
சென்னை மாநகராட்சி

சின்னதூரை லெ
Chinnadurai L
பிறந்த நாள்/DOB: 01/01/1945
ஆண்/MALE



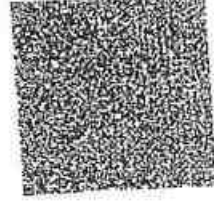
8287 2335 2174
VID: 9109 0268 1687 2943



புதுவையில் உள்ள புதுவையிலுள்ள அமைப்பு
Union Identification Authority of India

சமணன், 3/94, க. புதுவையிலுள்ள,
புதுவையிலுள்ள,
- 622409

hmanan, 3/94, K PUTHUVAYAL,
or I Bit, Pudukkottai,
idu - 622409



287 2335 2174
VID: 9109 0268 1687 2943

947

help@uidai.gov.in

www.uidai.gov.in

எனது ஆதார், எனது அடையாளம்

பெ. சின்னதூரை

1. புத்தகம் 2022ம் ஆண்டின் 29/12ம் ஆவணம்
1. தாள்களை கொண்டது 9வது தாள்

சார்பத்வாளர்
தீருமயம்





2022 ஆம் ஆண்டு ஆகஸ்ட் மாதம் 12ம் தேதி பி.ப. 03:36 மணியளவில் திருமயம் சார்பதிவாளர் அலுவலகத்தில் தாக்கல் செய்து கட்டணம் ₹ 500/- செலுத்தியவர்.

இடது பெருவிரல்



S. அருத்

கூடுதல் விவரங்கள் ஆவண வாசகத்தில் உள்ளபடி

எழுதிக் கொடுத்ததாக ஒப்புக் கொண்டவர்
இடது பெருவிரல்



S. அருத்

"சம்மதத்துடன் கூடிய ஆதார் அங்கீகாரம்" என்ற வழி இந்த நபரின் அடையாளம் விரல் ரேகை மூலம் ஆதார் ஆணையத்துடன் சரிபார்க்கப்பட்டது. ஒப்பீட்டு எண்
UKC:412819431967bc49d546549f817a94a23d60e2
(Details from UIDAI : AZHAGURAJ SUBBAIYAA S/O Suppaya, 23-04-2000, xxxxxxxx2573)



எழுதி வாங்கியதாக ஒப்புக் கொண்டவர்
இடது பெருவிரல்



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UKC:888869bfe2659c07f642498643656cf61cd8e1
(Details from UIDAI : Azhazu Sanmugam W/O Sanmugam, 12-04-1978, xxxxxxxx8979)



2022 ஆம் ஆண்டு ஆகஸ்ட் மாதம் 12ம் நாள்

புத்தகம் 2022ம் ஆண்டின் 2912ம் ஆவணம்
11...தாள்களை கொண்டது 10 வது தாள்

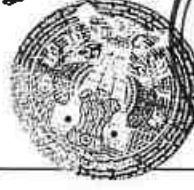
சார்பதிவாளர்
திருமயம்

முக்காயி நாகன்
சார்பதிவாளர்
திருமயம்

R/திருமயம்/புத்தகம்-1/2912/2022 எண்ணாகப் பதிவு செய்யப்பட்டது.

நாள்: 12/08/2022

திருமயம்



1...புத்தகம் 2022ம் ஆண்டின்ம் ஆவணம்
1/.....தாங்களை கொண்டதுவது தாள்

சார்பதிவாளர்
திருமயம்





இந்திய அரசாங்கம்
Government of India

அழகு சண்முகம்
Azhazu Sanmugam
தந்தை : வெள்ளச்சாமி
Father : VELACHSAAMY
பிறந்தவருடம் / Year of Birth : 1978
பெண்பால் / Female



5216 2086 8979

ஆதார் - சாதாரண மனிதனின் அதிகாரம்



Unique Identification Authority of India

முனைவர்:
W/O சண்முகம், 243-A, - மேலூர்
அஞ்சல், துலையானூர்,
புதுக்கோட்டை, தமிழ்நாடு, 622507

Address:
W/O Sanmugam, 243- A, .
MEALUR POST, Thulaiyanur,
Pudukkottai, Tamil Nadu, 622507

5216 2086 8979

1847
1800 300 1947

Help@uidai.gov.in

www.uidai.gov.in

S-2912

1 புத்தகம் 2022ம் ஆண்டின் 2912
1 தாவகளை கொண்டது 7 வது தாள்

சார்பதிவாளர்
திருமயம்





Regional Controller of Mines,
INDIAN BUREAU OF MINES

CERTIFICATE OF RECOGNITION AS QUALIFIED PERSON TO PREPARE MINING PLANS

(Under Rule 22C of Mineral Concession Rules, 1960)

Shri V. Radhakrishnan resident
of *Katheri Village, Valayakaranur Post, Salem District, PIN-638183*
of *D. Venugopal*, having given satisfactory
evidence of his qualifications and experience is hereby granted recognition
under Rule 22C of the Mineral Concession Rules, 1960 as a Qualified
Person to prepare Mining Plans.

His registration number is *RQP / MAS / 119 / 98 / A*

This recognition is valid for a period of two years
ending *20.04.2000*.

Place : Chennai-90.

Date : 21.04.1998

M. K. A. Murali
Regional Controller of Mines
Indian Bureau of Mines
Chennai. 21.4.98

PLATE NO-I

TMT. S. AZHAGU,
W/o. SANMUGAM,
No. 2/43-A, THULAIYANUR,
MELUR POST, THIRUMAYAM TALUK,
PUDUKKOTTAI DISTRICT - 622 507

QUARRY LEASE APPLIED AREA:

S.F.No : 543/3A
EXTENT : 0.61.0 Ha
VILLAGE : THULAIYANUR
TALUK : THIRUMAYAM
DISTRICT : PUDUKKOTTAI

INDEX

Q. L. A. AREA : ●
TOPO SHEET NO: 58 - J / 12
LATITUDE : 10°12'32.75"N to 10°12'35.37"N
LONGITUDE: 78°42'32.49"E to 78°42'36.83"E

LOCATION PLAN

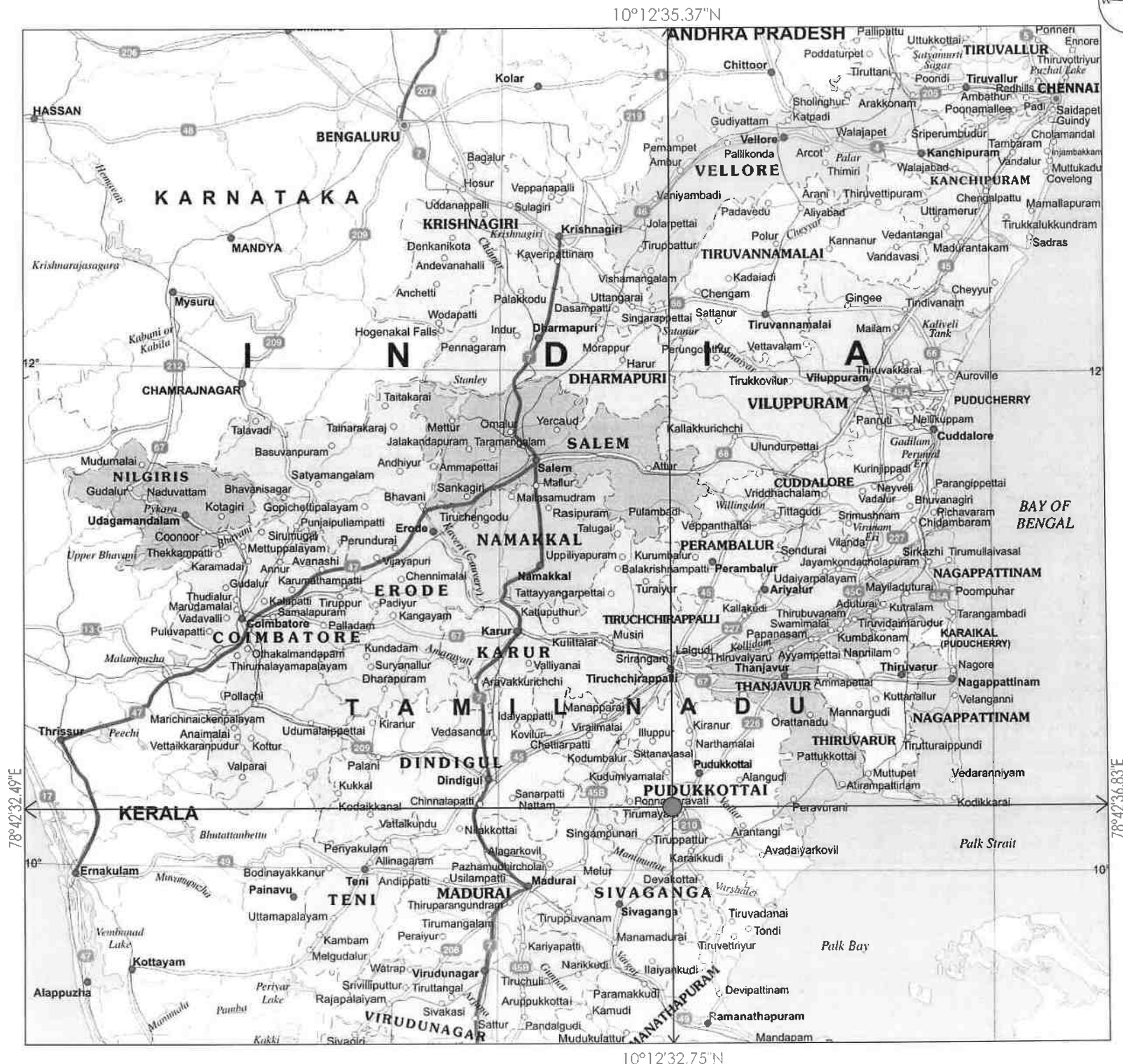
Not To Scale

PREPARED BY:

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HAS BEEN CHECKED BY ME AND IS
CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

[Signature]

V. RADHAKRISHNAN, M.Sc.,
RECOGNISED QUALIFIED PERSON
Reg.No.RQP/MAS/119/98/A



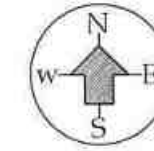


PLATE NO-II

TMT. S. AZHAGU,
W/o. SANMUGAM,
No. 2/43-A, THULAIYANUR,
MELUR POST, THIRUMAYAM TALUK,
PUDUKKOTTAI DISTRICT - 622 507

QUARRY LEASE APPLIED AREAS

S.F.No : 543/3A
EXTENT : 0.61.0 Ha
VILLAGE : THULAIYANUR
TALUK : THIRUMAYAM
DISTRICT : PUDUKKOTTAI

INDEX

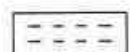
Q.L.APPLIED AREA



NATIONAL HIGHWAYS



APPROACH ROAD



HABITATIONS



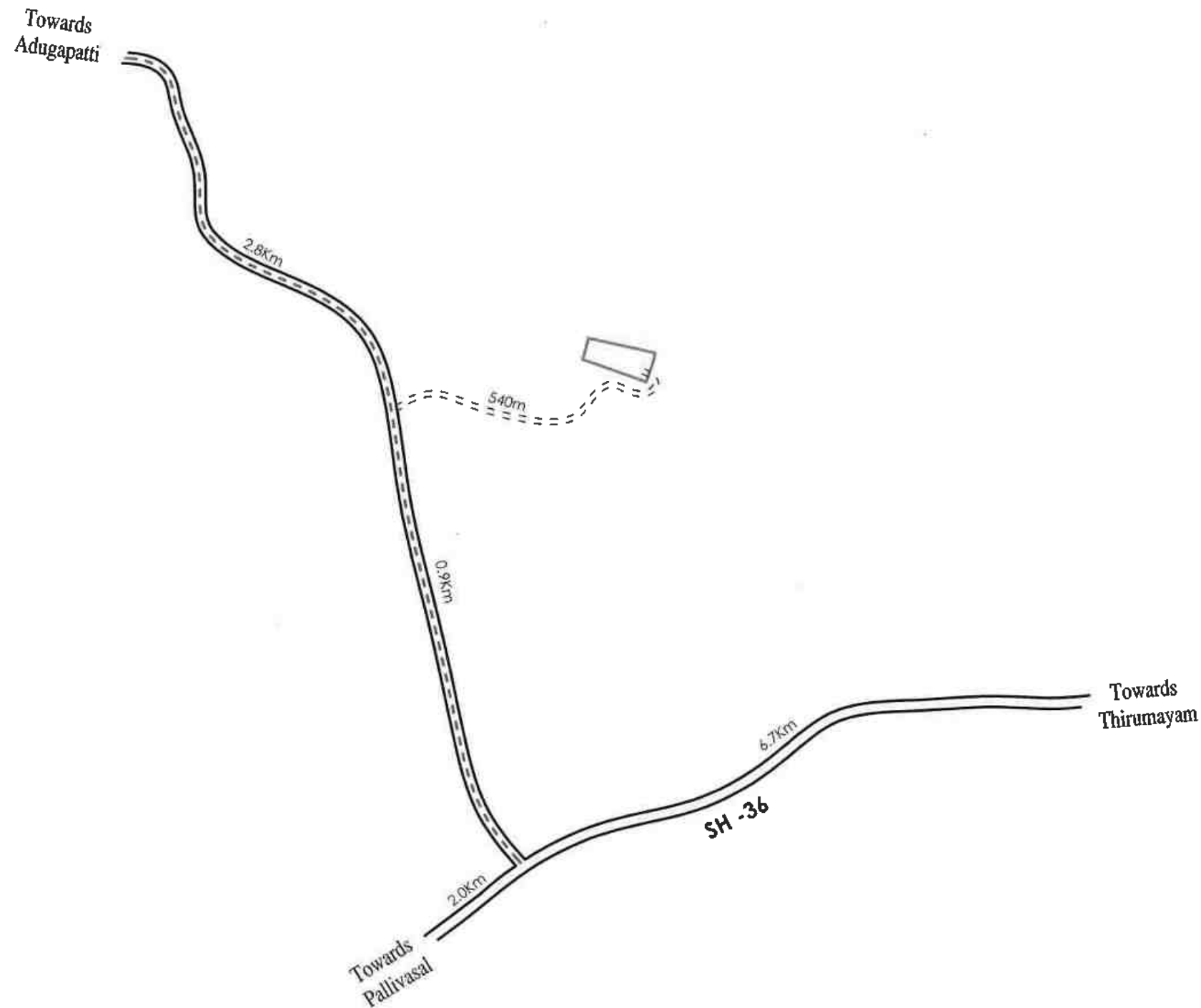
KEY PLAN

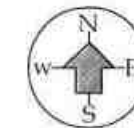
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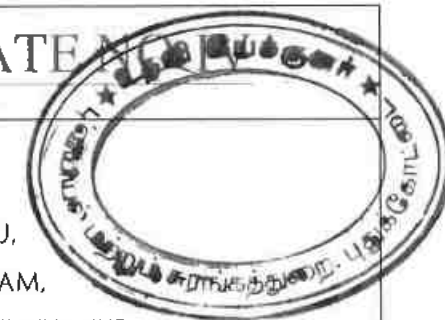
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V. RADHAKRISHNAN, M.Sc.,
RECOGNISED QUALIFIED PERSON
Reg.No.RQP/MAS/119/98/A





PLATE



APPLICANT

TMT. S. AZHAGU,
W/o. SANMUGAM,
No. 2/43-A, THULAIYANUR,
MELUR POST, THIRUMAYAM TALUK,
PUDUKKOTTAI DISTRICT - 622 507

QUARRY LEASE APPLIED AREA

S.F.No : 543/3A
EXTENT : 0.61.0 Ha
VILLAGE : THULAIYANUR
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TOPO SHEET NO : 58 - J / 12
LATITUDE : 10°12'32.75"N to 10°12'35.37"N
LONGITUDE: 78°42'32.49"E to 78°42'36.83"E

Q.LEASE APPLIED AREA

300m RADIUS

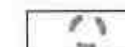
500m RADIUS

1Km RADIUS

APPROACH ROAD

VILLAGE ROAD

NATIONAL HIGHWAYS



SATELLITE IMAGERY

SCALE 1 : 10000

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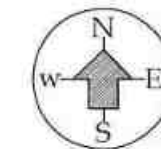


PLATE NO. V

APPLICANT

TMT. S. AZHAGU,
W/o. SANMUGAM,
No. 2/43-A, THULAIYANUR,
MELUR POST, THIRUMAYAM TALUK,
PUDUKKOTTAI DISTRICT - 622 507

QUARRY LEASE APPLIED AREA:

S.F.No : 543/3A
EXTENT : 0.61.0 Ha
VILLAGE : THULAIYANUR
TALUK : THIRUMAYAM
DISTRICT : PUDUKKOTTAI

INDEX

TOPO SHEET NO: 58 - J / 12

LATITUDE : 10°12'32.75"N to 10°12'35.37"N

LONGITUDE: 78°42'32.49"E to 78°42'36.83"E

Q.L.APPLIED AREA

300m RADIUS

500m RADIUS

1Km RADIUS

APPROACH ROAD

VILLAGE ROAD

NATIONAL HIGHWAYS

BARREN LAND

TREES

AGRICULTURAL LAND

QUARRY PIT

HABITATIONS

KANMOI

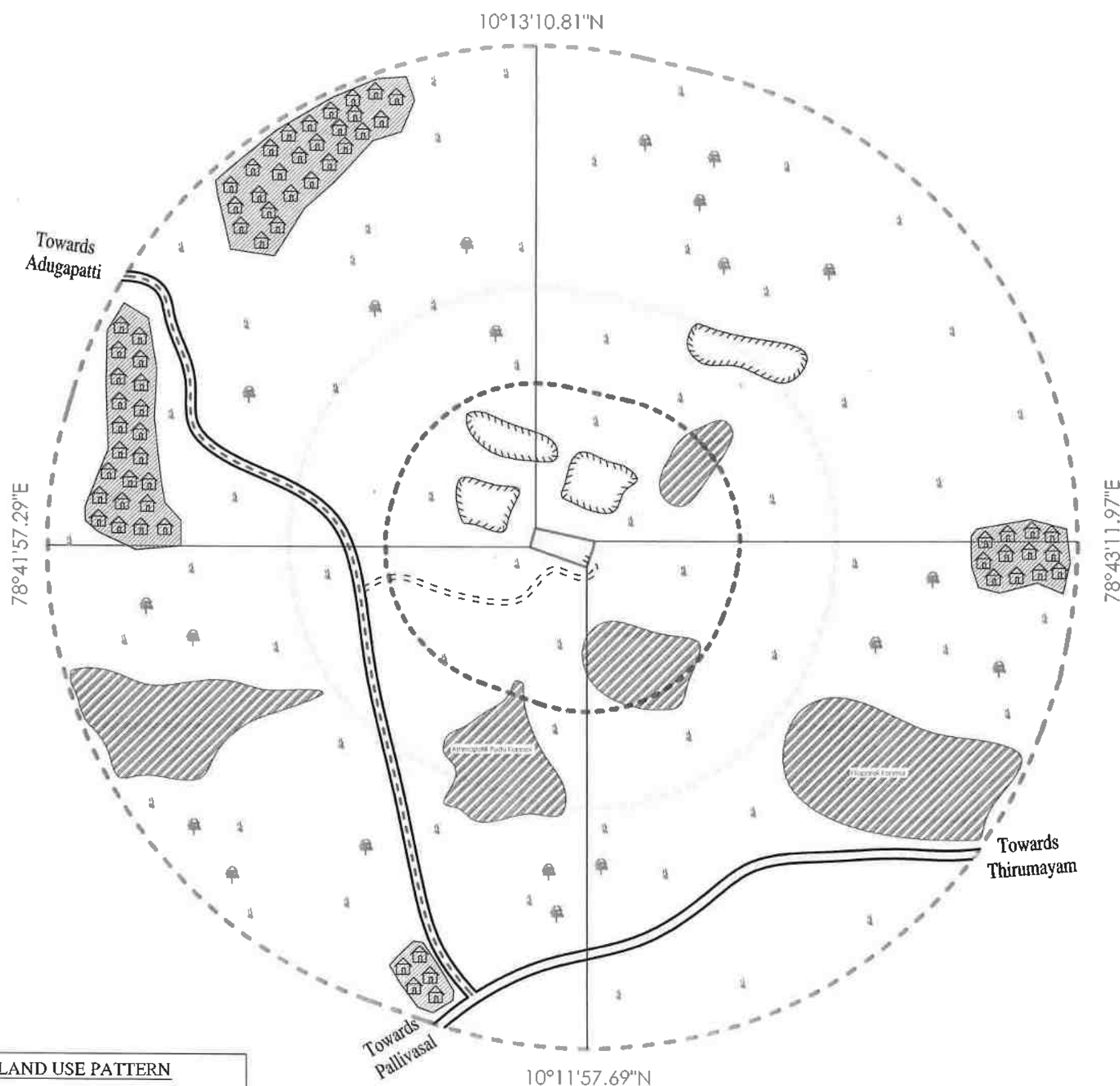
ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN

SCALE 1: 10000

PREPARED BY:

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V.RADHAKRISHNAN,M.Sc.,
RECOGNISED QUALIFIED PERSON
Reg.No.RQP/MAS/119/98/A



LAND USE PATTERN

ROAD	(05%)
TREES	(10%)
SEASONAL AGRICULTURAL LAND	(15%)
BARREN LAND	(45%)
KANMOI	(25%)

Description	Distance in(m)	Direction
1.Approach Road	540m	SW
2.HT Line	---	---
3.Habitation	725m	SW
4.Kanmoi	120m	SE

BOUNDARY CO-ORDINATES		
LABEL	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
1	10° 12' 34.09" N	78° 42' 32.42" E
2	10° 12' 35.37" N	78° 42' 32.79" E
3	10° 12' 34.51" N	78° 42' 36.83" E
4	10° 12' 34.04" N	78° 42' 36.74" E
5	10° 12' 32.75" N	78° 42' 36.28" E
WGS - 84 DATUM		

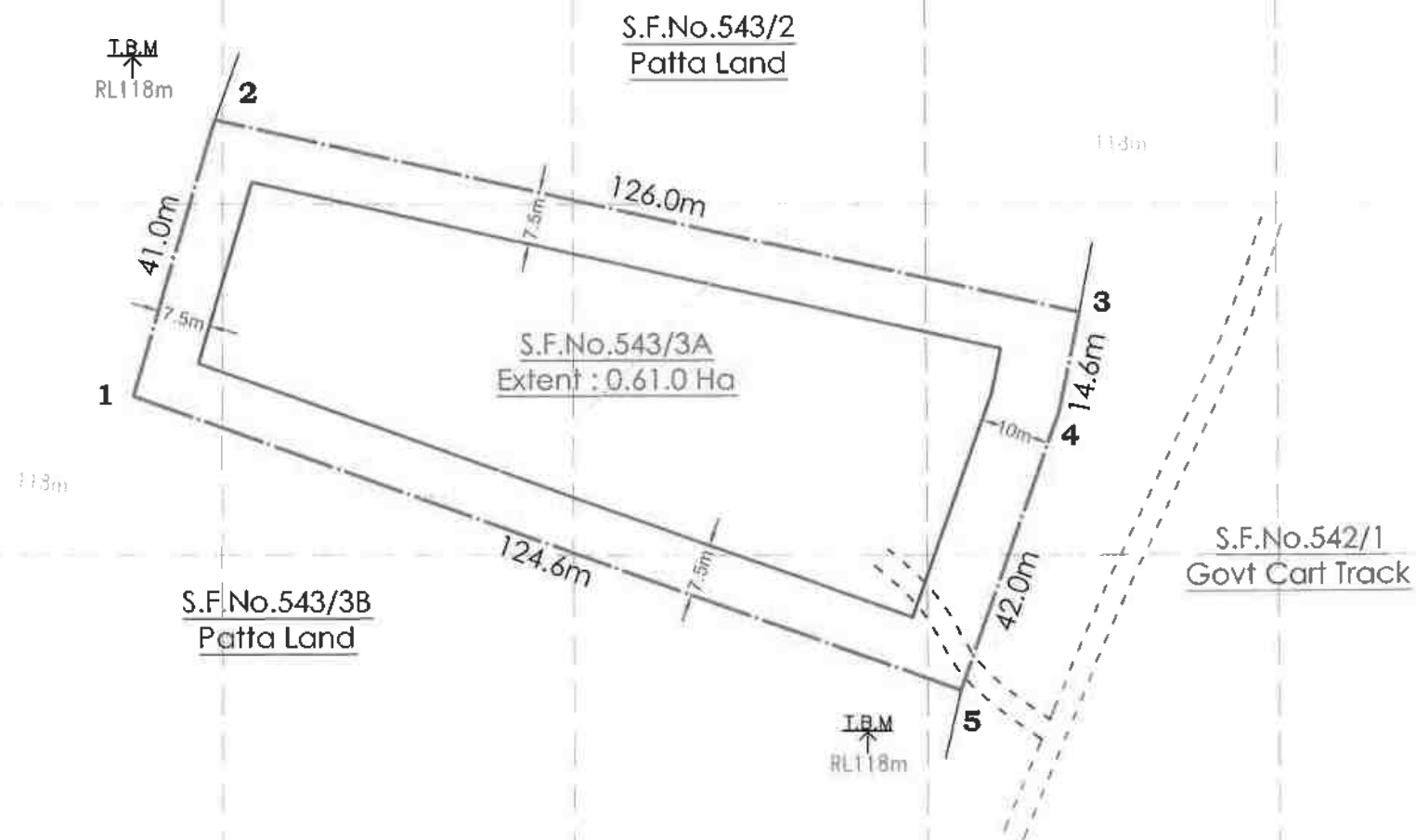
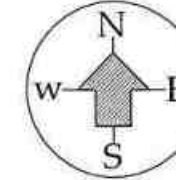
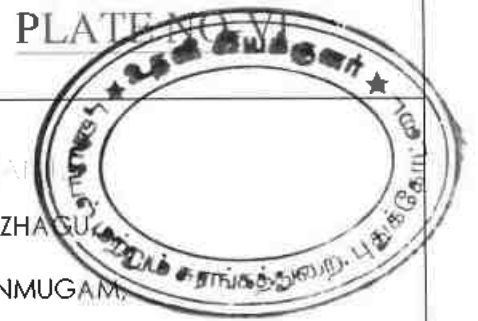


PLATE NO. VI



APPLICANT

TMT. S. AZHAGU
W/o. SANMUGAM,
No. 2/43-A, THULAIYANUR,
MELUR POST, THIRUMAYAM TALUK,
PUDUKKOTTAI DISTRICT - 622 507

QUARRY LEASE APPLIED AREA:

S.F.No : 543/3A
EXTENT : 0.61.0 Ha
VILLAGE : THULAIYANUR
TALUK : THIRUMAYAM
DISTRICT : PUDUKKOTTAI

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Q.L.APPLIED BOUNDARY	
7.5m & 10m SAFETY AREA	
TEMPORARY BENCH MARK	
APPROACH ROAD	
CONTOUR	
GOVT CART TRACK	

QUARRY LEASE & SURFACE PLAN

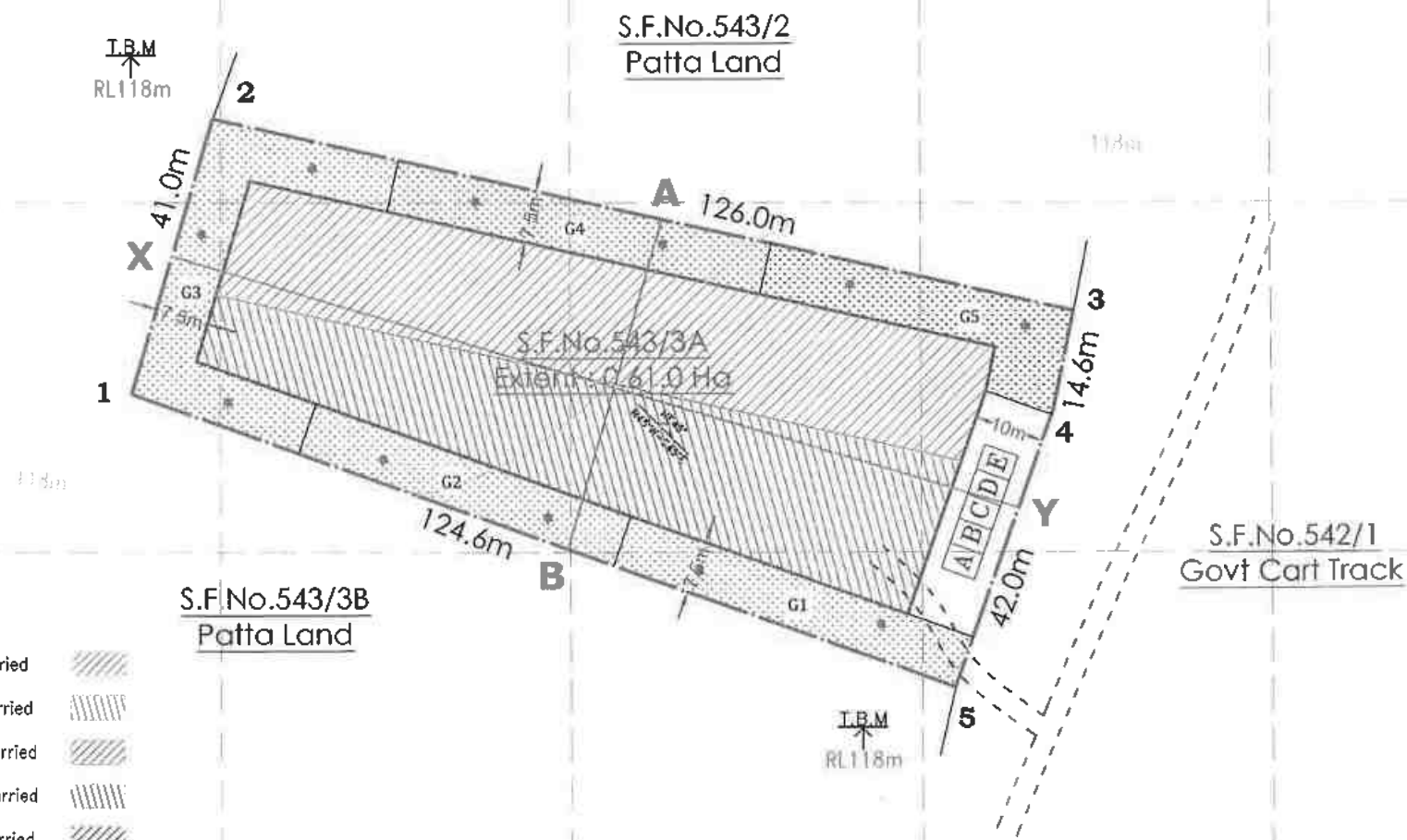
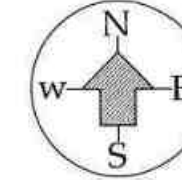
SCALE 1 : 1000

PREPARED BY:

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CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

V. RADHAKRISHNAN, M.Sc.,
RECOGNISED QUALIFIED PERSON
Reg.No.RQP/MAS/119/98/A

BOUNDARY CO-ORDINATES		
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4	10° 12' 34.04" N	78° 42' 36.74" E
5	10° 12' 32.75" N	78° 42' 36.28" E
WGS - 84 DATUM		

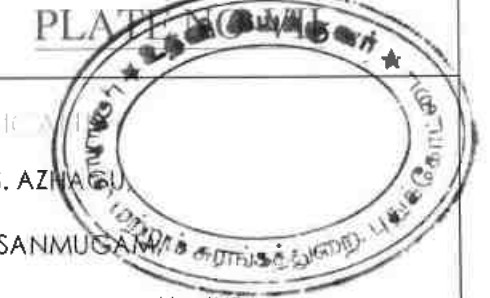


- I year Proposed area to be Quarried
- II year Proposed area to be Quarried
- III year Proposed area to be Quarried
- IV year Proposed area to be Quarried
- V year Proposed area to be Quarried

- I year Proposed area to be Plantation
- II year Proposed area to be Plantation
- III year Proposed area to be Plantation
- IV year Proposed area to be Plantation
- V year Proposed area to be Plantation

SITE SERVICES

- A - OFFICE
- B - STORE ROOM
- C - FIRST AID ROOM
- D - REST SHELTER
- E - TOILET



APPLICANT

TMT. S. AZHAGU

W/o. SANMUGAM

No. 2/43-A, THULAIYANUR,

MELUR POST, THIRUMAYAM TALUK,

PUDUKKOTTAI DISTRICT - 622 507

QUARRY LEASE APPLIED AREA:

S.F.No : 543/3A

EXTENT : 0.61.0 Ha

VILLAGE : THULAIYANUR

TALUK : THIRUMAYAM

DISTRICT : PUDUKKOTTAI

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Q.L.APPLIED BOUNDARY

7.5m & 10m SAFETY AREA

TEMPORARY BENCH MARK

APPROACH ROAD

CONTOUR

GOVT CART TRACK

STRIKE & DIP

ROUGH STONE

GRAVEL

TOPOGRAPHY, GEOLOGICAL,
YEAR WISE DEVELOPMENT &
PRODUCTION PLAN & SECTION
SCALE 1 : 1000

PREPARED BY:

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(Signature)

V. RADHAKRISHNAN, M.Sc.,
RECOGNISED QUALIFIED PERSON
Reg.No. RQP/MAS/119/98/A

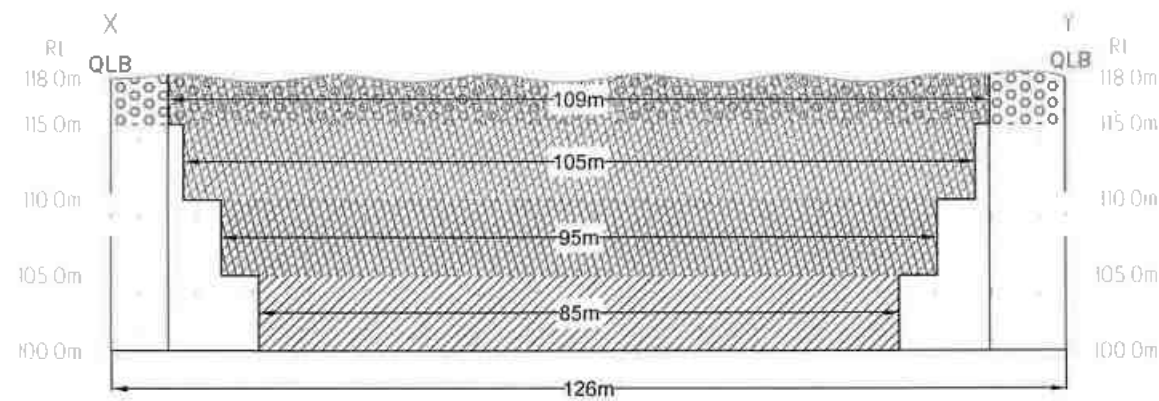
PLATE NO-VII-A

SCALE: SECTION:
HOR-1:1000
VER-1:500

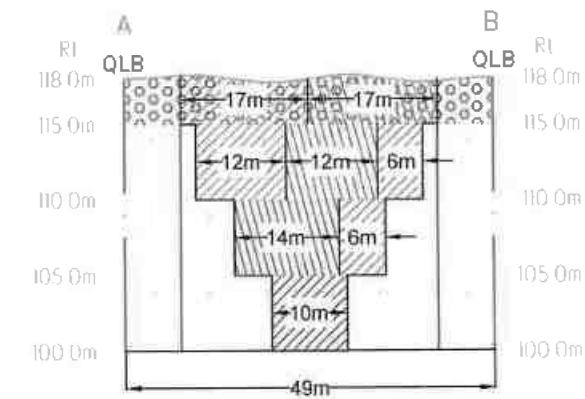
TOPOGRAPHY, GEOLOGICAL, YEAR WISE DEVELOPMENT & PRODUCTION PLAN & SECTION



SECTION ALONG X-Y



SECTION ALONG A-B



- I year Proposed area to be Quarried
- II year Proposed area to be Quarried
- III year Proposed area to be Quarried
- IV year Proposed area to be Quarried
- V year Proposed area to be Quarried

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V. RADHAKRISHNAN, M.Sc.,
RECOGNISED QUALIFIED PERSON
Reg. No. RQP/MAS/119/98/A

PLATE NO-VII-B
RESERVES ESTIMATION



GEOLOGICAL RESOURCES						
Section	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Volume m ³	Geological Resources of Gravel in m ³	Geological Resources of Roughstone in m ³
XY-AB	126	49	3	18522	18522	
	126	49	65	401310		401310
TOTAL					18522	401310

MINEABLE RESERVES							
Section	Bench	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Volume in m ³	Gravel Formation in m ³	Mineable Reserves of Rough stone in m ³
XY-AB	118-115	109	34	3	11118	11118	
	115-110	105	30	5	15750		15750
	110-105	95	20	5	9500		9500
	105-100	85	10	5	4250		4250
GRAND TOTAL						11118	29500

YEARWISE DEVELOPMENT & PRODUCTION RESERVES								
Year	Section	Bench	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Volume in m³	Gravel Formation in m³	Recoverable Reserves of Rough stone in m³
I	XY-AB	118-115	109	17	3	5559	5559	
		115-110	105	12	5	6300		6300
TOTAL							5559	6300
II	XY-AB	118-115	109	17	3	5559	5559	
		115-110	105	12	5	6300		6300
TOTAL							5559	6300
III	XY-AB	115-110	105	6	5	3150		3150
		110-105	95	6	5	2850		2850
TOTAL								6000
IV	XY-AB	110-105	95	14	5	6650		6650
TOTAL								6650
V	XY-AB	105-100	85	10	5	4250		4250
TOTAL								4250
GRAND TOTAL							11118	29500

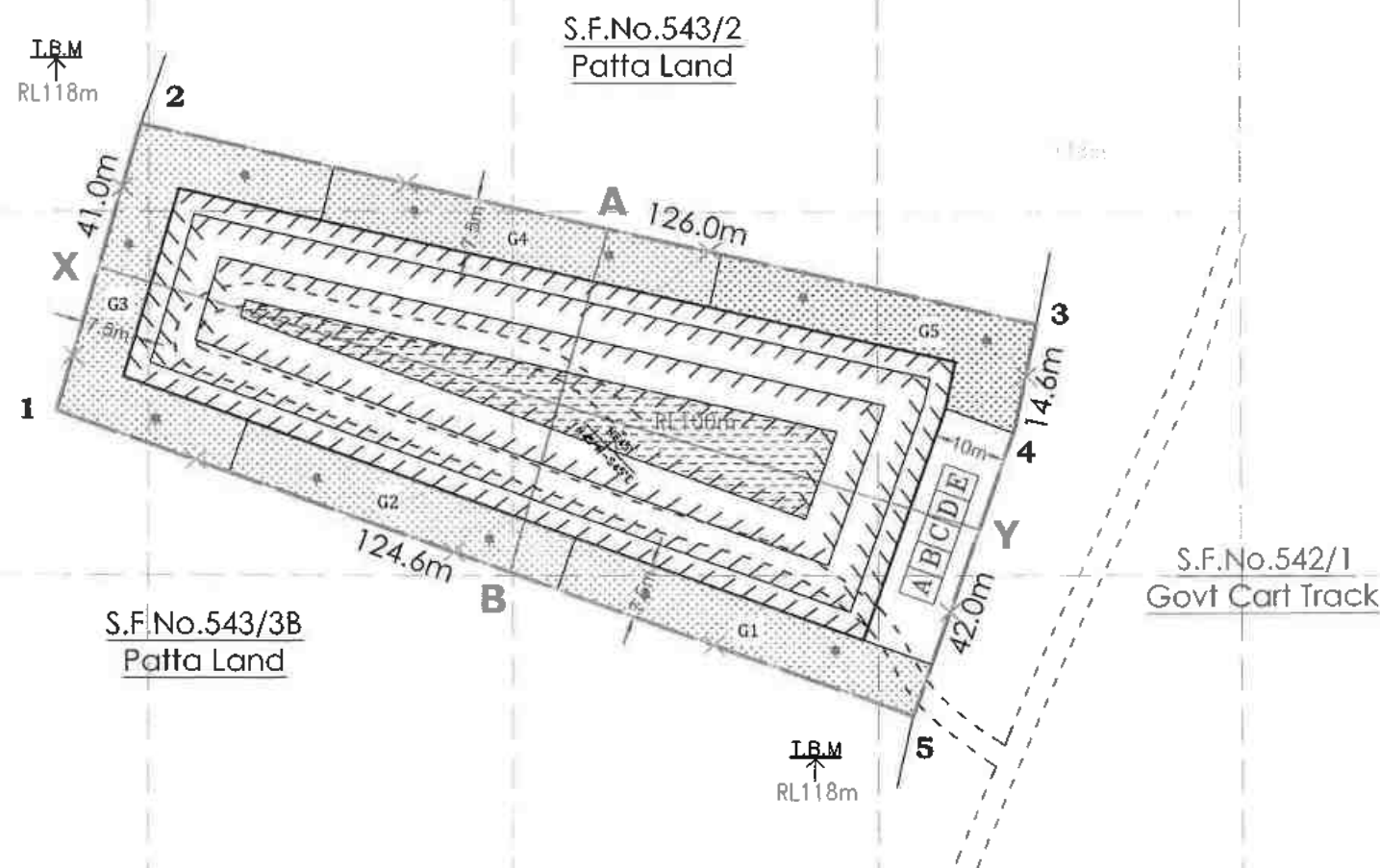
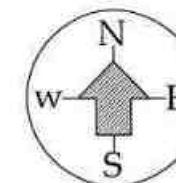
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V. RADHAKRISHNAN, M.Sc.,
RECOGNISED QUALIFIED PERSON
Reg.No. RQP/MAS/119/98/A

BOUNDARY CO-ORDINATES		
LABEL	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
1	10° 12' 34.09" N	78° 42' 32.42" E
2	10° 12' 35.37" N	78° 42' 32.79" E
3	10° 12' 34.51" N	78° 42' 36.83" E
4	10° 12' 34.04" N	78° 42' 36.74" E
5	10° 12' 32.75" N	78° 42' 36.28" E
WGS - 84 DATUM		

GREEN BELT YEAR	LENGTH (M)	WIDTH (M)	TOTAL (Ha)
G1	51.0M	7.5M	0.03.8
G2	48.0M	7.5M	0.03.6
G3	82.0M	7.5M	0.05.8
G4	26.0M	7.5M	0.04.0
G5	28.0M	7.5M	0.03.7
I-V YEAR TOTAL (Ha)			0.20.9



PRESENT & POST LAND USE PATTERN

DESCRIPTION	PRESENT AREA (Ha)	AREA IN USE DURING THE QUARRYING PERIOD (Ha)	COLOR CODE
AREA UNDER QUARRYING	NIL	0.36.0	
INFRASTRUCTURE	NIL	0.02.0	
ROADS	NIL	0.02.0	
GREEN BELT	NIL	0.20.9	
UN-UTILIZED AREA	0.61.0	0.00.1	
GRAND TOTAL	0.61.0	0.61.0	

- I year Proposed area to be Plantation
- II year Proposed area to be Plantation
- III year Proposed area to be Plantation
- IV year Proposed area to be Plantation
- V year Proposed area to be Plantation

SITE SERVICES

- A - OFFICE
- B - STORE ROOM
- C - FIRST AID ROOM
- D - REST SHELTER
- E - TOILET

PLATE NO.VIII

TMT. S. AZHAKI
W/o. SANMUGAM,
No. 2/43-A, THULAIYANUR,
MELUR POST, THIRUMAYAM,
PUDUKKOTTAI DISTRICT - 622 507

QUARRY LEASE APPLIED AREA:

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TEMPORARY BENCH MARK	I.B.M.
APPROACH ROAD	
CONTOUR	
GOVT CART TRACK	
STRIKE & DIP	
ROUGH STONE	
GRAVEL	
S1 FENCING	
WATER STORAGE	
PROPOSED QUARRY AREA	

CONCEPTUAL, AFFORESTATION, MINE CLOSURE PLAN & SECTION Scale 1 : 1000

PREPARED BY:

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HAS BEEN CHECKED BY ME AND IS
CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

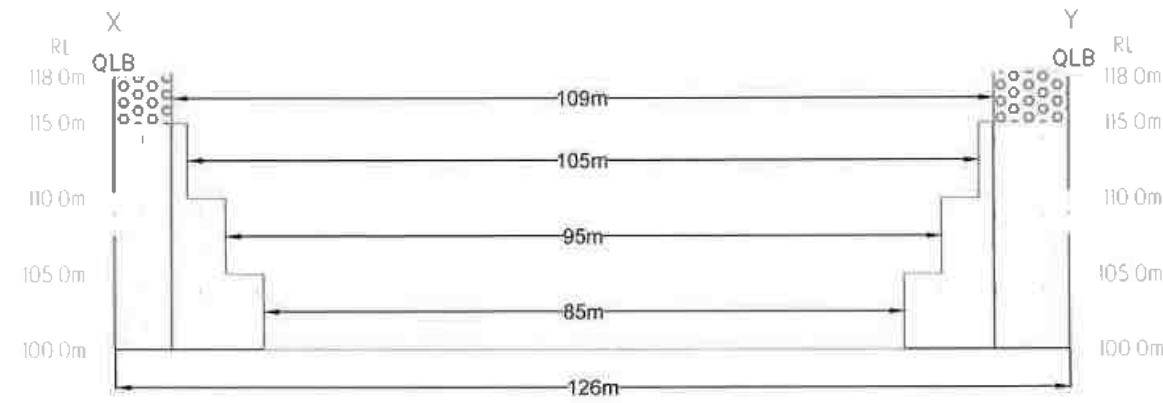
V. RADHAKRISHNAN, M.Sc.,
RECOGNISED QUALIFIED PERSON
Reg.No.RQP/MAS/119/98/A

PLATE NO-VIII-A CONCEPTUAL PLAN & SECTION

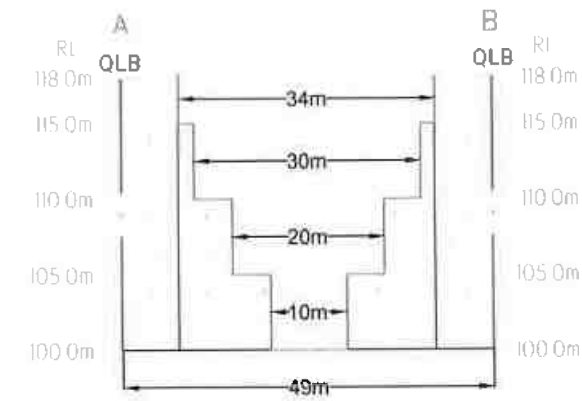
SCALE: SECTION:
HOR-1:1000
VER-1:500



SECTION ALONG X-Y

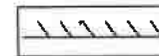


SECTION ALONG A-B



ULTIMATE PIT DIMENSION

L109m X W34 X D18.0m (BGL)



PREPARED BY:

I DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE PLATE
HAS BEEN CHECKED BY ME AND IS
CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE


V. RADHAKRISHNAN, M.Sc.,
RECOGNISED QUALIFIED PERSON
Reg.No. RQP/MAS/119/98/A

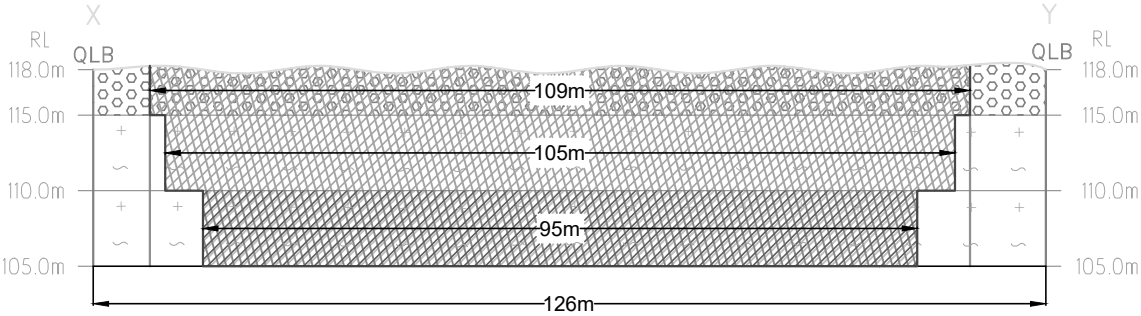
**REVISED PLATE & QUANTITY AS
PER SEAC RECOMMENDATION**

PLATE NO-VII-A

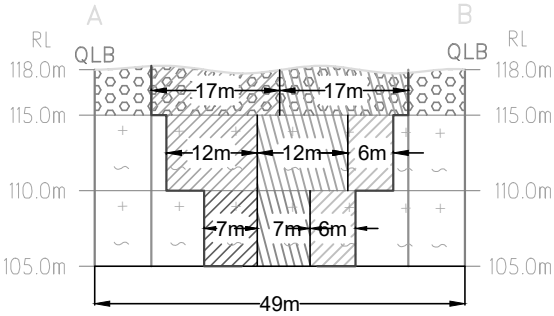
SCALE: SECTION:
HOR-1:1000
VER-1:500

TOPOGRAPHY,GEOLOGICAL, YEAR WISE DEVELOPMENT & PRODUCTION PLAN & SECTION

SECTION ALONG X-Y



SECTION ALONG A-B



- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| I year Proposed area to be Quarried | |
| II year Proposed area to be Quarried | |
| III year Proposed area to be Quarried | |
| IV year Proposed area to be Quarried | |
| V year Proposed area to be Quarried | |

PREPARED BY:

I DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE PLATE
HAS BEEN CHECKED BY ME AND IS
CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

V.RADHAKRISHNAN,M.Sc.,
RECOGNISED QUALIFIED PERSON
Reg.No.RQP/MAS/119/98/A

PLATE NO-VII-B
RESERVES ESTIMATION

GEOLOGICAL RESOURCES						
Section	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Volume m ³	Geological Resources of Gravel in m ³	Geological Resources of Roughstone in m ³
XY-AB	126	49	3	18522	18522	
	126	49	65	401310		401310
TOTAL					18522	401310

MINEABLE RESERVES							
Section	Bench	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Volume in m ³	Gravel Formation in m ³	Mineable Reserves of Rough stone in m ³
XY-AB	118-115	109	34	3	11118	11118	
	115-110	105	30	5	15750		15750
	110-105	95	20	5	9500		9500
GRAND TOTAL						11118	25250

YEARWISE DEVELOPMENT & PRODUCTION RESERVES								
Year	Section	Bench	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Volume in m³	Gravel Formation in m³	Recoverable Reserves of Rough stone in m³
I	XY-AB	118-115	109	17	3	5559	5559	
		115-110	105	12	5	6300		6300
TOTAL							5559	6300
II	XY-AB	118-115	109	17	3	5559	5559	
		115-110	105	12	5	6300		6300
TOTAL							5559	6300
III	XY-AB	115-110	105	6	5	3150		3150
		110-105	95	6	5	2850		2850
TOTAL								6000
IV	XY-AB	110-105	95	7	5	3325		3325
TOTAL								3325
V	XY-AB	110-105	95	7	5	3325		3325
TOTAL								3325
GRAND TOTAL							11118	25250

PREPARED BY:

I DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE PLATE
HAS BEEN CHECKED BY ME AND IS
CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE



V. RADHAKRISHNAN, M.Sc.,
RECOGNISED QUALIFIED PERSON
Reg.No.RQP/MAS/119/98/A

ANNEXURE-VII
VAO CERTIFICATE

Topographical view of Thulaiyanur Rough stone & Gravel Quarry lease area



Applicant: **Tmt. S. Azhagu**, W/o. Sanmugam, residing at No. 2/43-A, Thulaiyanur, Melur Post, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District - 622 507. The Rough stone & Gravel quarry over an extent of 0.61.0 hectares of Consent Patta Land in S.F.No. 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.

1c
S. 12-102
Administrative office
Pudukkottai District
Pudukkottai

S. Azhagu

Signature of the Applicant
(S. Azhagu)

சான்று

புதுச்சேரி மாவட்டம், திருவாய் வட்டம், துணையானூர்
கிராம நிர்வாக அலுவலர் அளிக்கும் சான்று.

புதுச்சேரி மாவட்டம், திருவாய் வட்டம், கதவுஎண் 2/43A
உணவன்வழி துணையானூர் கிராமம் என்ற முகவரியில் வசிக்கும்
திரு. சண்முகம் என்பவரின் மகன் திருமதி சித்தி என்பவர்,
புதுச்சேரி மாவட்டம், திருவாய் வட்டம், துணையானூர் கிராமம்,
சர்வேஎண்: 543/2, பட்டா எண்: 6111
பட்டா நிலத்தில், மொத்தபரப்பு 0.61.0 ஹெக்டர் பரப்பளவில்
வெட்டியெடுக்க குவாரி குத்தகை அனுமதி கோரியுள்ளார்.

மேற்கண்ட குவாரி குத்தகை அனுமதி கோரியுள்ள இடத்தை சுற்றி
சுமார் 300மீட்டர் சுற்றளவில் கிராம நத்த குடியிருப்பு பகுதிகள்,
அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்ட வீட்டு மனைகள், கோயில்கள், புராதான வரலாற்று
சின்னங்கள் மற்றும் மின்மயானங்கள் எதுவும் இல்லை குவாரி அனுமதி
கோரி விண்ணப்பித்துள்ள புலத்திற்கு வண்டிகள் சென்று வரும் கிராம
சாலைகளுக்கு இடையூறுகள் எதுவும் இல்லை, மேலும் பொதுமக்களுக்கோ,
அருகில் உள்ள அரசு புறம்போக்கு மற்றும் பட்டாதாரர்களுக்கோ எந்தவித
இடையூறுகள் இல்லை என தெரிவித்து கொள்கிறேன்.

கிராம நிர்வாக அலுவலர் கையொப்பம்.

கிராம நிர்வாக அலுவலர்
துணையானூர் வட்டம்
கிராமம் கால்கள்

ANNEXURE-VIII BLASTING AGREEMENT



தமிழ்நாடு தமிழ்நாடு TAMIL NADU

88AB 954062

தமிழ்நாடு :
நாள் : 9.12.2020
வாங்குபவர் பெயர் : R. யுனசுத்தீன்
உள்ள : கும்பகோணம்
தொகை : ரூ. 20/-

S. அகிலா
S. அகிலா

முத்தியரத்தாள் விநியோகம்
பதிவு எண்: 6/2011
கடைசித். திருப்பூர்-திருச்செங்கோட்டை மாவட்டம்.

BLASTING WORK CONTRACT AGREEMENT

THE Day Of 7th DECEMBER 2022

R.Bhuvanasundari M/S BHUVANA Explosives, Iluppur having explosive License No: E132294 and Explosives Magazine situated at Udaiyalipatti Village pudukkottai hereinafter referred as Part-1 entered into an Blasting Contract agreement with S.Azhagu, W/O.Sanmugam, residing at No:2/43A Melur post, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai district Having their Mines/Quarry in S.F. No 543/3A over on extent of 0.61.0 hecets. Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai district Hereinafter referred as Party 2 on and both the parties agreed for the following.

R. Bhuvana Sundari

S. Azhagu

- a. Party 2 has to place his order for requirement of explosive to Party -1 and Party -1 has to transport the Explosives as per the Order, from his Explosive Magazine to Mines / Quarry Worksite of the Party-2
- b. Party 2 has to use his explosives and he has to do the Blasting work, in the Mines Quarry with an authorized short firer permit holder which is issued by the Explosive Department, Madras.
- c. Party -2 has to pay for the cost of the Explosives, transport charges and other expenses incidental to blasting to party - 1 as agreed by both the parties 1 and 2.
- d. Party -2 has make his own arrangement to remove all the broken materials at his own cost.
- e. This agreement is valid from the date signing by both Parties till the completion of Blasting Contract work from Party - 2 by giving in writing for clearing the agreement.

Signature

R. Buvana Sundari

X S. S. S. S.

R. Bhuvanasundari,
M/S Buvana Explosives,
Explosives Dealers & Blasting Contractors,
Kulathur Taluk,
Pudukkottai District

Witness

1.

2.

)

)



भारत सरकार | Government of India
वाणिज्य और उद्योग मंत्रालय | Ministry of Commerce & Industry
पेट्रोलियम तथा विस्फोटक सुरक्षा संगठन (पेसो) | Petroleum & Explosives Safety Organisation (PESO)
पूर्व नाम- विस्फोटक विभाग | Formerly- Department of Explosives
A और D - विंग, ब्लॉक 1-8, दूसरा तल, शास्त्री भवन | A & D - Wing, Block 1-8, 1st Floor, Shastri Bhavan
26 हड्डोउस रोड, नंगम्बक्कम चेन्नई | 26 Haddous Road, Nungambakkam Chennai 600006
फोन (Phone):- 28281023 | फैक्स (Fax):- 28284848

संख्या (No.): E/SC/TN/22/764(E132294)

दिनांक (Date): 27/04/2022

ज्ञापन | Memorandum

विषय: Survey No.275/4 UDAIYALIPATTI, ग्राम UDAIYALIPATTI, जिला PUDUKKOTTAI, राज्य Tamil Nadu में मेसर्स M/S BUVANA EXPLOSIVES द्वारा विस्फोटक के मैगजीन में उपयोग के लिए कब्जा हेतु विस्फोटक नियम, 2008 के अंतर्गत LE-3 में जारी अनुज्ञप्ति सं E/SC/TN/22/764(E132294) - अनुज्ञप्ति जारी करने के संदर्भ में।
Subject: Possession for Use of Explosives in a magazine situated at Survey No..275/4 UDAIYALIPATTI, UDAIYALIPATTI, Dist. PUDUKKOTTAI, State. Tamil Nadu of M/S BUVANA EXPLOSIVES Licence No : E/SC/TN/22/764(E132294) granted in Form LE-3 of Explosives Rules, 2008 - Issue of Licence regarding.

मेसर्स M/S BUVANA EXPLOSIVES, 112/2, GURUSAMY NAIDU ST. ILUPPUR POST, PUDUKKOTTAI, Dist. PUDUKKOTTAI, State. Tamil Nadu को दिनांक 31 मार्च 2022 को समाप्त समाप्तप्रायी के लिए जारी Survey No..275/4 UDAIYALIPATTI, UDAIYALIPATTI, PUDUKKOTTAI, Tamil Nadu स्थित मैगजीन में विस्फोटक के उपयोग हेतु कब्जा के लिए जारी अनुज्ञप्ति संख्या E/SC/TN/22/764(E132294) की दो प्रतियां इस कार्यालय को प्रेषित की जा रही हैं। अनुरोध है कि यदि वे इस बात से सतुह हैं कि अनुज्ञप्ति में दी गई सभी शर्तों का अनुपालन हुआ है, जैसा कि विस्फोटक नियम, 2008 के नियम 107(3) के अंतर्गत आवश्यक है, तो अनुज्ञप्ति की मूल प्रति पृष्ठांकित करें और जिला राजस्व अधिकारी, District Magistrate, PUDUKKOTTAI, Tamil Nadu को सूचित करते हुए अनुज्ञप्ति संबंधी अनुज्ञप्तिधारी को अग्रस्थित करें और अनुज्ञप्ति की एक प्रति कार्यालय रिकार्ड हेतु रखें। तथापि, यदि वे अनुज्ञप्ति पृष्ठांकित नहीं करने का निर्णय लेते हैं तो तुरंत कारण बताते हुए अनुज्ञप्ति की तीन महीनों के भीतर इस कार्यालय को लौटा दें।

Two copies of Licence No.: E/SC/TN/22/764(E132294) granted to M/S BUVANA EXPLOSIVES, 112/2, GURUSAMY NAIDU ST. ILUPPUR POST, PUDUKKOTTAI, Dist. PUDUKKOTTAI, State. Tamil Nadu for the period ending 31st March 2022 to Possess for Use Explosives from their magazine situated at Survey No.:275/4 UDAIYALIPATTI, UDAIYALIPATTI, PUDUKKOTTAI, Tamil Nadu are forwarded herewith to this office with the request that if he is satisfied that all the conditions prescribed in the licence have been complied with, the original copy of the same may be endorsed as required under rule 107(3) of the Explosives Rules, 2008 and forwarded to the licensee directly with an intimation to this District Magistrate, PUDUKKOTTAI, Tamil Nadu and this office, retaining the other copy of the licence for his office record. However, if he decides not to endorse the licence, he should immediately return the same to this office together with a statement of his reasons for not endorsing the licence, not later than three months.

(डा.टी.एल.थानुलिंगम | Dr. T. L. THANULINGAM)

उप मुख्य विस्फोटक नियंत्रक | Deputy Chief Controller of Explosives
कृते संयुक्त मुख्य विस्फोटक नियंत्रक | For Joint Chief Controller of Explosives
South Circle, Chennai

सेवा में: To,

इस कार्यालय

this office

प्रतिलिपि प्रेषित | Copy Forwarded to

- M/S BUVANA EXPLOSIVES, 112/2, GURUSAMY NAIDU ST. ILUPPUR POST, PUDUKKOTTAI - 622102, Dist. PUDUKKOTTAI, State. Tamil Nadu उनके दिनांक 25/04/2022 के आवेदन के संदर्भ में। With reference to their application dated 25/04/2022, जब तक संगठन के अधिकारी द्वारा मैगजीन का निरीक्षण तथा विस्फोटक नियम, 2008 के नियम 107(3) के अंतर्गत अनुज्ञप्ति विधिवत पृष्ठांकित नहीं हो जाती, मैगजीन उपयोग में नहीं लक्ष्य जाए। अनुज्ञप्ति के आगामी नवीकरण हेतु कृपया निम्नलिखित दस्तावेज दिनांक 31/03/2022 से पहले इस कार्यालय को भेजे जाए।
 - प्रारूप आरई-1 में विधिवत पूर्ण एवं हस्ताक्षरित आवेदन।
 - एक से पांच वर्ष के अनुज्ञप्ति शुल्कों का, विस्फोटक नियम, 2008 के तहत ऑनलाइन आवेदन पोर्टल पर उपलब्ध ई-भुगतान सुविधा के माध्यम से लाइसेंस शुल्क ऑनलाइन जमा किया जाना है।
 - LE-3 में मूल अनुज्ञप्ति।
 - कृपया इस संबंध में विस्फोटक नियम, 2008 के नियम 112 का भी संदर्भ ग्रहण करें।

The magazine shall not be taken into use unless inspected by an officer of this organisation and licence duly endorsed under Rule 107(3) of Explosives Rules 2008. For further renewal of licence, please submit the following documents so as to reach this office on or before 31/03/2022.

 - Application in Form RE-1 duly filled in and signed.
 - Licensee fees renewable for one to five years, to be submitted online through e-payment facility available on online application portal under the Explosives Rules 2008
 - Original licence in Form LE-3.
 - In this connection, please also refer to Rule 112 of Explosives Rules 2008.
- District Magistrate, PUDUKKOTTAI, Tamil Nadu with reference to his Noc No: R.DIS27440/2021/CS Dated: 30/11/2021 अनुमोदित प्लान तथा अन्य दस्तावेजों के साथ अनुज्ञप्ति की एक प्रति आपके कार्यालय रिकार्ड हेतु भेजी जा रही है।
A copy of licence along with approved plan and other enclosures are forwarded for his office record.
अनुरोध है कि विस्फोटक नियम, 2008 के नियम 21(2) के प्रावधानों के अनुसार कारखाना / मैगजीन साइट में तैनात सुरक्षा गार्ड / व्यवस्था का आकलन किया जाए।
He is requested to assess the security guards/arrangements provided at the factory/magazine site as required under Rule 21(2) of Explosives Rules, 2008
- Superintendent of Police, PUDUKKOTTAI, Tamil Nadu अनुमोदित प्लान तथा अन्य दस्तावेजों के साथ अनुज्ञप्ति की एक प्रति आपके कार्यालय रिकार्ड हेतु भेजी जा रही है।
A copy of licence along with approved plan and other enclosures are forwarded for his office record.

कृते संयुक्त मुख्य विस्फोटक नियंत्रक | For Joint Chief Controller of Explosives
South Circle, Chennai

(अधिक जानकारी जैसे आवेदन की स्थिति, शुल्क आदि के लिए हमारी वेबसाइट <http://peso.gov.in> देखें।)
(For more information regarding status, fees and other details please visit our website <http://peso.gov.in>)

Note :- This is system generated document does not require physical signature. Applicant may take printout for their records.

Digitally signed by Dr T L Thanulingam
Reason: Licence No. : E/SC/TN/22/764
Location: Chennai [E132294]
Date: 2022.04.27 11:15:01 +05:30

अनुज्ञप्ति प्रारूप एल. ई.-3 | LICENCE FORM LE-3

(विस्फोटक नियम, 2008 की अनुसूची 4 के भाग 1 के अनुच्छेद 3(क) से (घ) देखिए।)
(See article 3(a) to (d) of Part 1 of Schedule IV of Explosives Rules, 2008)

(ग) उपयोग के लिए एक समय पर वर्ग 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 या वर्ग 7 के विस्फोटक या किसी मैगजीन में वर्ग 6 के विस्फोटक रखने के लिए अनुज्ञप्ति
Licence to possess: (c) for use, explosives of class 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7 in a magazine

अनुज्ञप्ति सं. (Licence No.): E/SC/TN/22/764(E132294)

वार्षिक फीस रुपए (Annual Fee Rs): 16400/-

1. Licence is hereby granted to

M/S BUVA NA EXPLOSIVES (अधिभोगी / Occupier : R. BUVANASUNDARI), 112/2, GURUSAMY NAIDU ST. ILUPPER POST,
Town/Village - PUDUKKOTTAI, District-PUDUKKOTTAI, State-Tamil Nadu, Pincode - 622102



को अनुज्ञप्ति अनुदत्त की जाती है।

2. अनुज्ञप्तिधारी की प्रारिप्ति | Status of licensee : Proprietorship Firm

3. अनुज्ञप्ति निम्नलिखित प्रयोजनों के लिए विधिमानी है।
Licence is valid only for the following purpose.

possess for use of Nitrate mixture - Slurry and Emulsion Explosives, Detonators, Detonating Fuse, Safety Fuse, - के उपयोग के लिए

4. अनुज्ञप्ति विस्फोटकों के निम्नलिखित किस्मों, प्रकार और मात्रा के लिए विधिमानी है।
Licence is valid for the following kinds and quantity of explosives: -- (क) (a)

क्र. सं.	नाम और विवरण	वर्ग और प्रभाग	उप-प्रभाग	मात्रा किसी एक समय में
Sr. No.	Name and Description	Class & Division	Sub-division	Quantity at any one time
1	Nitrate mixture - Slurry and Emulsion Explosives	2, 0	0	10000 Kg
2	Detonators	6, 3	0	44000 Nos.
3	Detonating Fuse	6, 2	0	10000 Mts
4	Safety Fuse	6, 1	0	10000 Mts

(ख) किसी एक कलेंडर मास में खरीदे जाने वाले विस्फोटक की मात्रा (अनुच्छेद 3(ख) और (ग) के अधीन अनुज्ञप्ति के लिए।
(b) Quantity of explosives to be purchased in a calendar month (applicable for licence under article 3(b) and (c))

3 times
as above.

5. निम्नलिखित रेखाचित्र (रेखाचित्रों) से अनुज्ञप्त परिसर की पुष्टि होती है।
The licensed premises shall conform to the following drawing(s):

रेखाचित्र क्र. (Drawing No.) E/SC/TN/22/764(E132294)
दिनांक (Dated) 27/04/2022

6. अनुज्ञप्ति परिसर निम्नलिखित पते पर स्थित हैं। The licensed premises are situated at following address:
Survey No. 275/4 UDAIYALIPATTI, ग्राम (Town/Village) : UDAIYALIPATTI

जिला (District) PUDUKKOTTAI पुलिस थाना (Police Station) : UDAIYALIPATTI
दूरभाष (Phone) 09803301114 राज्य (State) Tamil Nadu पिनकोड (Pincode) 622502
ई. मेल (E-Mail) guru.rajamannar@gmail.com फैक्स (Fax)

7. अनुज्ञप्ति परिसर में निम्नलिखित सुविधाएं अंतर्भूत हैं।
The licensed premises consist of following facilities:

a main magazine room, a detonator annexe and a lobby

8. अनुज्ञप्ति समय - समय पर पंचासशोधित विस्फोटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उनके अधीन विरचित विस्फोटक नियम, 2008 के उपबंधों, शर्तों और अतिरिक्त शर्तों और निम्नलिखित उपाबंधों के अधीन रहते हुए अनुदत्त की जाती है।
The licence is granted subject to the provision of Explosives Act 1884 as amended from time to time and the Explosives Rules, 2008 framed there under and the conditions, additional conditions and the following Annexures.

1. उपर्युक्त क्रम सं. 5 में यथा कथित रेखाचित्र (स्थान, सन्निकर्षण संबंधी और अन्य विवरण दर्शित करते हुए)।
Drawings (showing site, constructional and other details) as stated in serial No. 5 above

2. अनुज्ञप्ति प्राधिकारी द्वारा हस्ताक्षरित इस अनुज्ञप्ति की शर्तों और अतिरिक्त शर्तों।
Conditions and Additional Conditions of this licence signed by the licensing authority

3. दूरी प्रारूप DE-2 | Distance Form DE-2

9. यह अनुज्ञप्ति तारीख 31 मार्च 2027 तक विधिमानी रहेगी। This licence shall remain valid till 31st day of March 2027.

यह अनुज्ञप्ति, अधिनियम या उसके अधीन विरचित नियमों या अनुसूची V के भाग 4 के प्रति निर्दिष्ट सेट-VII के अधीन तथा उपबर्णित इस अनुज्ञप्ति की शर्तों का अधिकरण करने या यदि अनुज्ञप्त परिसर योजना या उससे संलग्न उपबंध में दर्शित विवरण के अनुरूप नहीं पाए जाने पर निलंबित या प्रतिसंकेत की जा सकती है, जहां वह लागू हो।
This licence is liable to be suspended or revoked for any violation of the Act or Rules framed there under or the conditions of this licence as set forth under Set VIII, wherever applicable, referred to in Part 4 of Schedule V or if the licensed premises are not found conforming to the description shown in the plans and Annexure attached hereto.

तारीख | The Date - 27/04/2022

संयुक्त मुख्य विस्फोटक नियंत्रक | Joint Chief Controller of Explosives
South Circle, Chennai

नवीनीकरण के पृष्ठानक के लिए स्थान
Space for Endorsement of Renewal

नवीकरण की तारीख
Date of Renewal

समाप्ति की तारीख
Date of Expiry

अनुज्ञापन प्राधिकारी के हस्ताक्षर और स्टाम्प
Signature of licensing authority and stamp

कानूनी चेतावनी : विस्फोटकों को गलत ढंग से चलाते या उनका दुरुपयोग विधि के अधीन गंभीर दंडित अपराध होगा।
Statutory Warning : Mishandling and misuse of explosives shall constitute serious criminal offence under the law.

Note :- This is system generated document does not require physical signature. Applicant may take printout for their records.

(सेट VIII) [Set VIII]

मैगजीन में वर्ग 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, और 7 के विस्फोटकों को विक्री या प्रयोग हेतु रखने के लिए प्ररूप एल.ई. 3 (अनुच्छेद 3 (ख) से (ग)) में मुख्य विस्फोटक नियंत्रक या विस्फोटक नियंत्रक द्वारा प्रदान किए जाने वाले अनुज्ञप्ति सं. E/SC/TN/22/764(E132294) की शर्तें निम्नलिखित हैं।
The following are the conditions of licence number E/SC/TN/22/764(E132294) to possess for sale or use, explosives of Class 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 in a magazine in Form LE-3 (articles 3(b) to (c)) granted by Chief controller of Explosives or Controller of Explosives.

- परिसर में किसी भी समय विस्फोटकों की मात्रा अनुज्ञापन योग्य सामर्थ्य से अधिक नहीं होगी।
The quantity of explosives on the premises at any one time shall not exceed the licensable capacity.
- विस्फोटकों के भंडारण के लिए प्रयुक्त होने वाली मैगजीन अनुसूची III और अनुज्ञप्ति के उपाबंध में विनिर्दिष्ट सुरक्षा दूरी बनाए रखना होगा।
The magazine used for storage of explosives shall maintain safety distance specified in Schedule III and annexure to the licence.
- मैगजीन का प्रयोग उन सभी विस्फोटकों के, जो इस अनुज्ञप्ति में विनिर्दिष्ट हैं, रखे जाने के लिए और ऐसे रखे जाने से संबद्ध आधार या औजार या उपकरणों के रखे जाने के लिए ही किया जाएगा, अन्यथा नहीं।
The magazine shall be used only for keeping all explosives specified in this licence and of receptacles for, or tools or implements for work connected with the keeping of such explosives.
- पैकजों की खोलने का कार्य और विस्फोटकों को तोलने तथा पैक करने का कार्य मैगजीन में नहीं किया जाएगा।
The opening of packages and the weighing and packing of explosives shall not be carried on in the magazine.
- दो या दो से अधिक वर्णन के विस्फोटकों को, जिन्हें मैगजीन में रखे जाने की अनुज्ञा दी जा सकती है, मैगजीन में तभी रखे जाएंगे जब उनमें से प्रत्येक को, ऐसे पदार्थ या स्वरूप का कोई मध्यवर्ती विभाजक लगाकर या उनके बीच ऐसा मध्यवर्ती स्थान छोड़कर, परस्पर पृथक् कर दिया जाए कि किसी वजह से विस्फोटक में लगने वाली आग या होने वाला विस्फोट किसी अन्य वर्णन के विस्फोटक तक न पहुंच सके - परंतु -
(घ) 2 (नाइट्रेट मिश्रण), वर्ग 3 (नाइट्रो योगिक) के विभिन्न विस्फोटक, वर्ग 6 प्रथम प्रभाग के अंतर्गत आने वाले सुरक्षा पत्ती और वर्ग 6 प्रभाग 2 के अंतर्गत आनेवाले विस्फोटक प्रेरक पत्ती, जिनमें कोई खुला लोहा या इस्पात नहीं है, एक दूसरे के साथ बिना किसी मध्यवर्ती विभाजक या रक्षण के रखे जा सकते हैं।
(ङ) वर्ग 6 प्रभाग 3 के अंतर्गत आनेवाले विस्फोटक प्रेरक अलग रखे जाएंगे।
(च) वर्ग 1 के अंतर्गत आने वाले बारूद को अलग रखा जाएगा।
Two or more description of explosives which may be permitted to be kept in the magazine shall be kept only if they are separated from each other by an intervening partition of such substance or character, or by such intervening space, as will effectually prevent explosion or fire in the one communicating with the other; Provided that—
(d) the various explosives of Class 2 (nitrate-mixture), Class 3 (nitro-compound), safety fuses belonging to Class 6 Division 1 and detonating fuses belonging to Class 6 Division 2 as do not contain any exposed iron or steel, may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space.
(e) Detonators belonging to Class 6 Division 3 shall be kept separately.
(f) Gun powder belonging to Class 1 shall be kept separately.
- वर्ग 3 (नाइट्रो योगिक) के विस्फोटकों को, उनके विनिर्माण की तारीख से एक वर्ष बीत जाने के पश्चात सिवाय अनुज्ञापन प्राधिकारी की विशेष मंजूरी के मैगजीन में नहीं रखा जाएगा।
Explosives of Class 3 (nitro compound) shall not be kept in the magazine after the expiration of one year from the date of their manufacture except with the special sanction of licensing authority.
- वर्ग 3 (नाइट्रो योगिक) के विस्फोटकों को, उनके विनिर्माण की तारीख से एक वर्ष बीत जाने के पश्चात मैगजीन में तभी रखा जाएगा जब कि किसी विस्फोटक नियंत्रक ने इसके लिए विशेष मंजूरी दे दी हो।
(i) जब ऐसी मंजूरी दे दी गई हो तो प्रत्येक निरीक्षण पर किसी विस्फोटक नियंत्रक से ऐसा लिखित प्रमाणपत्र अधिप्राप्त कर लिया जाए जिसमें दी गई मंजूरी के अंतर्गत आनेवाली अवधि दर्शित की गई हो और ऐसे प्रमाणपत्र के अनुज्ञप्तिधारी अपने पास रखेगा और मांग की जाने पर प्रस्तुत करेगा।
(ii) जब कोई विस्फोटक मानक शुद्धता का न रह जाने के कारण या द्रवणीकरण या नाइट्रो मीअसरीन या द्रव नाइट्रो योगिक के निकल जाने के विरुद्ध होने के कारण मैगजीन में भण्डारित किए जाने के उपयुक्त नहीं रह जाता है तो अनुज्ञप्तिधारी अपने ही व्यय पर ऐसे विस्फोटक के निपटारे के लिए ऐसे निदेशों का अनुपालन करेगा जो मुख्य नियंत्रक या विस्फोटक नियंत्रक जारी करें।
Explosives of Class 3 (nitro compound) shall not be kept in the magazine after the expiration of one year from the date of their manufacture except with the special sanction of the Controller of Explosives.
(i) When such sanction has been given, a written certificate showing the period covered by the sanction shall be obtained from the Controller of Explosives at each inspection, and shall be kept by the licensee and produced on demand.
(ii) When an explosive owing to its being no longer of standard purity or owing to signs of liquefaction or of exuded nitro-glycerin or liquid nitro-glycerin or liquid nitrocompound is no longer fit for storage in the magazine or store house the licensee shall comply, at his own expense, with such directions as to its disposal as the Chief Controller or Controller of Explosives may issue.
- मैगजीन के भीतरी भाग या उसमें लगी बेंचें, शेल्फें और उसकी फिटिंग का इस प्रकार सन्निर्माण किया जाएगा या उन्हें इस प्रकार अंतरित या अवतरित किया जाएगा कि विस्फोटक का किसी लोहे या इस्पात के साथ संपर्क होना संभव न हो। भीतरी भाग में लगी बेंचें, शेल्फें और फिटिंग यथासाध्य श्रित से मुक्त एवं साफ रखे जाएंगे तथा ऐसे विस्फोटक, जो जल से खतरनाक रूप में प्रभावित हो सकते हैं, इस बाबत सम्यक सावधानी बरती जाएगी कि वहां कोई जल मौजूद न रहे - परंतु किसी लोहे या इस्पात के खुले होने के विरुद्ध सावधानी से संबंधित इस शर्त का वह भाग ऐसे किसी भवन में बाधक नहीं होगा जिसमें वर्ग 6 (गोला बारूद) के प्रथम के विस्फोटक से भिन्न कोई विस्फोटक रखा गया है।
The interior of the magazine and the benches, shelves and fittings therein shall be so constructed or so lined or covered as to prevent the exposure of any iron or steel contact with the explosives. Such interior, benches, shelves and fittings shall so far as is reasonably practicable, be kept free from grit and shall otherwise be clean; and in the case of any explosives liable to be dangerously affected by water, due precautions shall be taken to exclude water there from.
Provided that so much of this condition as relates to precautions against the exposure of any iron or steel shall not be obligatory in a building in which no explosive other than explosive of the 1st Division 6th (Ammunition) Class is kept.
- यदि तडित चालक का परीक्षण विस्फोटक नियंत्रक करता है तो अनुज्ञप्तिधारी ऐसे परीक्षण के लिए विहित फीस का संचाय करेगा यदि परीक्षण असमाधानकारी साबित होता है तो तत्तनी ही फीस अनुज्ञप्तिधारी द्वारा पेशावर्ती प्रत्येक परीक्षण के लिए तब तक दी जाती रहेगी जब तक कि परीक्षण अधिकारी तडित चालक को समाधानप्रद घोषित नहीं कर देता परंतु किसी एक परीक्षण के लिए देय फीस किसी एक दिन के दौरान किसी चालक के लिए गए सभी परीक्षणों के लिए प्रभार्य होगा।
परंतु यह और कि यदि दो या अधिक तडित चालक एक ही मैगजीन से संबद्ध हैं तो ऐसे सभी चालकों के परीक्षण के लिए फीस ऐसी किसी फीस से अधिक नहीं होगी जो किसी एक तडित चालक के परीक्षण के लिए हर स्थिति में विहित की गई है।
If the lighting conductor is tested by the Controller of Explosives, the licensee shall pay the fees prescribed for test. In the even of the test proving unsatisfactory, the same fees shall be payable by the licensee for each subsequent test until the lighting conductor is passed by the testing officer as satisfactory.
Provided that the fees payable for a single test shall be charged for all tests made on a conductor during any one day.
Provided further that where two or more lighting conductors are attached to one and the same magazine, the fee for the testing of all such conductors shall not exceed the fee prescribed in this condition for testing a single lighting conductor.
- उपयुक्त तथा जब तडित कार्यकरण वस्तु, उपयुक्त जूतों के प्रयोग द्वारा तथा तत्ताशी लेकर या अन्यथा अथवा ऐसे किन्हीं साधनों द्वारा इस बाबत सम्यक उपबंध किया जाएगा कि फेक्ट्री परिसर में अग्नि, दियासलाई अथवा ऐसी कोई वस्तुएं या पदार्थ, जिससे विस्फोट हो सकता है या आग लग सकती हो, किन्तु इस शर्त के कारण ऐसी संरचना, स्थिति या स्वरूप में किसी कृत्रिम बत्ती का प्रवेश दर्जित नहीं है जिससे आग लगने या विस्फोट होने का खतरा न हो।
परंतु इस शर्त का वह भाग, जो लोहे या इस्पात के अपवर्जन को लागू होता है, ऐसे किसी भवन के संबंध में बाधक नहीं होगा जिससे भिन्न कोई विस्फोटक नहीं रखा गया है।
Due provisions shall be made, by the use of suitable working clothes without pockets, suitable shoes and by searching or otherwise or by such means, for preventing the introduction into danger area of the factory premises of fire, Lucifer matches or any substance or article likely to cause explosion or fire, but this condition shall not prevent the introduction of an artificial light of such construction, position or character as not to cause any danger of fire or explosion.
Provided that so much of this condition as applies to the exclusion of iron or steel, shall not be obligatory in a building in which no explosive other than an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class is kept.

अनुज्ञापिधारी प्ररूप आर ई-3 और आर ई-4 या आर ई-5, जैसी स्थिति हो, में सभी विस्फोटकों का अभिलेख और संख्या रखेगा और विस्फोटक नियम, 2008 के अधीन प्राधिकृत किसी भी अधिकारी के समक्ष उसके द्वारा ऐसा करने की मांग की जाने पर स्टाक पुस्तक और अभिलेख प्रस्तुत करेगा। स्टाक पुस्तक विहित प्रोफार्मा में पृष्ठ संख्यांकित होगी।
The licensee shall keep records and accounts of all explosives in Forms RE-3 and RE-4 or RE-5, as the case may be, and exhibit the stock books and records to any of the officers authorised under the Explosives Rules, 2008 whenever such officer may call upon him to do so. The stock books in the prescribed proforma shall be page numbered.

12. परिशसों में कोई परिवर्तन या तबदीली अनुज्ञापन प्राधिकारी के पूर्वानुमोदन बिना नहीं की जाएगी और अनुज्ञापिधारी ऐसी किसी शर्त का अनुपालन करेगा जो इस निमित्त अनुज्ञापन प्राधिकारी विनिर्दिष्ट करे।
No changes or alterations shall be carried out to the premises without prior approval of the licensing authority and the licensee shall comply with any condition that may be specified by the licensing authority in this behalf.
13. मैगजीन सभी समयों पर अच्छी मरम्मत की स्थिति में बनाई रखी जाएगी (या अच्छी हालत में बनाई रखी जाएगी)। यदि किसी कारणवश किसी विस्फोटक के भण्डारण के लिए मैगजीन अनुपयुक्त हो जाती है तो अनुज्ञापिधारी इस बात की सूचना अनुज्ञापन प्राधिकारी को तुरंत देगा।
Magazine shall at all times be kept in state of good repair (or maintained in good condition). The licensee shall report to licensing authority forthwith, if the magazine becomes unfit for storage of any explosives for any reason whatsoever.
14. मैगजीन का अनुज्ञापिधारी इन नियमों के नियम 24 के उप-नियम 3 के अनुसार त्रैमासिक विवरणी प्रस्तुत करेगा।
The licensee of the magazine shall submit quarterly return as per sub-rules (3) and (4) of rule 24 of these rules.
15. यदि सुरक्षा दूरी का कोई अधिक्रमण होता है तो उसकी सूचना अनुज्ञापन प्राधिकारी को आवश्यक सलाह और कार्यवाही के लिए तुरंत दी जाएगी।
Any encroachment of the safety distance shall be immediately communicated to the licensing authority for necessary advice and action.
16. यदि कोई विस्फोटक विनष्ट हुआ अथवा अनुपयोगी जाया जाता है तो उसकी सूचना अनुज्ञापन प्राधिकारी को, सलाह प्राप्त करने के लिए, तुरंत दी जाएगी।
The licensing authority shall be immediately informed for advice if any explosive is found deteriorated or unserviceable.
17. विस्फोटकों के पैकेटों के चढ़े इस प्रकार लगाए जाएंगे कि कम से कम एक व्यक्ति भण्डार किए गए सभी पैकेजों की हालत की जांच करने और प्रत्येक पैकेज की विनिर्माण विधियों को पढ़ने के लिए उनके बीच से होकर आ जा सके।
The explosive packages shall be stocked in such a way so as to allow movement of at least one person to check the condition of all packages stored and to read the manufacture particulars of each package.
18. तड़ित चालकों की भूमि के लिए प्रतिरोध यथासंभव न्यूनतम होगा और किसी भी दशा में 10 ओह्म से अधिक नहीं होगा।
The resistance of the lightning conductor to earth shall be as low as possible and in no case be more than 10 ohms.
19. मैगजीन के चारों ओर 15 मीटर की दूरी के अंतर्गत कोई शुल्क घास या झाड़ों या ज्वलनशील सामग्री नहीं रहने दी जाएगी।
A distance of 15 meters surrounding the magazine or store house shall be kept clear of dried grass or bush or flammable materials.
20. विस्फोटकों के प्रत्येक पैकेट की, जब उसे मैगजीन के भीतर लिया जा रहा हो, ठीक दशा जानने के लिए परीक्षा की जाएगी।
Every package of explosive at the time of bringing inside the magazine shall be examined for its sound condition.
21. किसी मैगजीन / भंडारगृह में किसी एक समय में चार व्यक्तियों से अधिक को नहीं रहने दिया जाएगा।
Not more than 4 persons shall be allowed inside the magazine or store house at any one time.
22. विस्फोटकों के खाली पैकेजों को शीघ्रतः वहां से हटा दिया जाएगा और नष्ट कर दिया जाएगा।
Empty packages of the explosives shall be removed at the earliest and destroyed.
23. अनुज्ञापिधारी और कर्मचारीयों को परिसर के भीतर आपातकाल के दौरान की जाने वाली प्रक्रियाओं से अवगत होना चाहिए।
The licensee and the employee shall be conversant with procedure to be taken during the emergency within the premises.
24. निरीक्षण या नमूना अधिकारी को सभी युक्तियुक्त समयों पर अनुज्ञापन परिसर में अबाध रूप से पहुंचने दिया जाएगा और यह सुनिश्चित करने के लिए कि अधिनियम और इन नियमों के उपबन्धों और सुरक्षा स्थितियों को सम्मकतः अनुपालन किया जा रहा है, अधिकारी को प्रत्येक सुविधा प्रदान की जाएगी।
Free access to the licensed premises shall be given at all reasonable times to any inspecting or sampling officer and every facility shall be afforded to the officer for ascertaining that the provisions of the Act and these rules and the safety conditions are duly observed.
25. यदि अनुज्ञापन प्राधिकारी या विस्फोटक नियंत्रक अनुज्ञापिधारी को अनुज्ञापन परिसरों या मशीनरी, टूल या उपकरण में ऐसी कोई मरम्मत या परिवर्तन या परिवर्तन करने या सिफारिशों को लागू करने को लिखित रूप में सूचित करता है जो परिसर के अंदर या बाहर या व्यक्तियों की सुरक्षा के लिए आवश्यक है, अनुज्ञापिधारी सिफारिशों को निष्पादित करेगा और विनिर्दिष्ट अवधि के भीतर अनुपालन रिपोर्ट ऐसे प्राधिकारी को देगा।
If the licensing authority or a Controller of Explosives informs in writing, the holder of the licence to execute any repairs or to make any additions or alterations in the licensed premises or machinery, tools or apparatus or carry out recommendations which are in the opinion of such authority may pose unacceptable risk and so necessary for the safety of either on-site or off-site of the premises or persons, the holder of the licence shall execute the recommendations and report compliance within the period specified by such authority.
26. अनुज्ञापिधारी मैगजीन में रखने और बिक्री के लिए प्राधिकृत विस्फोटक सूची में उल्लिखित अनुज्ञापन फैक्टरी या कंपनी से प्राधिकृत विस्फोटक / आतिशबाजी या सुरक्षा पत्ती खरीदेगा।
The licensee shall purchase authorised explosives/ fireworks or safety fuse as mentioned in the list authorised explosives from a licensed factory or company for possession and sale from the magazine.
27. निम्न से अधिक ध्वनि स्तर उत्पादित करने वाले आतिशबाजियों पटाखों की बिक्री और रखने के लिए -
(क) जो फटने की जगह से चार मीटर की दूरी पर है, 125 डी बी (ए) या 145 डी बी (सी) पी के प्रतिबंधित होंगे;
(ख) ध्वनि (जुड़े हुए पटाखे) को गठन करने वाले व्यक्तिगत पटाखों के लिए उपर्युक्त उल्लिखित सीमा 5 लॉग 10 (एन) डी बी (सी) पी के प्रतिबंधित होंगे।
The possession and sale of fire-crackers generating noise level exceeding:
a) 125 dB(A) or 145 dB(C)pk at 4 meters distance from the point of bursting shall be prohibited.
b) For individual fire-cracker constituting the series (joined fire-crackers), the above mentioned limit be reduced by 5 log10 (N) dB, where N = number of crackers joined together.
28. आग या विस्फोट द्वारा दुर्घटना या नुकसान पटाखों की कमी या चोरी, तुरंत पास के पुलिस थाने और अनुज्ञापन प्राधिकारी और अनुज्ञापन प्राधिकारी के स्थानीय कार्यालय को रिपोर्ट की जाएगी।
Accidents by fire or explosion and losses, shortage or theft of explosives shall be immediately reported to the nearest police station and the licensing authority and local office of the licensing authority.

अतिरिक्त शर्तें / Additional Conditions :

1. अनुज्ञापिधारी विदेशी मूल के आतिशबाजी को ना प्रदर्शित करेगा, ना रखेगा और ना ही उसकी बिक्री करेगा। The licensee shall not exhibit, possess and sell fireworks of foreign origin.

कृते संयुक्त मुख्य विस्फोटक नियंत्रक
For Joint Chief Controller of Explosives
दक्षिणचल, चेन्नै। South Circle, Chennai

Note :- This is system generated document does not require physical signature. Applicant may take printout for their records.



REG (No): E/SC/TFN/30/293(E22831)

Date (Date): 26/02/2018

ਸਮਾਜ ਸੇਵਾ : 16

Srin. J RAVI, S/o JEYARAMAN,
22 H SIVAKOIL STREET ILUPPUR post & taluk, Town Village - 37
District-PUDUCHATTI, State-Tamil Nadu, Pincode -

विशेष: विद्यार्थी, 2009 ई. में प्रवेश करने वाले Shot Firing के छात्रों को E/SC/7N/30/29/452283(1) के तहत प्रवेश प्रदान किया जा रहा है।

Subject Shot Firer's Certificate Certificate No.: E/SC/1N/30793(E22834) granted in Form LE-10 of Explosives Rules, 2008 - Renewal regarding

Reference to your letter No. X dated 25/02/2018, the subject certificate duly revalidated upto 4/2/2023 and issued in Form LE-10 of Explosives Rules, 2008 is forwarded herewith.

Conditions:

i)Blasting work in connection with well Sinking/Road Construction/Agricultural work etc.

For further reevaluation of certificate, please submit the following documents so as to reach this office on or before 4/2/2023

- प्रेषण करने से पूर्व इस प्रमाणपत्र पर आवधिक
- Application in Form RE-1 duly filled in and signed
- कर्तव्य फीस रु. 10/- को जारी देने अनिवार्य।
- Original Shot Firing's Certificate in Form LE-10
- नगदी राशि रु. 100 का बैंक ड्राफ्ट बैंक द्वारा जारी की जायेगी। इसका भुगतान विभागाध्यक्ष, चेन्नई के पास में देना होगा।
- Scrutiny fee Rs. 100/- DD shall be drawn in favour of Jt. Chief Controller of Explosives, Chennai payable at Chennai.
- प्रतिदिन दस निम्नलिखित आकार के चित्रों की आवश्यकता है -
Six copies of colour passport size photographs duly signed by the occupier (as defined under Rule 2 (37) of Explosive Rules, 2008) "in front" by "black color" undelible ink
- शारीरिक स्वास्थ्य प्रमाणपत्र होना चाहिए।
A physical fitness certificate from Registered medical practitioner
- वर्तमान नियंत्रण अधिनियम ले. 3 के अनुसार पदवी, सहायक या अन्य सेवाओं का साथ लेने संबंधी एक प्रस्ताव।
A consent letter from the present employer holding Licence in Form LE-3 and intending to hire the services of Certificate holder
- मजदूर अपने निदेशक अधिकारी के सामने खुद को प्रस्तुत करेगा।
The Shot Firing's Certificate holder has to present himself physically before reviewing/revalidating Authority.
- यदि नियंत्रण अधिनियम, 2008 के प्रावधानों का उल्लंघन या धोखाधड़ी के कारण निषेधाज्ञा लागू होने का सुझाव मिले, तो यह पदवी रद्द हो सकती है।
This Certificate is liable to be cancelled/withdrawn on contravention of provision of Explosive Rules, 2008 or dereliction of duty during working leading to loss of human life

An amount of Rs. 1186/- balance is in your credit, which may be utilized for future transaction by quoting this reference.

Yours faithfully,

(डा. अशोक कुमार यादव [Dr. Ashok Kumar Yadav]
 एकजुट मुख्य विस्फोटक अभियन्ता [Joint Chief Controller of Explosives
 दक्षिणवर्ग, पंजी [South Circle, Chennai]

2014/05/14 : Copy forwarded to

Police Station, II T-PPHRS, PUDUKKOTTAI Tamil Nadu with reference to his Noc No. XX Dated: 24/02/2018

संयुक्त राज्य विमानन विभाग, Joint Chief Controller of Explosives
 विभाग, संयुक्त राज्य विमानन विभाग, Joint Chief Controller of Explosives

(For more information regarding status, fees and other details please visit our website <http://ipscs.gov.in>)

अनुमति प्रमाणपत्र ई. -10 / Form I.E-10
 शॉट फायर करने वाला प्रमाणपत्र | Shot Firer's Certificate
 (अनुसूची IV के भाग I का अनुच्छेद 10 देखें | See article 10 of Part I of Schedule IV)
 विस्फोटक विधेय, 2008 का नियम 107(5) देखें | see rule 107(5) of Explosives Rules, 2008

(छान अधिनियम, 1952 के अधीन न आने वाले क्षेत्र में विस्फोट करने के लिए सक्षमता प्रमाणपत्र)
 (Certificate of competency to carry out blasting of explosives in area not coming under t

संख्या | No.: E/SC/TN/30/293(E22831)



प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री **Shri. J. Ravi, S/o. JEYARAMAN**,
 जिनका जन्म 19/05/1976 को हुआ था, जो 22/B.SIVANKOIL STREET ILLUPPUR post & taluk, PUDUKKOTTAI, Tamil Nadu - 622102 में निवासी है, उन्हें
 श्वेत शरीर को अयोजित शॉट फायर की परीक्षा तारीख को उत्तीर्ण कर रही है और यह विस्फोटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उसके अधीन विधित्त नियमों के अनुसार के अधीन रहा हुए छान अधिनियम, 1952 के अधीन
 करने वाले क्षेत्र में अन्यथा क्षेत्र में मौजूद तथा उल्लिखित विस्फोटक का उपयोग करते हुए विस्फोट प्रभावित करने के लिए अधिकृत है।
 This is to certify that **Shri. J. Ravi, S/o. JEYARAMAN**,
 born on 19/05/1976, resident of 22/B.SIVANKOIL STREET ILLUPPUR post & taluk, PUDUKKOTTAI, Tamil Nadu - 622102 passed the
 shotfirer's examination held on conducted by Chennai and is authorised to conduct blasting operations as mentioned below using explosives in
 areas other than mines coming under the purview of the Mines Act 1952, subject to the provisions of the Explosives Act, 1884 and the rules framed
 thereunder.

विस्फोट करने के अधिकृत वर्ग, प्रकार और प्रकार :
 वर्ग (क), श्रेणी: असंमित, सभी प्रकार का स्लाबस्टोन

Authorised class, category and type of blasting :
 Class : (A), Category : Unlimited, All types of blasting

[नियम 107 का अनुच्छेद (5) का सहीकरण देखें | See explanation of sub-rule (5) of rule 107]

यह प्रमाणपत्र 31/03/2004 (बारी करने की तारीख से पांच वर्ष) तक विधिमान्य होगा |
 This certificate shall remain valid till 31/03/2004 (five years from the date of issue)

यह प्रमाणपत्र, अधिनियम या उसके अधीन विधित्त नियमों अथवा इस प्रमाणपत्र की शर्तों का कोई अधिनियम करने पर या यदि आवेदक द्वारा आवेदन प्रारंभ में दी गई सूचना में कोई कमी या विचलन होता है तो निलंबित या
 रद्द किया जाएगा।
 This certificate is liable to be suspended or revoked for any violation of the Act or rules framed thereunder or the conditions of this certificate
 or if there is any discrepancy or deviation in the information or suppression of facts furnished by the applicant in his application form.

स्थान : Place चेन्नई | Chennai
 दिनांक : Date: 28/03/2003

Sd/-
 संयुक्त मुख्य विस्फोटक नियंत्रक | Joint Chief Controller of Explosives
 दक्षिणार्ध, चेन्नई | South Circle, Chennai

पुनर्विधायनकरण के लिए पुनर्बतन
 Endorsement for revalidation

पुनर्विधायनकरण की तारीख
 Date of Revalidation

26/02/2018

समाप्ति की तिथि
 Date of Expiry

02/04/2023

अनुमति प्राधिकारी के हस्ताक्षर
 Signature of licensing authority

Jt. Chief Controller of Explosives, South Circle,
 Chennai

कानूनी चेतावनी : विस्फोटकों को गलत ढंग से चलाने या उनका दुरुपयोग विधि के अधीन गंभीर दंडित अपराध होगा।
 Statutory Warning : Mishandling and misuse of explosives shall constitute serious criminal offence under the law.

<http://10.0.1.13/IntExp/FirerPermit/I.E10/Findi.asp?LetterGeneratedYN=Y>

2/26/2018

शर्तें | CONDITIONS

संख्या | No.: E/SC/TN/30/293(E22831)

1. यह एरिटर/एरिटर धारक को अनाधिकृत करने के लिए तब तक अधिकृत करता है जब तक कि वह विस्फोटक नियम, 2008 के अंतर्गत फॉर्म एनई-3 में देय अनुज्ञापन धारक (अनुज्ञापन संख्या: E/SC/TN/22/145(E10423)), R.BHUVANASUNDARI M/S BUVANA EXPLOSIVES के नौकरी/अनुबंध के अधिन काम कर रहा है।
This permit authorizes the permit holder to conduct blasting so long as he is working under the employment/contract of R.BHUVANASUNDARI M/S BUVANA EXPLOSIVES holding valid licence (Licence No. E/SC/TN/22/145(E10423)) in Form LB-3 of Explosives Rules, 2008.
2. विस्फोटक सामग्री प्राप्त करने, उसके रखरखाव, परिवहन, भंडारण, उठाई धाराई और उपयोग करने के लिए सभी स्थानीय विधियों और विनियमों का अनुसरण किया जाएगा।
All local laws and regulations applicable for obtaining, owning, transporting, storing, handling and using explosive materials shall be followed.
3. विस्फोटक सामग्री को अप्रामाणिकृत अलग से सुरक्षित किया जाएगा तथा उसे परित्यक्त नहीं किया जाएगा।
Explosive materials shall be protected from unauthorised possession and shall not be abandoned.
4. विस्फोटक सामग्री का उपयोग केवल ऐसे अनुभवी व्यक्तियों द्वारा किया जाएगा जो उचित अंतर्दृष्टि धारक को जानते हों और जिनके पास आवश्यक अनुज्ञापन हों।
Explosive materials shall be used only by experienced persons who are familiar with the hazards involved and who hold all required permits.
5. लोडिंग और फायरिंग या उसका पर्यवेक्षण केवल ऐसे व्यक्ति द्वारा किया जाएगा जिनके पास सशुद्ध राइट फायरफरता प्रमाणपत्र और विस्फोट के लिए अनुज्ञापन हों।
Loading and firing shall be performed or supervised only by a person possessing an appropriate shot firer certificate and permit to blast.
6. प्रशिक्षणार्थी सहायक और अन्य व्यक्ति, जिनके पास आवश्यक राइट फायरफरता प्रमाणपत्र या अनुज्ञापन नहीं है, केवल ऐसे अनुज्ञापन धारक के तहत व्यक्तियों के पर्यवेक्षण में ही कार्य करेंगे।
Trainees helpers and other persons who do not hold the required shot firer certificate or permits shall work only under the supervision of persons holding such permits.
7. ऐसे स्थान पर कोई विस्फोटक सामग्री अवस्थित या भंडारित नहीं की जाएगी जहां अत्यधिक गर्मी या उसके प्रभाव से उत्पन्न विस्फोट हो सकता है।
No explosive materials shall be located or stored where they may be exposed to flame excessive heat sparks or impact.
8. ऐसे स्थानों के 15 मीटर के भीतर धूम्रपान करने की अनुमति नहीं दी जाएगी जहां विस्फोटकों को रखा किया गया है या उनका उपयोग किया गया है।
No smoking shall be permitted within 15 metre of any location where explosive are being handled or used
9. कोई व्यक्ति ऐसे स्थान के 15 मीटर के भीतर कोई भी नारियल, बिजली या अन्य प्रकार की अग्नि या काला नहीं बलाएगा, जहां विस्फोटकों को रखा किया गया है या उनका उपयोग किया जा रहा है। सशुद्ध इस अग्नि से सुरक्षात्मक प्रयोजनों के लिए उपयोग करने योग्य सभी को हटा दिया जाएगा।
No person within 15 metres of any location where explosive are being handled or used shall carry any matches open light or other fire or flame. However, suitable devices for lighting safety fuse are exempted from this requirement.
10. मदरा, शराब, स्मॉकन या अन्य खतरनाक औषधियों से प्रभावित किसी व्यक्ति को विस्फोटक सामग्री के उपयोग की अनुमति नहीं होगी।
No person under the influence of intoxicating liquors narcotics or other dangerous drugs shall be allowed to handle explosive materials
11. भंडारण में विस्फोटक और विस्फोटक सामग्री के बीच परिवहन के दौरान विस्फोटक सामग्री में अनुज्ञापन धारक या परिवहन में रखे जायेंगे।
Explosive materials shall be kept in close approved containers or packages while being transported between the storage magazine and the blasting site
12. विस्फोट करने का अधिकार धारक प्रमाणपत्र और अनुज्ञापन धारक द्वारा प्राप्त की गई और फायर की गई या इससे निवृत्त गई सभी विस्फोटक सामग्री का रोजाना अभिलेख रखेगा। इस अभिलेख पर तब तक परिवर्तन किया जाएगा।
A holder of a shot firer certificate and Permit to Blast shall keep a daily record of all explosive materials received and fired or otherwise disposed of by the permit holder. Such records shall be retained for five years.
13. शॉट फायरर और अनुज्ञापन धारक के दौरान वाली बाधनशील प्रक्रिया से अवगत होंगे।
The shot firer and the employee shall be conversant with procedure to be taken during the emergency
14. शॉट फायरर प्रमाणपत्र या धारक जो सुरक्षा के लिए न्यूनतम द्वारा संचय-समय दर दिए गए उन सभी या किसी दिशाओं का पालन करेंगे।
The holder of the shot firer certificate shall comply with all or any of the directions as may be given by the Controller from time to time in the interest of safety
15. अग्नि या विस्फोटक के कारण होने वाला दुर्घटना और विस्फोटकों की हानि, कमी या चोरी के बारे में निम्नलिखित पुलिस स्टेशन और अनुज्ञापन अधिकारी तथा अनुज्ञापन अधिकारी के स्थानीय कार्यालय में सूचना रिपोर्ट की जाएगी।
Accidents by fire or explosion and losses, shortage or theft of explosives shall be immediately reported to the nearest police station and the Controller of Explosives having jurisdiction over the area.

संयुक्त मुख्य विस्फोटक नियंत्रक | Joint Chief Controller of Explosives
दक्षिण वल, चेन्नई | South Circle, Chennai

ANNEXURE-IX AFFIDAVIT AND CER DETAILS



தமிழ்நாடு தமிழ்நாடு TAMILNADU

CU 829822

நாள் : 01/12/2022.

பெயர் : சி.அழகு.

அவர் : வலய வலயல், திருமயம்.

நீதாக்க : 100/-

K. Alamelu
க. அலமேலு
முத்திரைத் தாள் விற்பனையாளர்
உரிமம் எண்: 3/2021
கை 3ஆம் வீதி
புதுக்கோட்டை.

Affidavit to SEIAA, Tamil Nadu

I, Tmt. S. Azhagu, W/o. Sanmugam, residing at No. 2/43-A, Thulaiyanur, Melur Post, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District - 622 507 solemnly declare and sincerely affirm that:

I have applied for Prior Environment Clearance to SEIAA, Tamil Nadu for quarry lease for quarrying of Rough stone & Gravel quarry over an extent of 0.61.0 hectares of Consent Patta Land in S.F.No. 543/3A of Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District, and Tamilnadu

1. I swear to state and confirm that within 10km radius of the quarry site, none of the following is situated

- Protected Areas notified under the Wild life (Protection) Act, 1972
- Critically polluted areas as notified by the Central Pollution Control Board constituted under Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974
- Eco-Sensitive areas as notified



R. VENKATESAN, B.A., B.L.,
ADVOCATE & NOTARY PUBLIC
GOVT. OF INDIA REGN. No: 14619
No: 48/59, Pappankulam,
Rajagopalapuram (Post),
Pudukkottai Taluk & District,
Tamil Nadu - 622 003.

2. I will ensure to take up the following Corporate Environment Responsibility (CER) activities as per OM of MoEF & CC dated 01.05.2018

CER Activity	Project Cost (Rs. in Lakh)	CER Cost 2.0% of Project Cost (Rs in Lakh)
Planting and maintaining Native species of Neem and Pungan trees periphery of the village haul road, or any other recommendations by SEAC	30.38	0.60
Total Cost Allocation	30.38	0.60

3. List of quarries within 500m radius from the periphery of the proposal

i) Existing Quarry

S. No.	Name of the Lease / Permit Holder	Village & Taluk	S.F.No.	Extent in Ha	Lease period
1.	Thiru.S.Ramaiah, S/o.Sankarapillai, Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai Dt.	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	409 (Q.No.2)	0.72.0	14.11.2018 To 13.11.2023
2.	Thiru.S.Ramaiah, S/o.Sankarapillai, Thulaiyanur Village, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai Dt.	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	409 (Q.No.3)	0.70.0	14.11.2018 To 13.11.2023
3.	M/s. Eswar Enterprises, No.1, Nakkeerar Street, Karaikudi, SivagangaiDt.	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	409 (Q.No.4)	0.67.0	21.02.2020 To 20.02.2025

ii) Proposed Area

S. No.	Name of the Applicant	Village & Taluk	S.F.No.	Extent in Ha
1.	Tmt. S. Azhagu, W/o. Sanmugam, No. 2/43-A, Thulaiyanur, Melur Post, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District - 622 507	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	543/3A	0.61.0



1.12.2022
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Tamil Nadu - 622 003.

S. Azhagu

2.	Thiru. A.Chinniah, S/o. Alagappan, No. 217, Thulaiyanur, Thirumayam Taluk, Pudukkottai District.	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	407/2	0.75.5
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iii) Lease expired

S. No.	Name of the Lease / Permit Holder	Village & Taluk	S.F.No.	Extent in Ha	Lease period
1.	R.M.Subbiah	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	543 (pt)	1.21.5	23.01.2014 to 22.01.2019
2.	Tmt.C.Chitra, W/o. AL.Chinnaiah,	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	407/2 (part)	0.70.0	20.09.2011 to 19.09.2016
3.	Valaiyanvayal GramakalludaikkumThozhilalargalNalaSangam, Valaiyanvayal	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	432/2 (Q.No.1) (Govt Land)	0.40.0	30.10.2017 to 29.10.2022
4.	Thiru.K.Ramaiah	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	409 (pt)	1.20.0	30.08.2017 to 29.08.2022
5	Thiru.K.Subbaiah	Thulaiyanur Thirumayam	432/2 (part) (Q.No.1) (Govt Land)	0.40.0	02.01.2017 to 01.01.2022

4. There will not be any hindrance or disturbance to the people during transportation. No villages are enroured during transportation
5. There are no approved habitations within 300m radius from the periphery of the quarry
6. I swear that Greenbelt development will be carried out during the course of quarrying operation and maintained
7. The required insurance will be taken in the name of the labourers working in the quarry site
8. I will not engage any child labour in our quarry will be provided to all the laborers working in my quarry
9. I will not engage any child labour for any kind of quarry works
10. All types of safety / Personal protective equipment will be provided to all the labourers working in the quarry



1.12.2022
R. VENKATESAN, B.A., B.L.,
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GOVT. OF INDIA REGN. No: 14619
No: 48/59, Pappankulam,
Rajagopalapuram (Post),
Pudukkottai Taluk & District,
Tamil Nadu - 605 002

S. 2146

11. There is no permanent structure located within 300m radius from the periphery of the quarry

I ensure to do all the social and Environment commitment as mentioned in the Mining Plan to the best of my knowledge.



S. Azhagu

Deponent

1.12.2022
R. VENKATESAN, B.A., B.L.,
ADVOCATE & NOTARY PUBLIC
GOVT. OF INDIA REGN. No: 14619
No: 48/59, Pappankulam,
Rajagopalapuram (Post),
Pudukkottai Taluk & District,
Tamil Nadu - 622 003.

ANNEXURE-X NABET CERTIFICATE



**QUALITY COUNCIL
OF INDIA**
Creating an Ecosystem for Quality



National Accreditation Board for Education and Training



Certificate of Accreditation

Eco Tech Labs Pvt Ltd.,

48, 2nd Main Road, Ram Nagar South Extension, Pallikaranai, Chennai- 600100, T.N.

The organization is accredited as **Category-A** under the QCI-NABET Scheme for Accreditation of EIA Consultant Organization, Version 3: for preparing EIA-EMP reports in the following Sectors –

S. No	Sector Description	Sector (as per)		Cat.
		NABET	MoEFCC	
1	Mining of minerals - including Open cast only	1	1 (a) (i)	B
2	Thermal power plants	4	1(d)	A
3	Coal washeries	6	2 (a)	B
4	Metallurgical industries - Ferrous only	8	3 (a)	B
5	Synthetic organic chemicals industry (dyes & dye intermediates; bulk drugs and intermediates excluding drug formulations; synthetic rubbers; basic organic chemicals, other synthetic organic chemicals and chemical intermediates)	21	5 (f)	A
6	Airports	29	7 (a)	A
7	Industrial estates/ parks/ complexes/areas, export processing Zones (EPZs), Special Economic Zones (SEZs), Biotech Parks, Leather Complexes	31	7 (c)	A
8	Building and construction projects	38	8 (a)	B
9	Townships and Area development projects	39	8 (b)	B

Note: Names of approved EIA Coordinators and Functional Area Experts are mentioned in SAAC minutes dated Apr. 20, 2021 and supplementary minutes dated Oct.19, 2021 posted on QCI-NABET website

The Accreditation shall remain in force subject to continued compliance to the terms and conditions mentioned in QCI-NABET's letter of accreditation bearing no. QCI/NABET/ENV/ACO/22/2217 dated Jan. 19, 2022. The accreditation needs to be renewed before the expiry date by Eco Tech Labs Pvt. Ltd., Chennai following due process of assessment.

Sr. Director, NABET
Dated: Jan. 19, 2022

Certificate No.
NABET/EIA/2124/SA 0147

Valid up to
Sep. 15, 2023

For the updated List of Accredited EIA Consultant Organizations with approved Sectors please refer to QCI-NABET website.

